A simple introduction to the Grid

Jyothish Thomas

Disclaimer

- This is an oversimplified explanation.
- The order that components are discussed in this presentation may not match the order in which they were created or architected.
- The research generated by the wider grid collaboration[1] is very important, but it will not be covered by this presentation and will be generalised as 'Science'.
- This presentation is meant to give a broad idea on what different groups/software do and why they're used in the Grid
- The list of software discussed is not exhaustive. There are other software and groups that are part of the grid but won't be covered here.

I want to copy a file





I need to delete it now





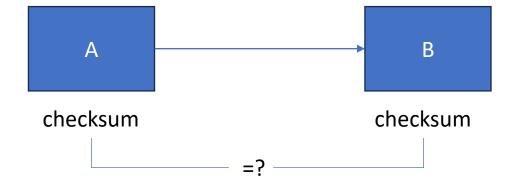
Does it exist? How big is it?





Is the file I got the right one?

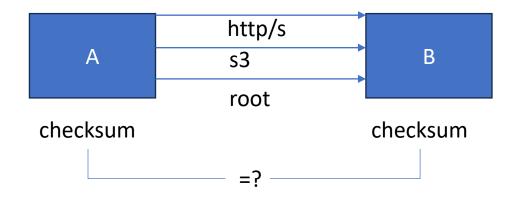




How do you want to copy it?

Or, the proliferation of protocols

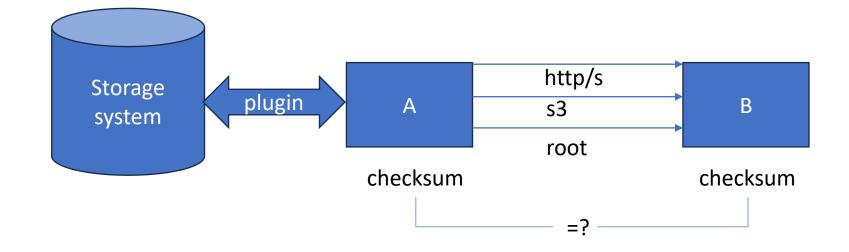
copy, rm, stat



The file is part of a large dataset

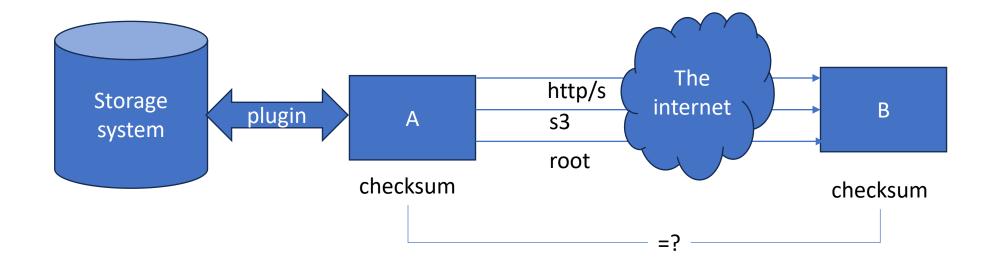
Too big for 1 computer

copy, rm, stat



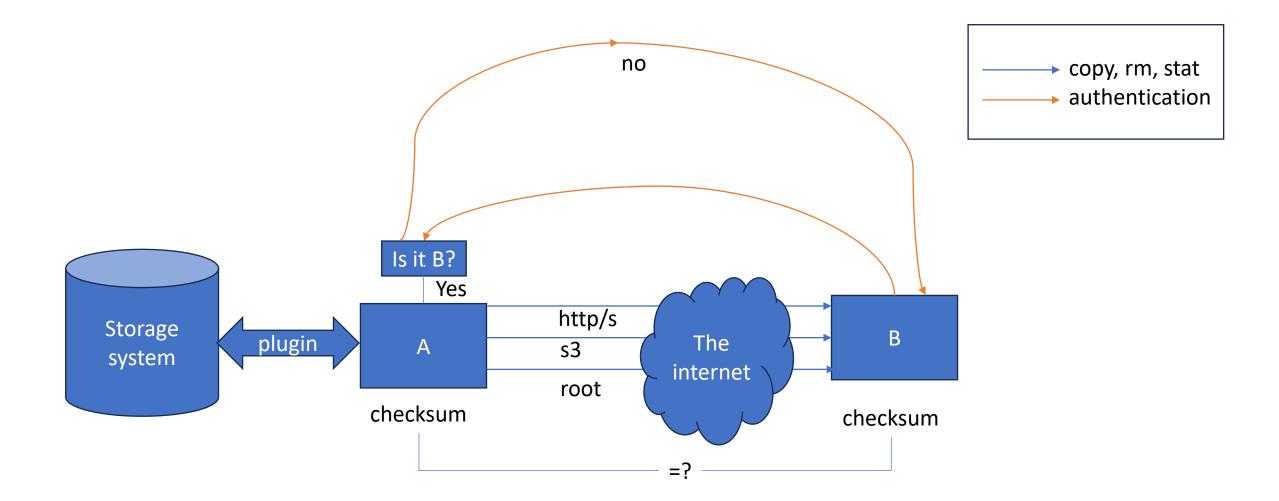
I want to copy it far away

copy, rm, stat

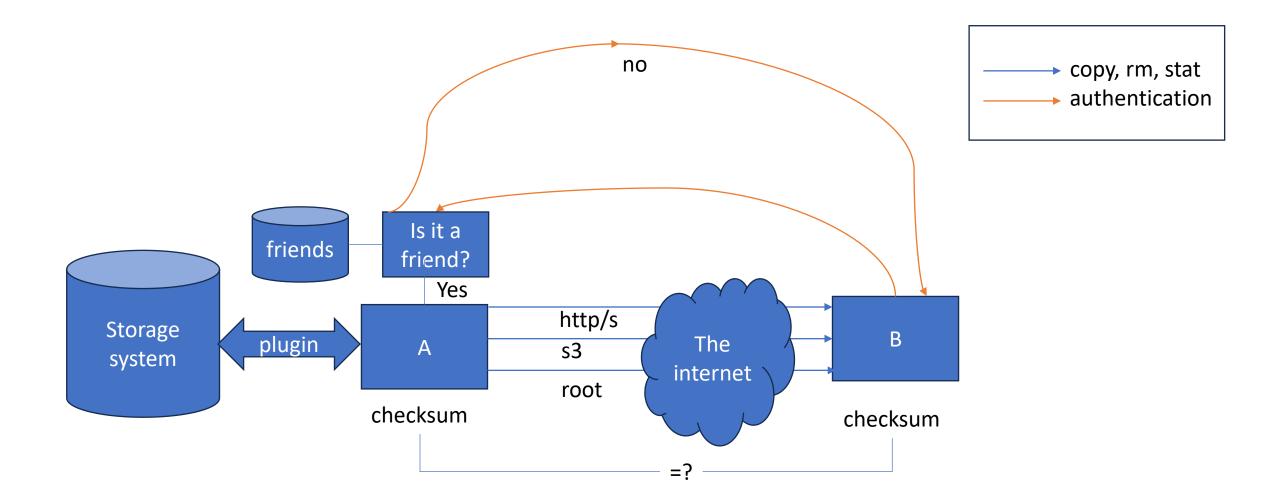


This is a basic xrootd setup.

