

Dark Matter Searches at the LHC

James Frost

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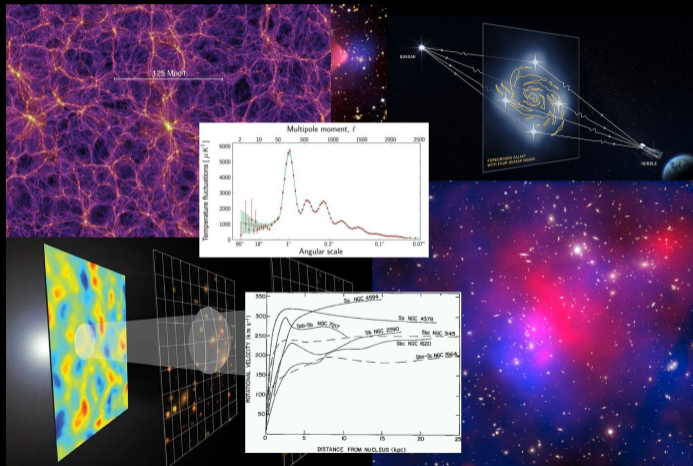


Wednesday 8th November 2023

- 1 Dark Matter and Collider Searches
- 2 Monojet - Jet(s) + E_T^{miss}
- 3 Dijet/dilepton searches
- 4 Invisible Higgs decays
- 5 Extended Higgs Sectors (2hdm+a)
- 6 Dark Sectors, semi-visible jets and LLPs

Why search for Dark matter?

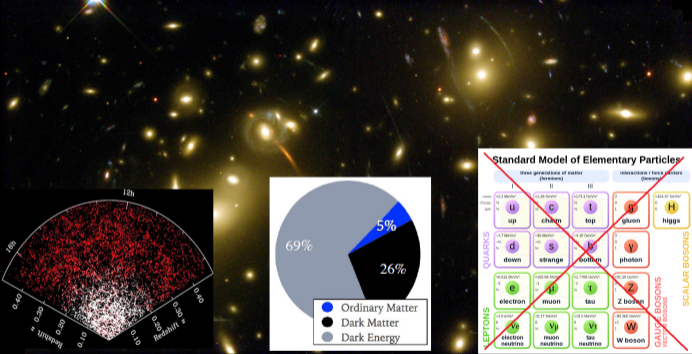
- Galactic rotation curves
- Dwarf galaxies
- Large scale structure
- Gravitational lensing
- Cluster collisions
- CMB + Baryogenesis



How to search for Dark matter?

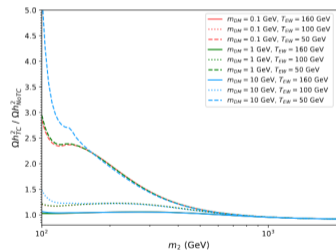
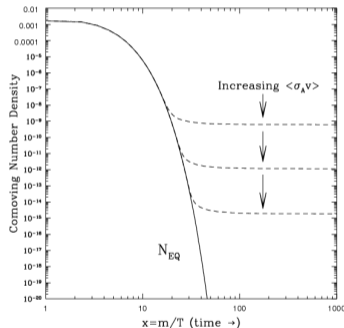
- Gravitationally interacting
- Dark
- Cosmologically stable
- 5x as much as SM

Properties inconsistent with any SM particle



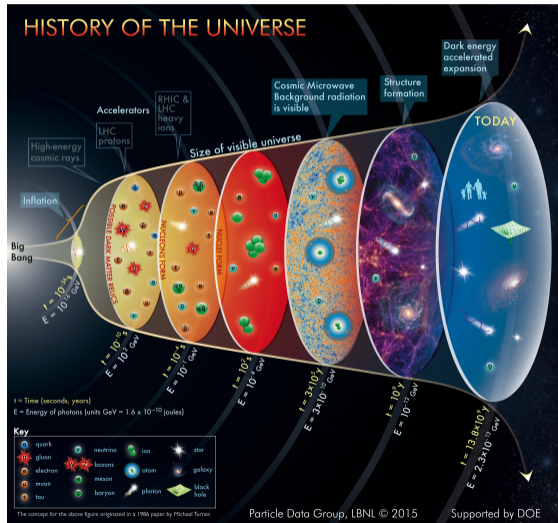
Models of dark matter

- Dark matter must have very small effective SM couplings
 - ▶ Directly to SM particles?
 - ▶ Indirectly through BSM particles?
- Incorporate astrophysical knowledge
 - ▶ Relic density
 - ▶ Mechanism (freeze out, freeze-in)
 - ▶ DM nature (scalar, Dirac fermion, etc...)
- Candidates: WIMPs, dark γ axion/axion-like particles, dark sectors