I don't want anyone else to have that file

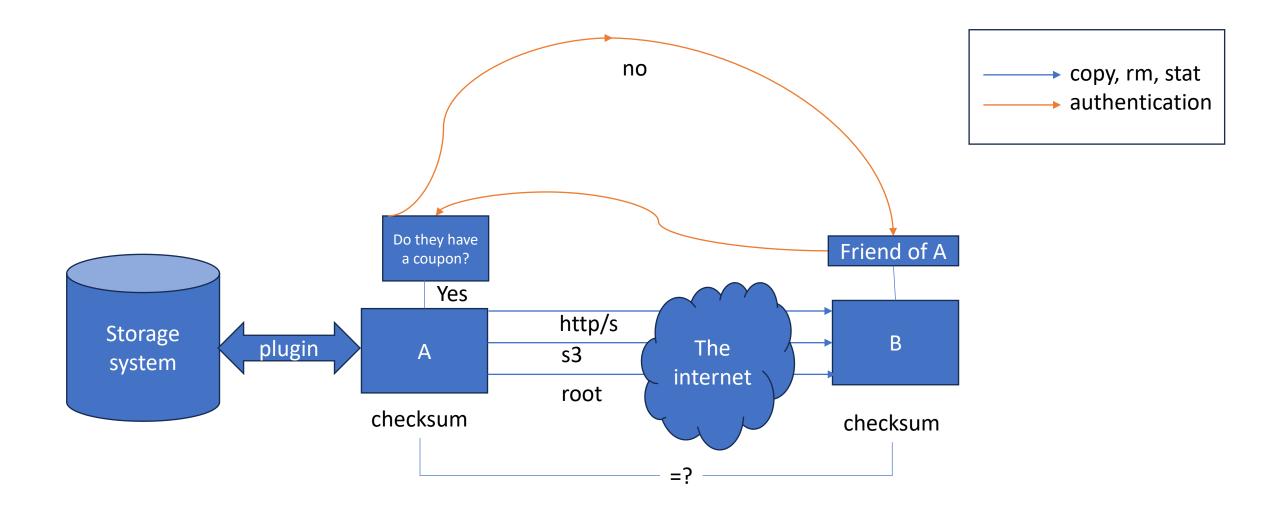


Maybe my friends could have that file?



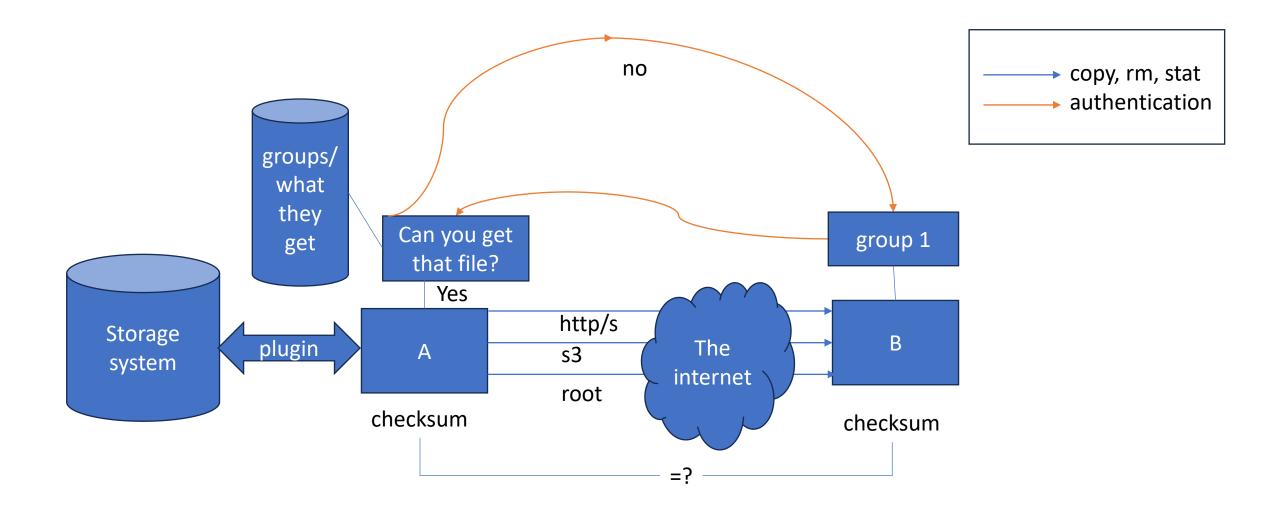
New friends keep joining and leaving and I can't be bothered to keep track anymore

So I give them a coupon (x509 certificate)



Groups form and they start to want different files from A

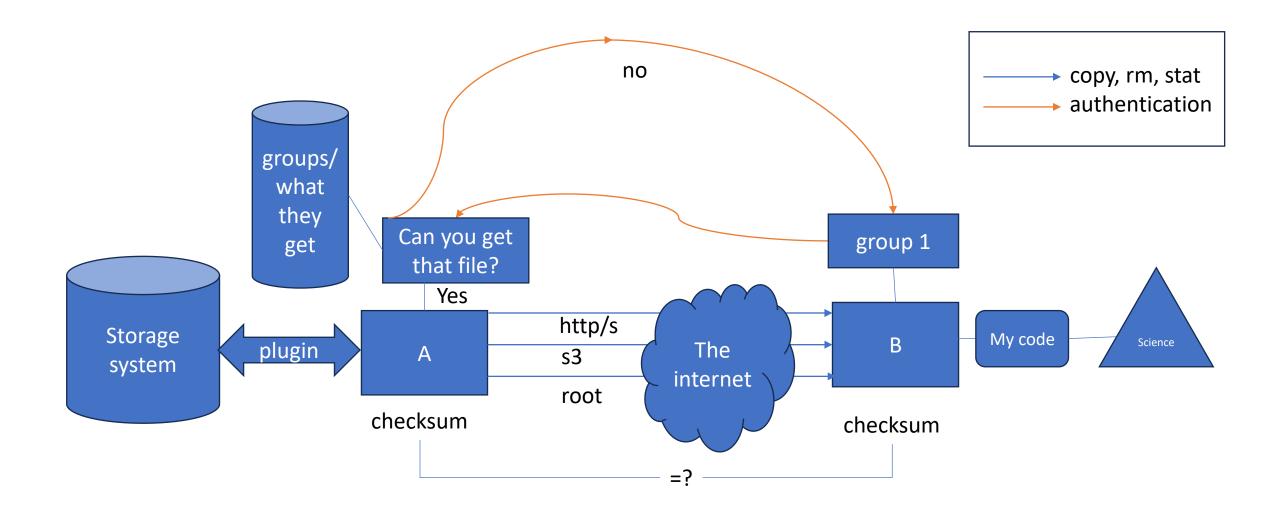
And to not share stuff with each other



You now have an authentication system

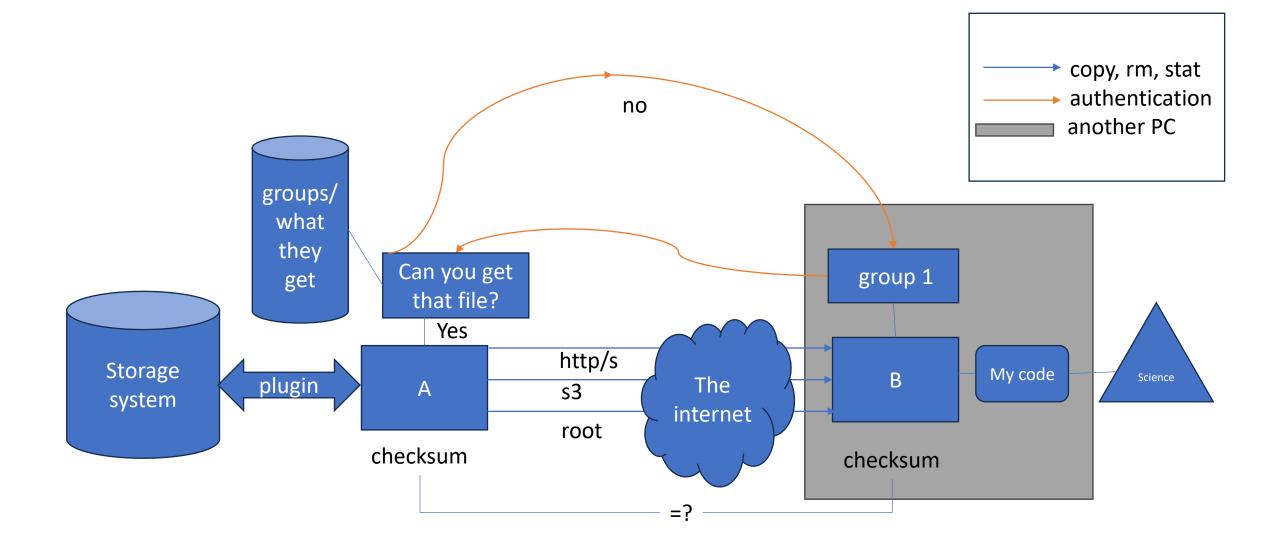
VOMS/tokens

I want to run some code on this file

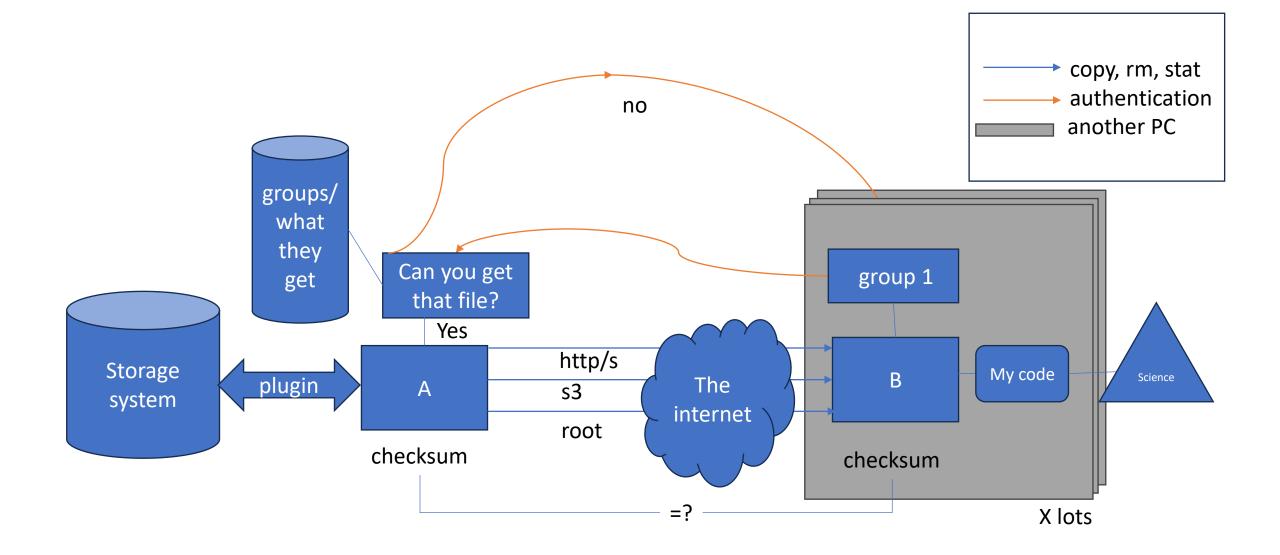


The code is too powerful

My PC can't run it

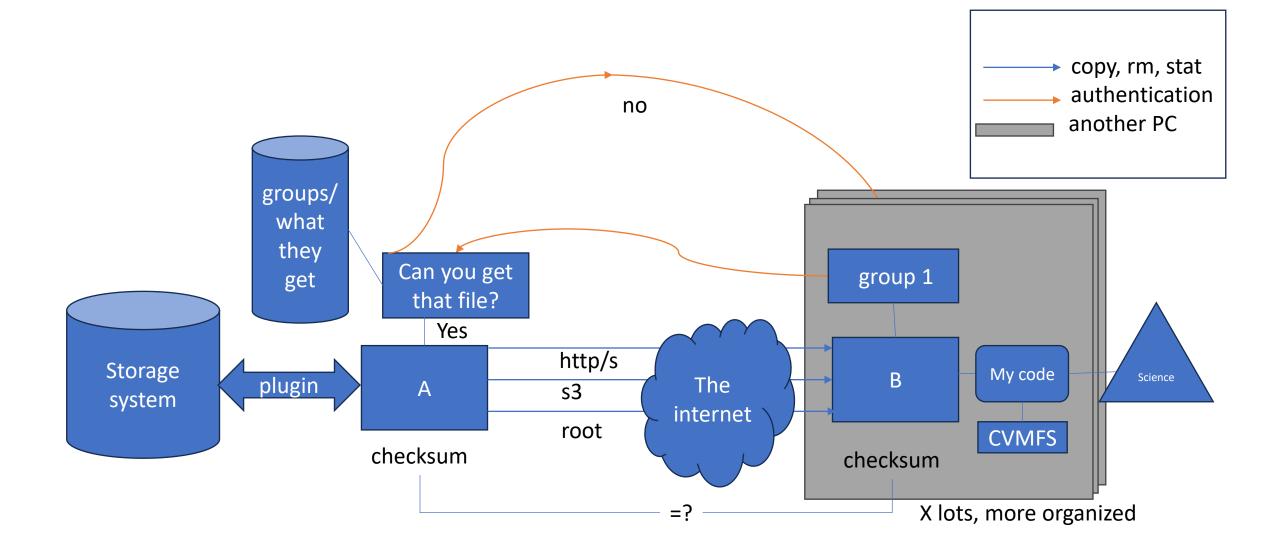


Lots of people have the same idea



The guy loaning you all his PCs needs to manage this mess

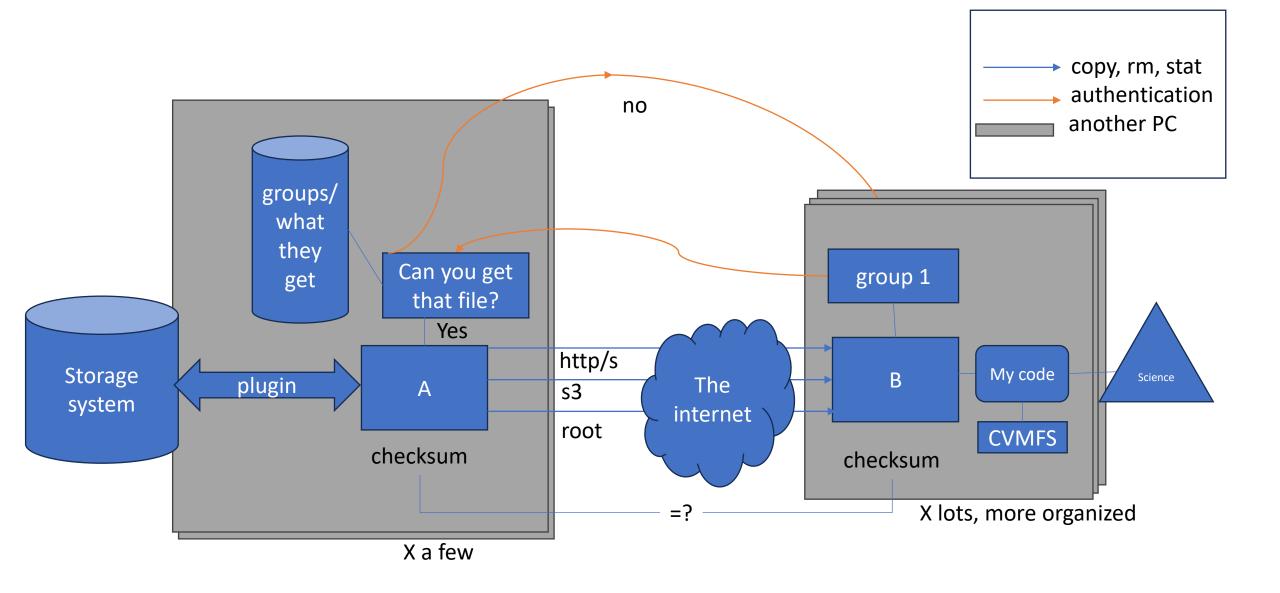