Models of dark matter

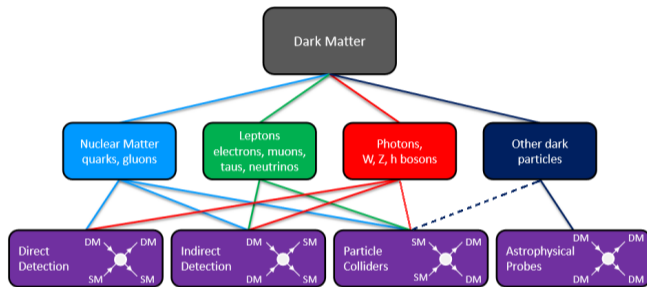
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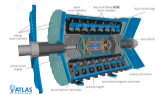
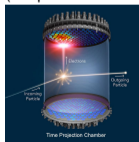
Complementarity, signatures

Assumptions

- DM interacts non-gravitationally
- Has some effective hadron coupling
- **Complementarity**
- Direct/indirect detection, colliders
- For what collider signatures to search?

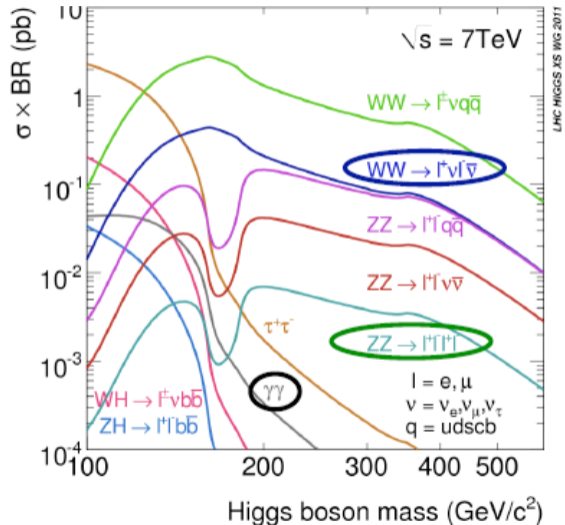
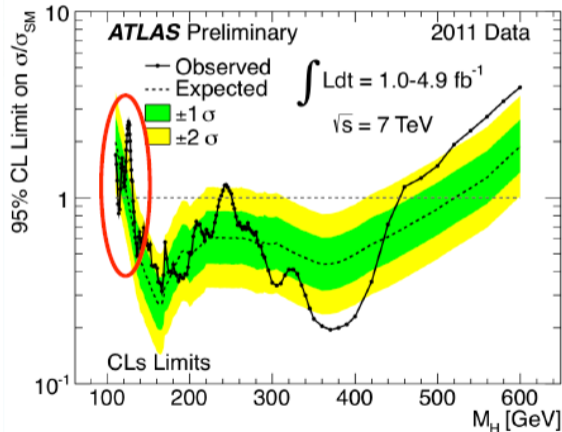


(adapted from 1305.1605)



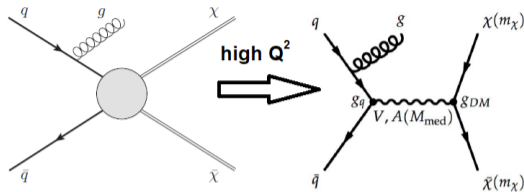
Intermezzo - Finding new particles is hard!

Higgs masses with $\sigma / \sigma_{SM} < 1$ excluded at 95%CL



Anatomy of a collider DM signature

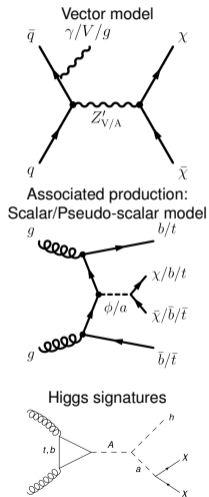
- LHC high-energy probe
- Allows characterisation of DM interaction
- Use/need model to guide phenomenology



- DM pair-produced, non-interacting.
- Proton remnant & DM alone not triggered.
- Need to tag DM production event via visible radiation (ISR, assoc. production) → E_T^{miss}
- Resolving the DM interaction - 'mediator' particle - complementary approach, resonance signatures.
- Use simplified models (with mediator), and specific complete models to explore.
- **Signature-driven approach - explore all DM signatures**

Introduction to Collider DM searches - Summary

- Any WIMP DM produced at collider experiments will interact weakly and pass invisibly through detectors.
- Inferred through 'Missing E_T ' (E_T^{miss}) when event does not balance in plane transverse to beam.
- Visible radiation (photons, jets, vector bosons) from ISR or associated production can tag DM pair production.
- Consequently, collider searches focus on production of a SM particle(s) (X) with large E_T^{miss} .
- Dark Matter mediators need searches for new resonances. Complementary approaches.
- **LHC can investigate and characterise the SM-DM interaction.** Use simplified models (with mediator), and specific complete models to explore in LHC Run-2.



What makes a good simplified/concrete DM model?

Necessary

- Compelling dark matter candidate, ability to satisfy relic density
- Tractable no. of parameters
- Evades existing constraints
- Important, generic signatures

Desirable

- Interesting phenomenology
- Wide range of possible signatures (illustrate breadth of programme)
- Synergies: e.g.
 - ▶ invisible vs. mediator resonance
 - ▶ prompt vs LLP vs invisible
 - ▶ interplay with (in)direct detection

Models

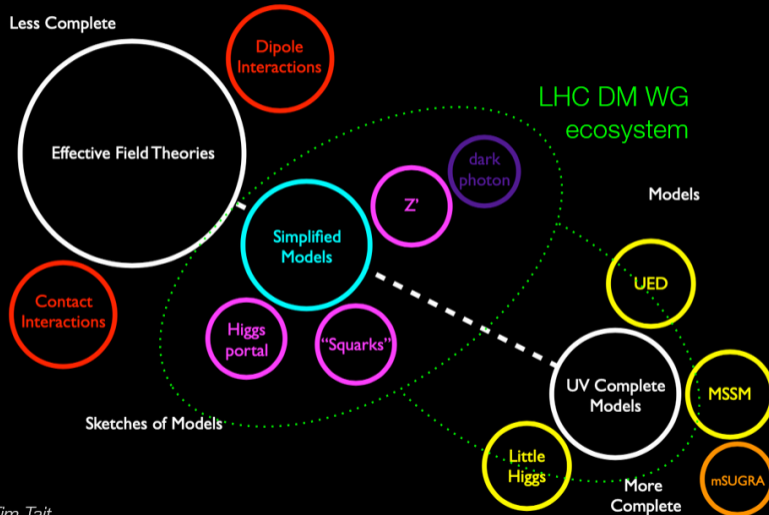
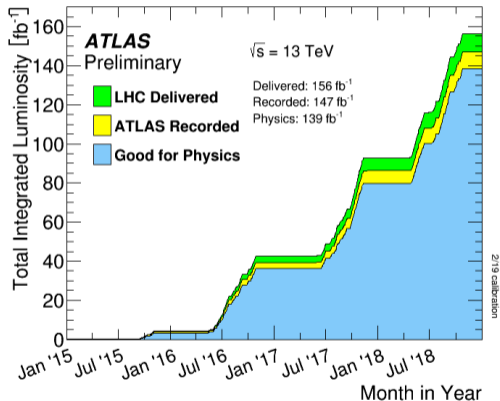


Figure: Tim Tait

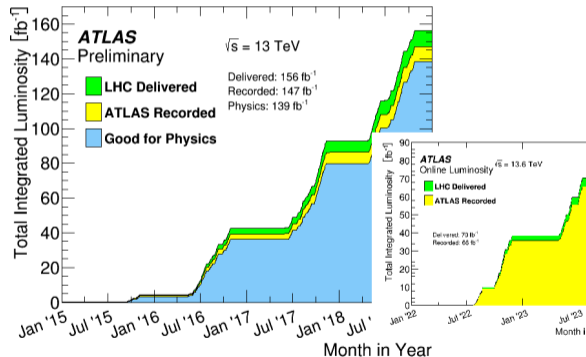
ATLAS Datasets and Luminosity

- LHC Run-2 ended in late 2018.
- An unprecedentedly sensitive dataset.
- Many results already published, and more being released regularly.
- **But just the beginning...**
- LHC Run-3 at 13.6 TeV is progressing well since last summer.
 - ▶ Greater luminosity and greater collision energy
 - ▶ More than double our data ($\sim 400 \text{ fb}^{-1}$) by 2025.