And make sure everyone has all the dependencies they need for the code



You now have a batch farm

A is getting too many requests

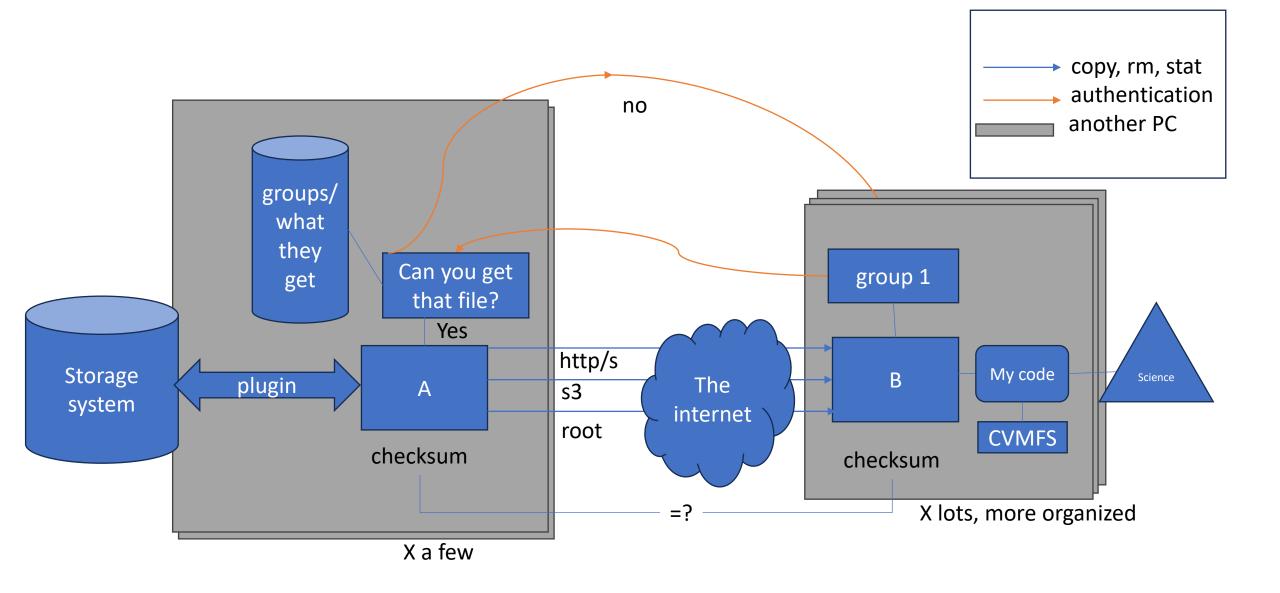
And they also scale up



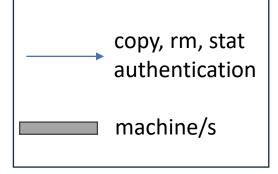
You now have a data centre

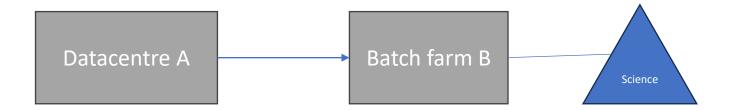
Let's compress things a bit

This



Is now this

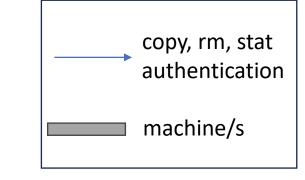


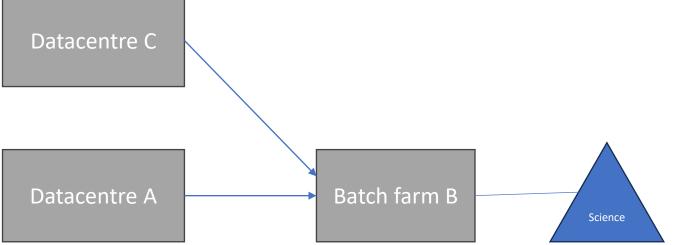


Ok?

Ok.

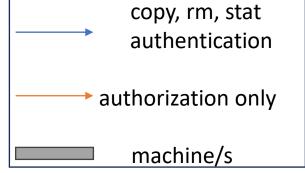
C wants to join in and has some new data