ATLAS Datasets and Luminosity

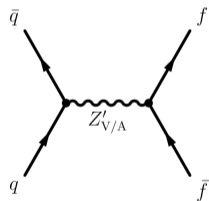
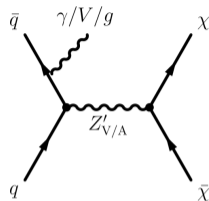
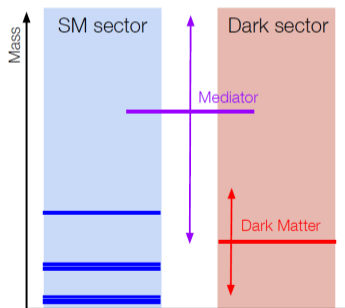
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S-channel Mediator Simplified Models

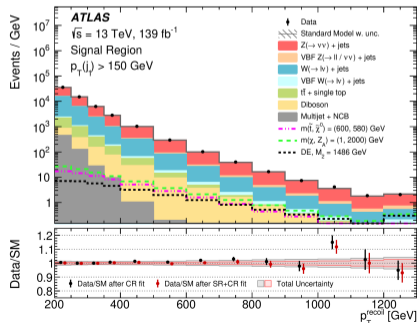
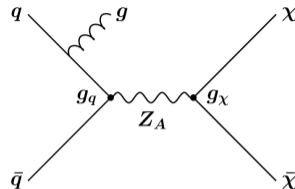
- Introduce mediator, talks to DM and SM sectors.
- Two complementary approaches:
 - ▶ Look for DM - mono-X signature
 - ▶ Look for mediator - resonance search



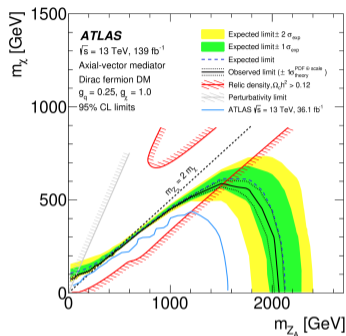
[LHCDMWG White Paper \(1507.00966\)](#)

- Relic density: use to *guide* searches (simplified model incomplete)

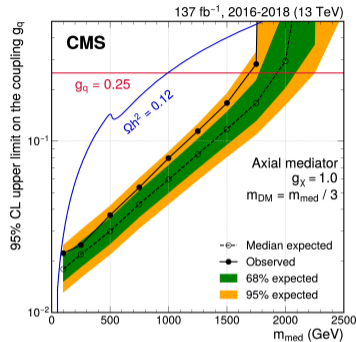
- Very general DM search!
- Selections:
 - ▶ Energetic jet $p_T > 150$ GeV
 - ▶ $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 200$ GeV
 - ▶ Up to 3 extra jets
 - ▶ Search for excess in E_T^{miss}
- Shape fit in 13 E_T^{miss} bins (p_T^{recoil})
- Backgrounds: Z+jets, W+jets, Diboson, $t\bar{t}$
- Estimated in 1- and 2-lepton CRs
- High precision calculation ([paper](#)) of Z+jets/W+jets.
- O(1-2%) uncertainty on predicted background.



Monojet Search - $\text{Jet}(s) + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ - Model Interpretations



2102.10874

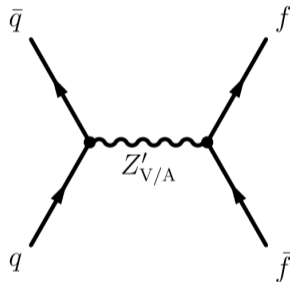


JHEP 11(2021)153

Many interpretations

- Simplified Models
 - ▶ Fix coupling, exclude $m_{\text{DM}} - m_{\text{med}}$; fix ratio, exclude coupling
- T-channel models
- Generic sensitivity - e.g. SUSY, leptoquarks, extra dimensions

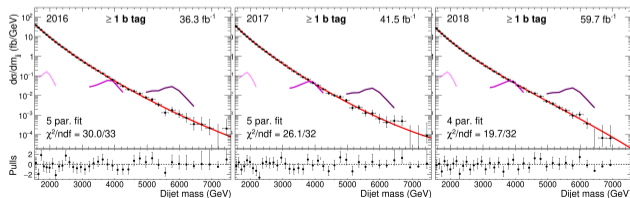
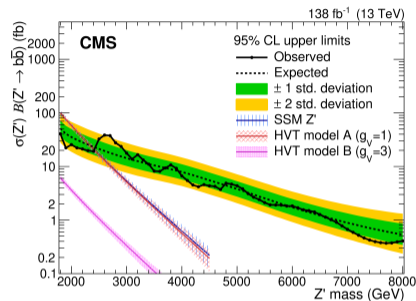
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Mediator Resonance Searches - Dijets/dileptons

- General signature, dijet/dilepton resonances.
- Signal peak on falling background
- Dileptons if mediator couples
- Many techniques for low mass.