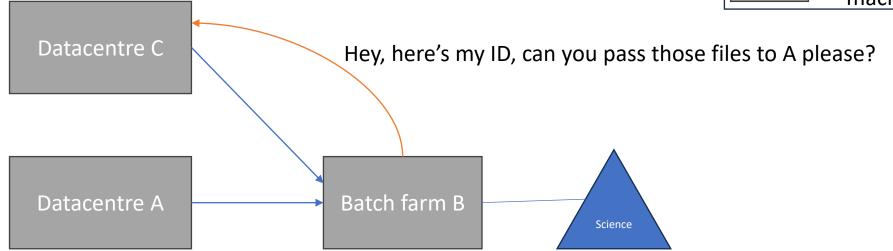


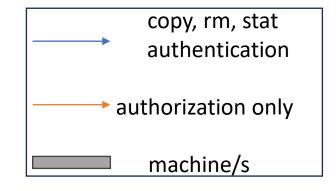


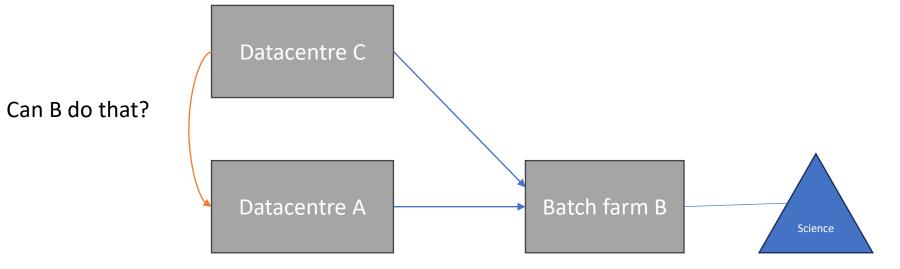
I want to get the new files to A

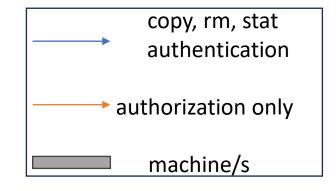
But I don't have enough space on B

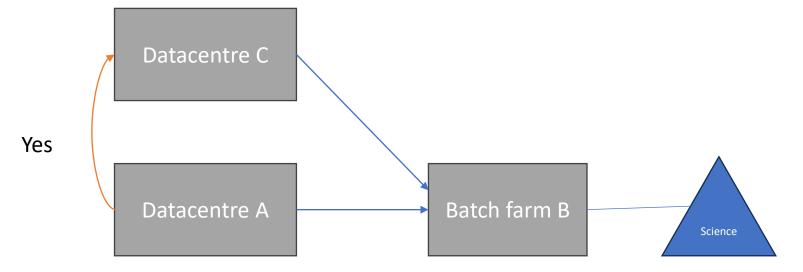


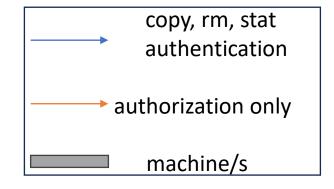


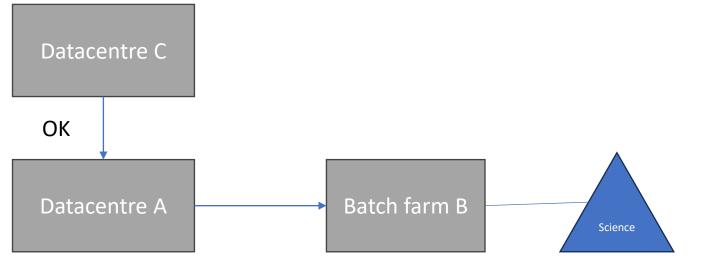


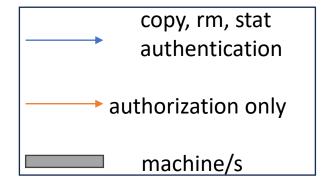


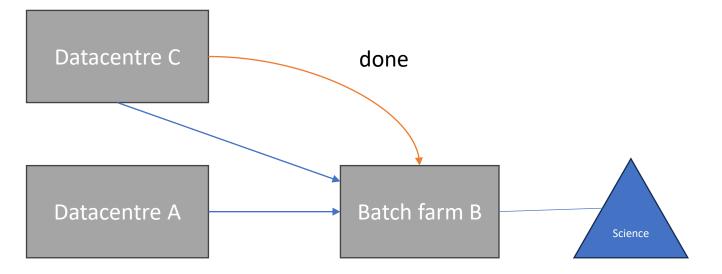






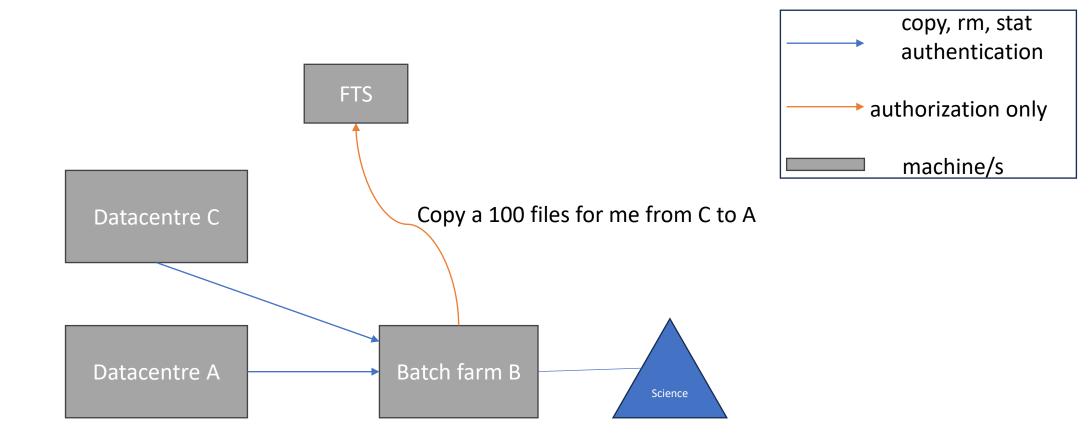


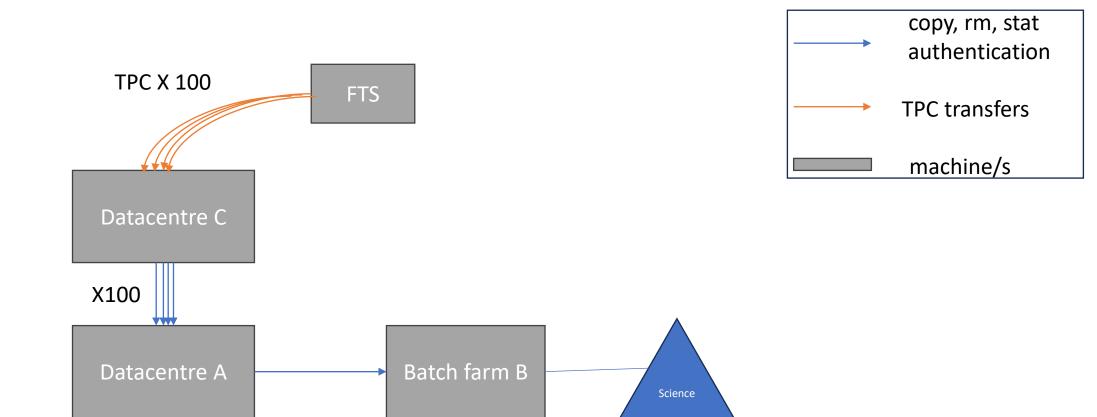


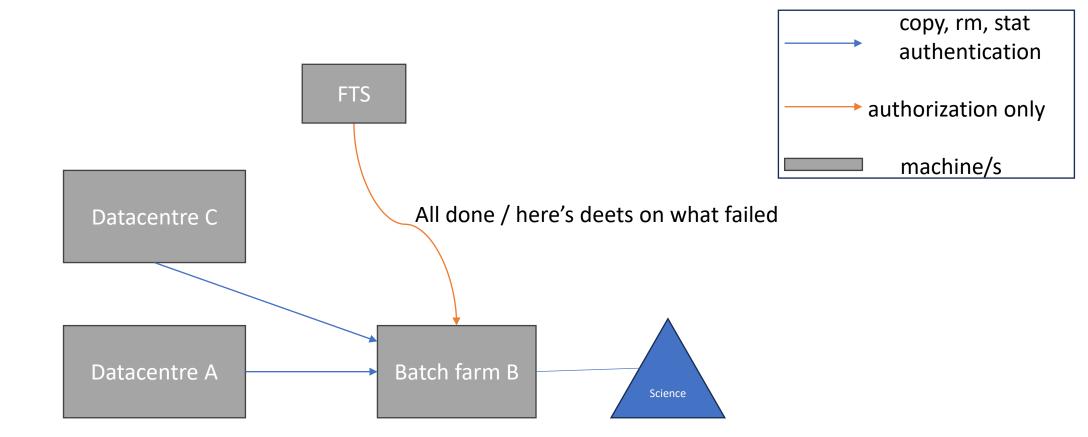


This is how Third Party Copy (TPC) works

I want to send lots of files



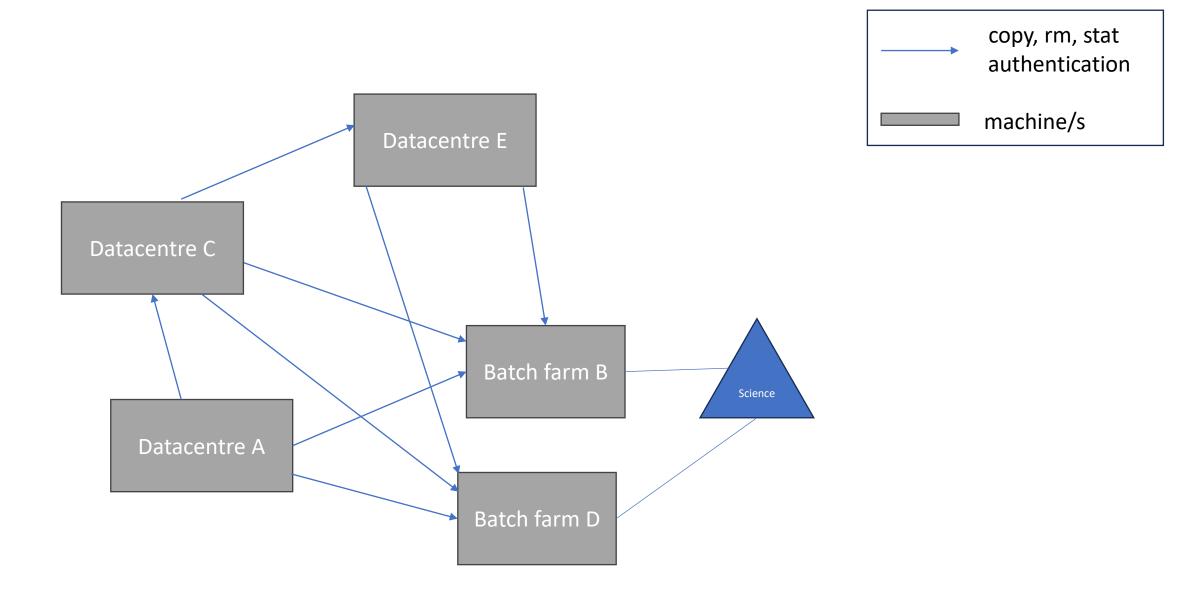




This is how FTS works

A lot more people get in the action

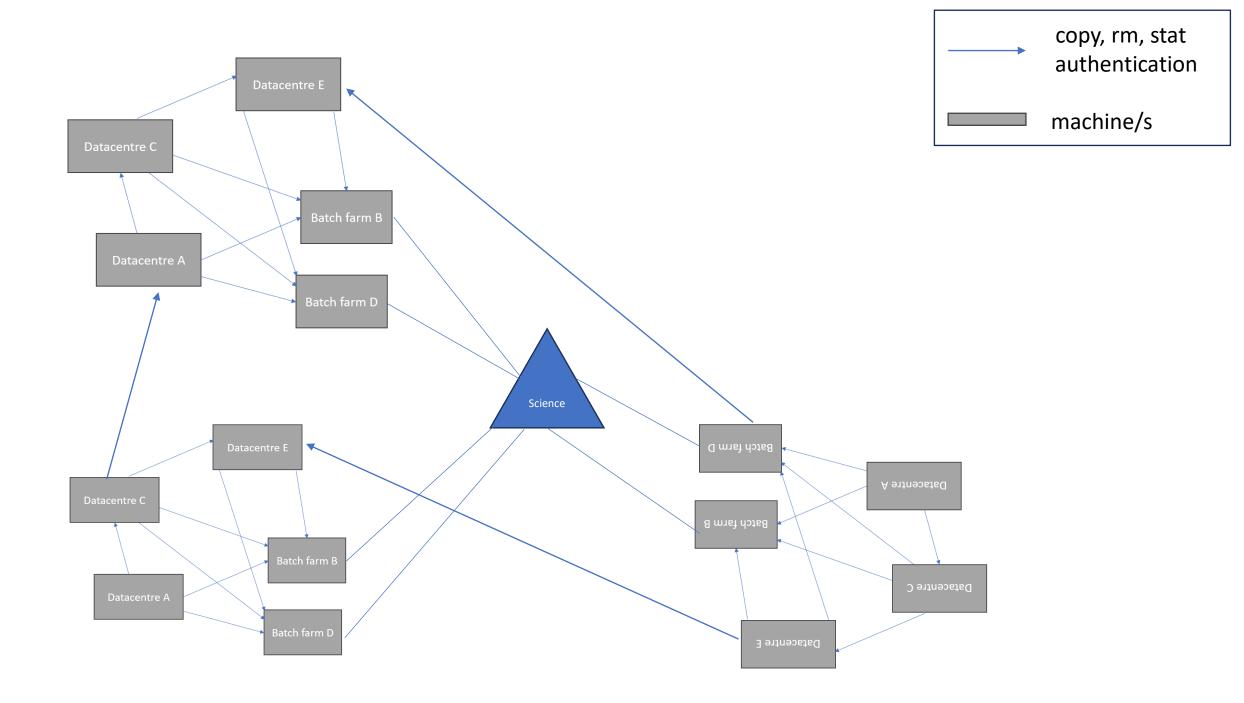
a national collaboration you might say



This is a model of the grid (GRIDPP)