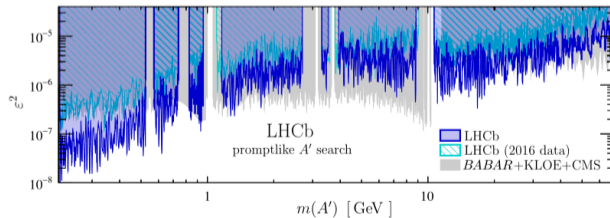
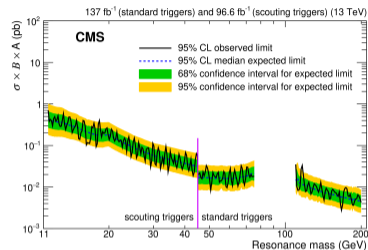
- Select 2+ jets, with b-tags
- Reduce QCD bkg: $|\Delta\eta| < 1.1$
- Search in m_{jj} spectrum
- [2205.01835](#)



Low-mass di-lepton searches

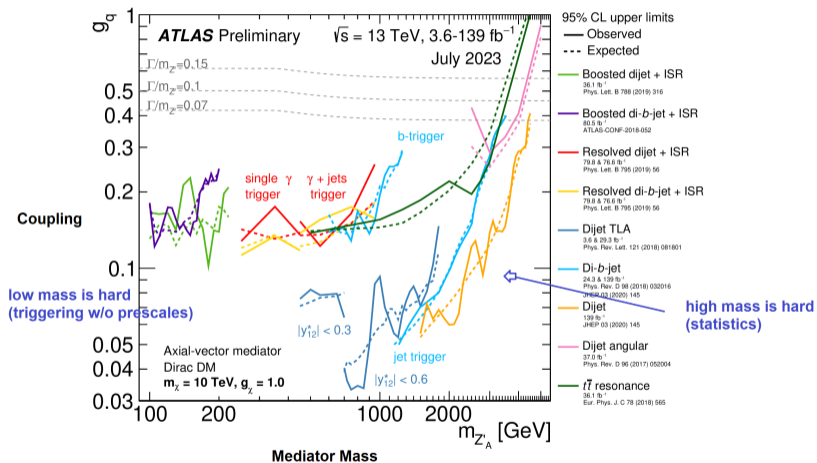
- Search for dilepton resonances
- Data-scouting triggers extend low-mass reach.
- [Phys. Rev. Lett. 124\(2020\)131802](#)

- Mediator decay to $\mu^+\mu^-$
- Drell-Yan main background
- Complements high-mass ATLAS & CMS
- [Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 041801](#)



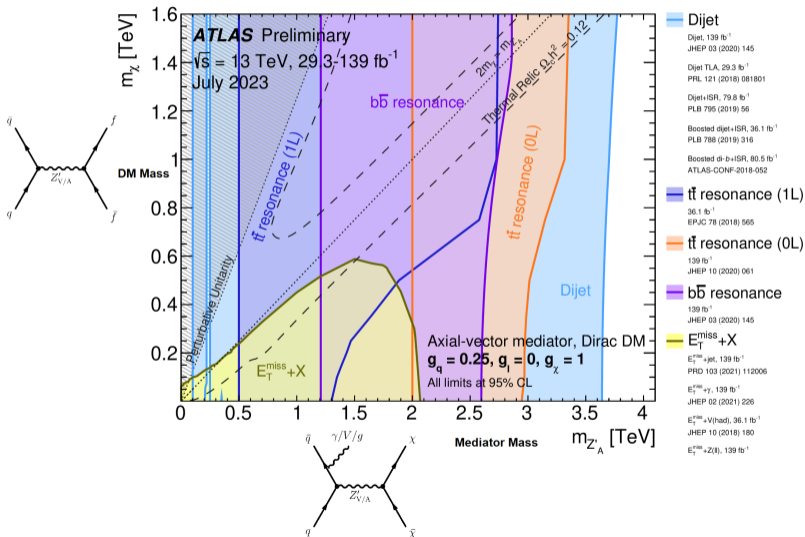
Putting it all together - Simplified Models I

- ATLAS DM Summaries
- How do our mediator resonance searches do?



Putting it all together - Simplified Models II

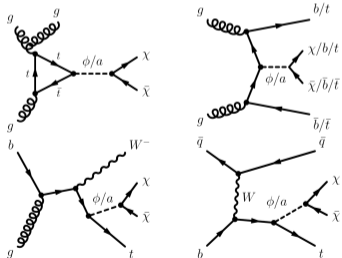
- ATLAS DM Summaries
- Illustrate complementarity between mediator and invisible searches.