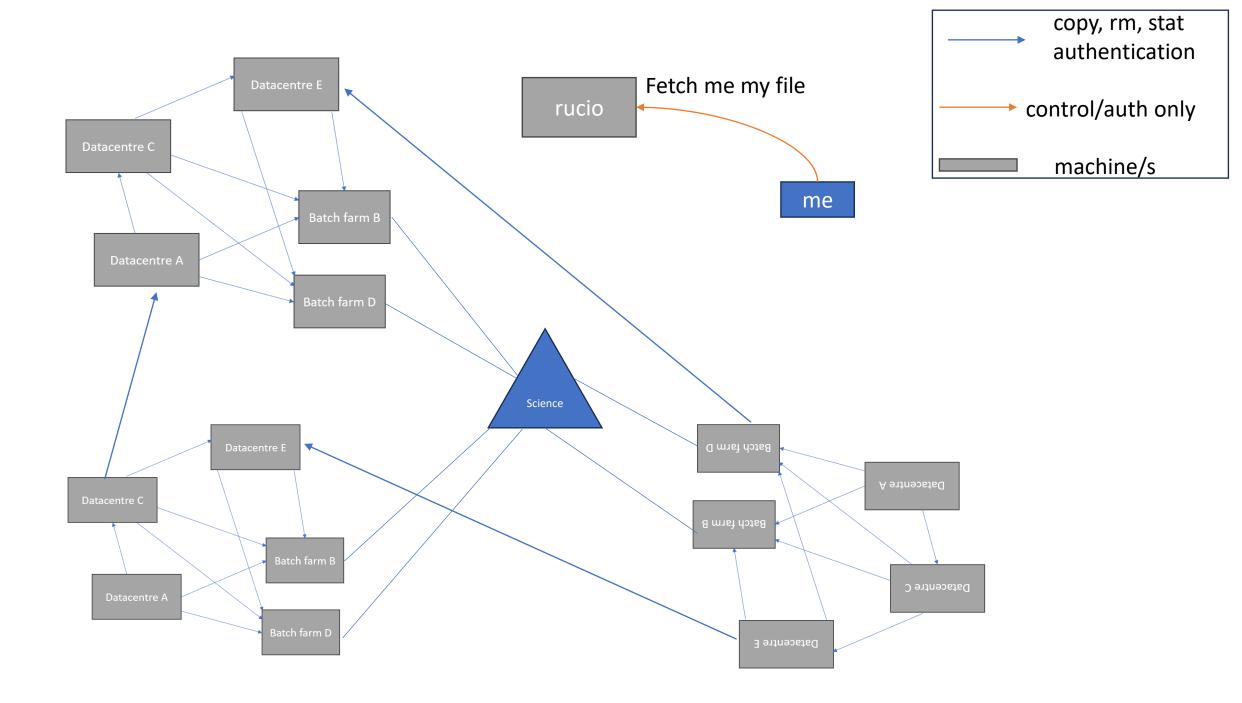
A LOT more people get in the action

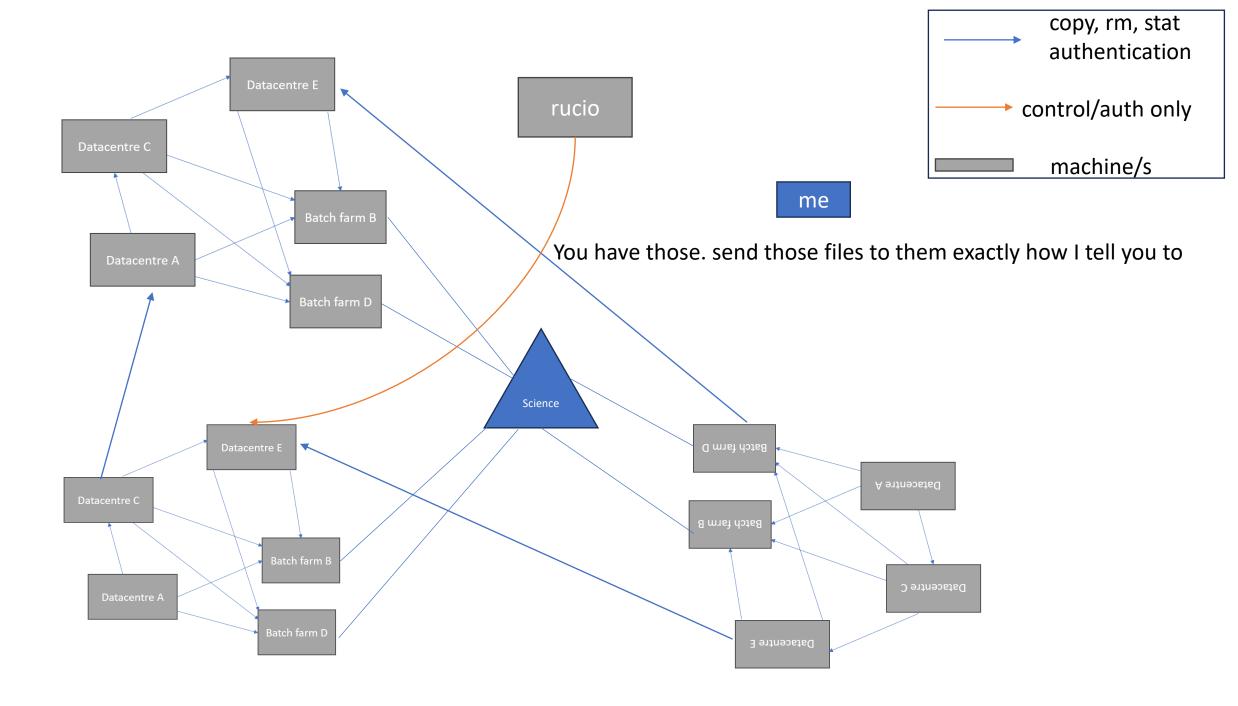
The whole world in fact

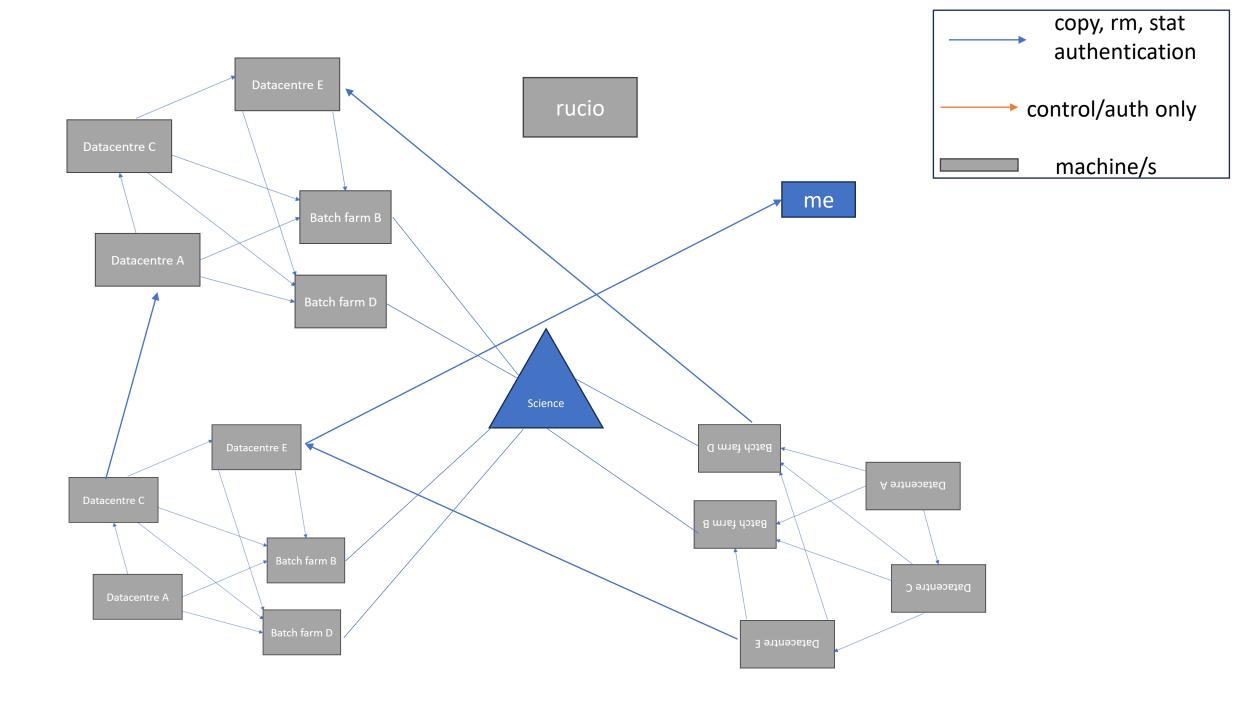


This is a model of the WLCG

This is getting very complex. I just want my file

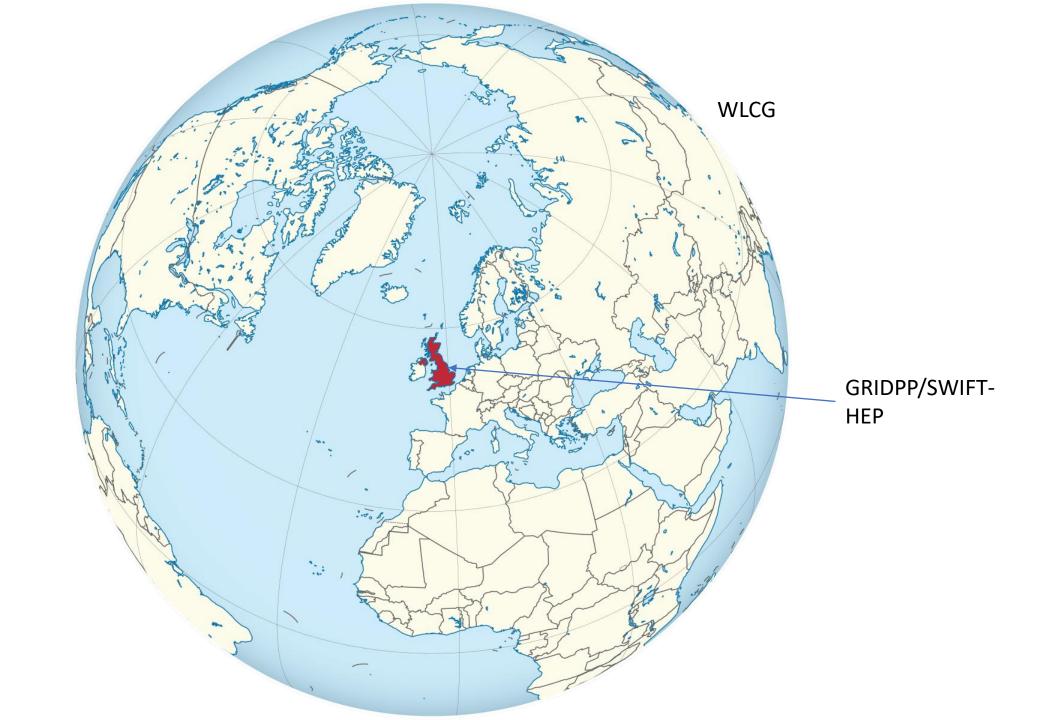






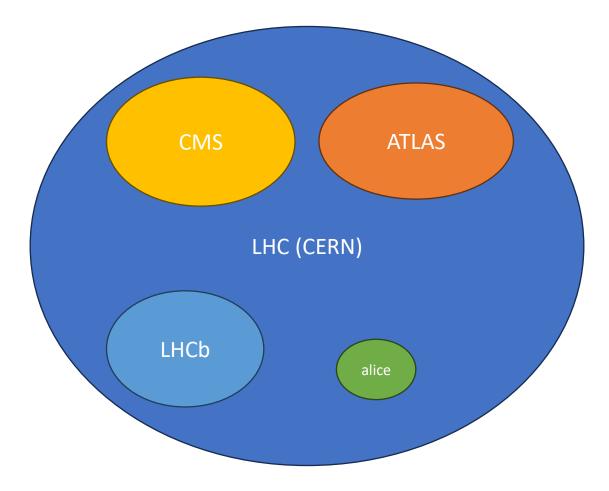
That's how rucio works

So who does what?

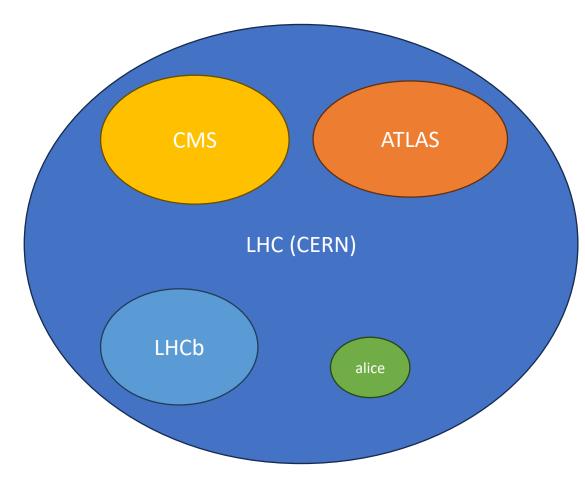


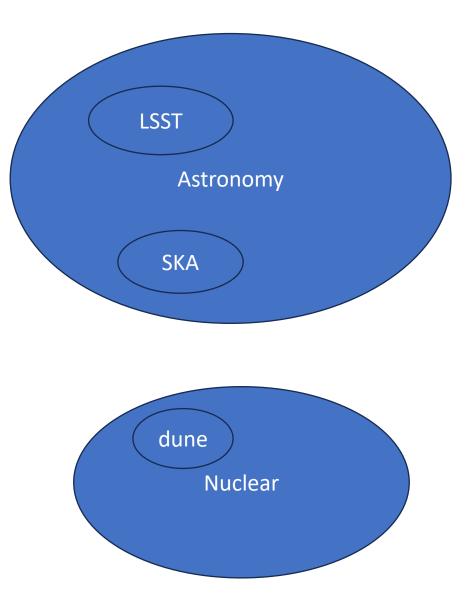
GRIDPP gets you the data, SWIFT-HEP turns it into science

There are 4 main CERN experiments



But we do other stuff too