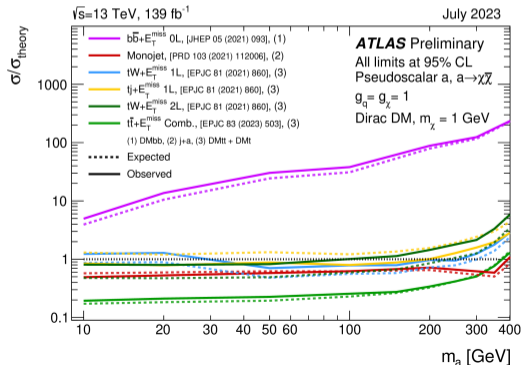
Spin-0 Simplified Models

- Consider scalar/pseudo-scalar mediators
- Yukawa-type couplings \rightarrow heavy quark (b/t)-associated searches dominate.

Relevant Signatures:

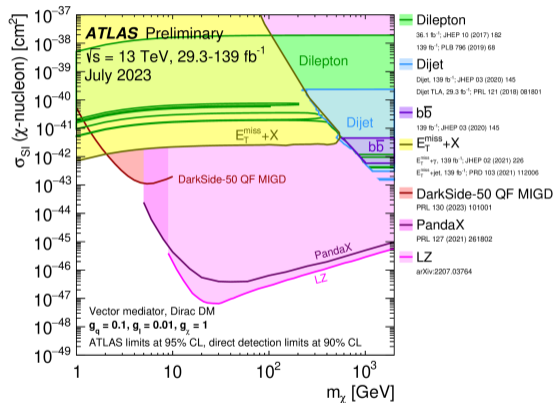


- $tt+E_T^{miss}$ combination
- $tW+E_T^{miss}$
- $bb+E_T^{miss}$
- monojet



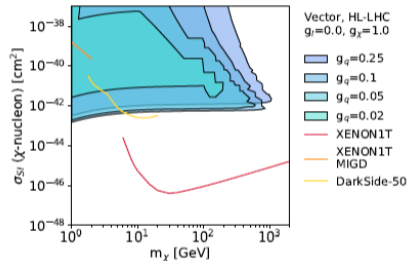
Comparisons with Detection Experiments

- **Key message: complementarity**
- LHCDMWG white paper on presentation ([1603.04156](#))
- Assumptions: WIMP, local DM density, interaction type (model-dependence).
- Colliders insensitive to DM mass (all is E_T^{miss}), mediator more important.
- Ongoing work to illustrate variations ([2203.12035](#), [2206.03456](#))

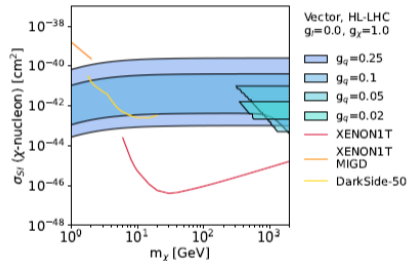


Comparisons with Detection Experiments II

- Largely m_χ -independent
- Low dependence on coupling



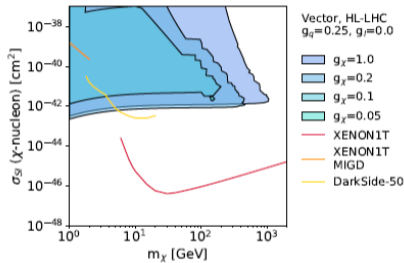
(a) Monojet analysis



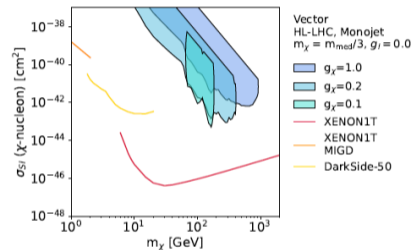
(b) Dijet analysis

Comparisons with Detection Experiments III

- Mediator mass important
- Connect to light DM experiments
- LHC unique for larger m_χ/m_{med}



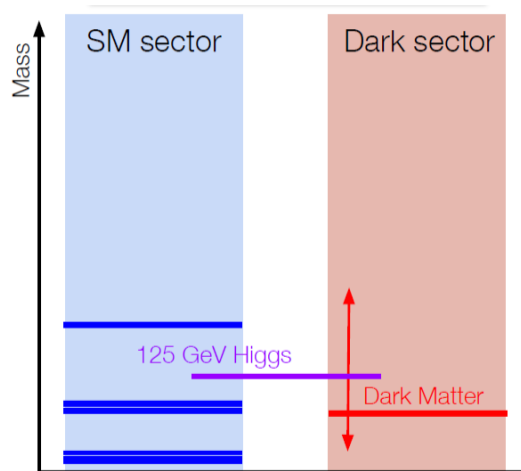
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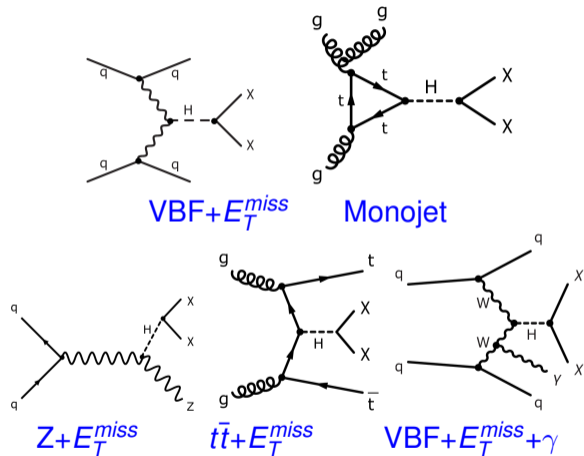
(a) Monojet analysis

Outline

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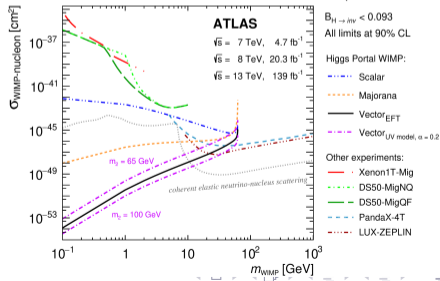
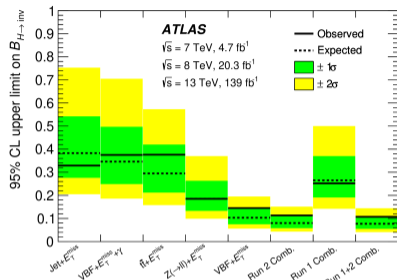


- ‘Vanilla’ Higgs portal
- Higgs boson mediates the interactions with DM, decays to DM
- ‘Invisible Higgs’ - anomalous BR ($H \rightarrow \text{inv} = 0.12\%$ in SM).
- Signatures: $E_T^{\text{miss}} + X$, each Higgs production mode.
- Sensitivity led by $\text{VBF} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ and Mono-Z signatures.



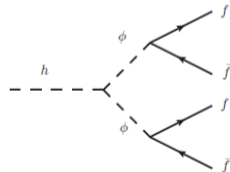
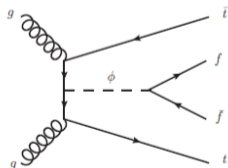
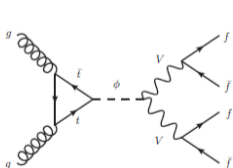
- Recent combination of 139 fb^{-1} results, together with Run-1 analysis.
- $\text{VBF} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ and $\text{Z} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ most sensitive, Run-1 adds 4%.
- W/Z+jet modelling ($\text{VBF} + E_T^{\text{miss}}$) largest uncertainty.
- Already probing $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{Inv})$ at the 10% level!

Analysis	Best fit $\mathcal{B}_{H \rightarrow \text{inv}}$	Observed 95% U.L.	Expected 95% U.L.
Run 2 Comb.	0.04 ± 0.04	0.113	$0.080^{+0.031}_{-0.022}$
Run 1 Comb.	$-0.02^{+0.14}_{-0.13}$	0.252	$0.265^{+0.105}_{-0.074}$
Run 1+2 Comb.	0.04 ± 0.04	0.107	$0.077^{+0.030}_{-0.022}$



Aside: Dark Higgs models

- Good signature for models in which the Higgs boson properties are modified.
- e.g. models where a dark Higgs boson ϕ generates m_χ and mixes with h .
- SM-like dark Higgs production and decay, $\phi \rightarrow hh$ or $h \rightarrow \phi\phi$ are allowed.
- Constraints from precision Higgs, $h \rightarrow \text{inv}$, di-Higgs/diboson resonances
- If DM heavy, resonant $h \rightarrow \phi\phi \rightarrow 4f$ searches relevant