What's this about tiers?

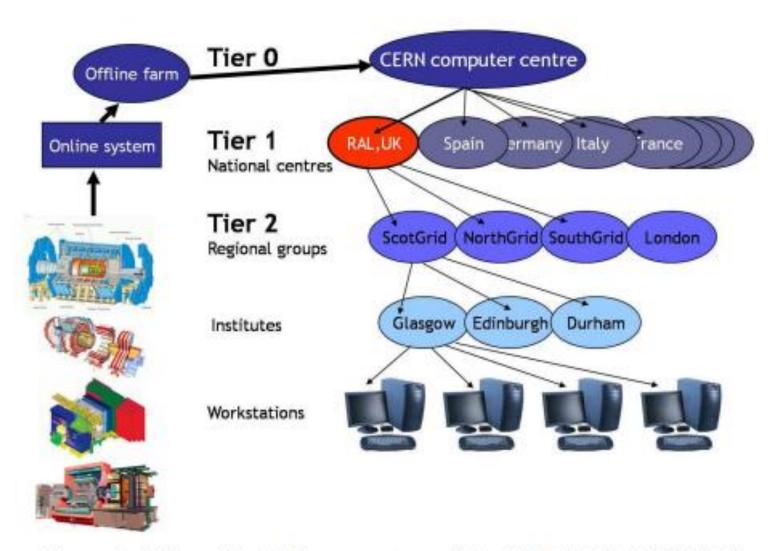


Figure 1. Hierarchical tier structure of the Worldwide LHC Grid

David Britton et al. (2009). "GridPP: The UK grid for particle physics".

Why so many tiers?

Imagine they're hot pizzas

You make it near where you eat it

- Data redundancy in case of site failures
- Cost distribution
- High availability
- Time zone based support

Quick explanations

- GocDB database of sites part of the WLCG (endpoints, protocols, VOs)
- APEL accounting for storage and compute. Keeps track of how much resources are used by each VO.