Models

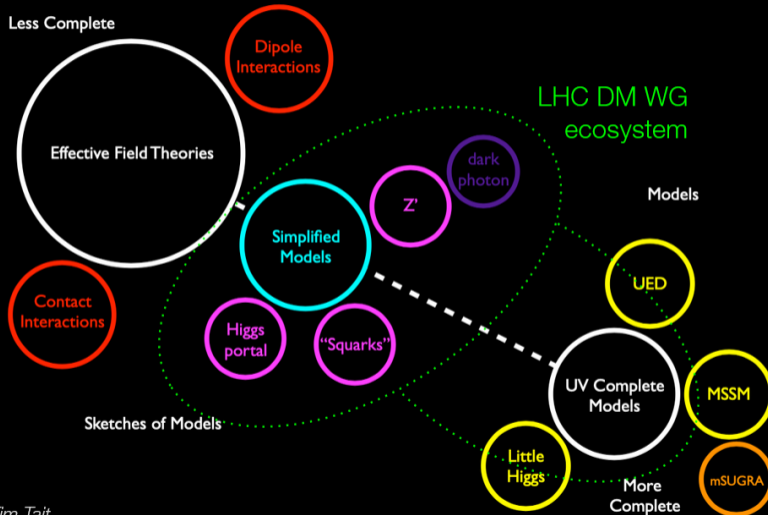
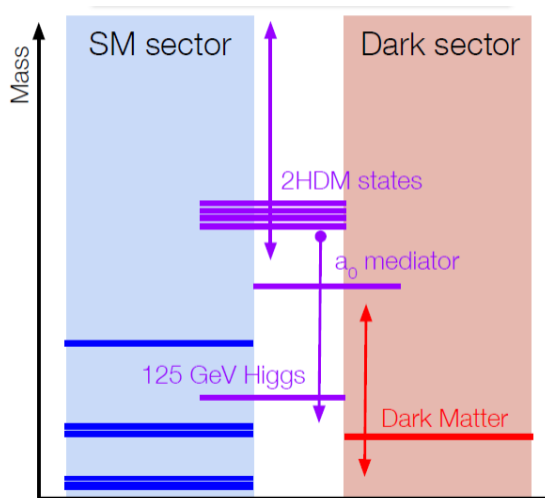


Figure: Tim Tait

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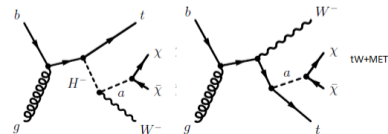
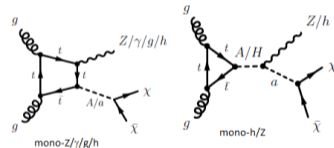
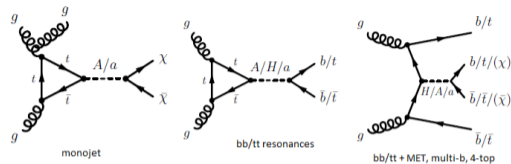
Extended Higgs sectors - 2hdm+a

- Higgs sector unique and unexplored
- Natural portal to dark matter
- LHC DM WG benchmark white paper ([1810.09420](#))
- Postulate two-Higgs doublet (ext. Higgs sector)
- Pseudoscalar (a) portal to DM. Reduced constraint from DD.
- For heavier m_{DM} , target scalar sector mediators.
- Interesting physics from wide range of signatures and A-a mixing.

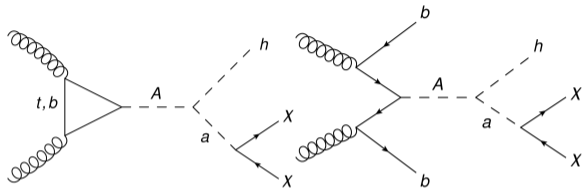


2HDM+a - Overview

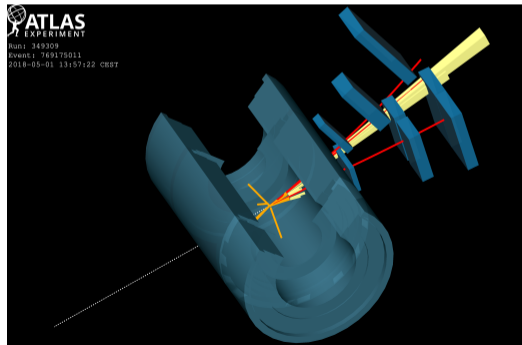
- UV complete model: pseudoscalar mediator with Extended Higgs sector.
- Rich phenomenology with great signature interplay.
- Complex model - [LHC DM WG white paper](#) defines several benchmarks.
- Incorporates analyses from across ATLAS search programme.
- New addition single top (tW/tq) + E_T^{miss} search ([2211.13138](#)).



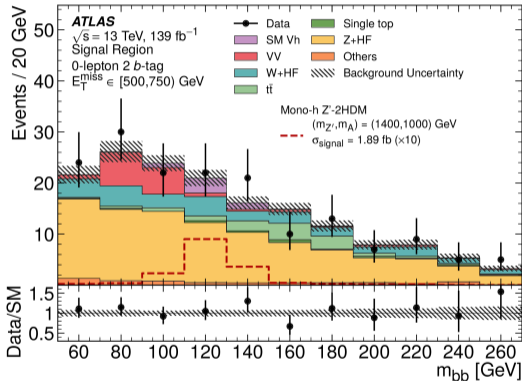
2HDM+a Analyses - I. Mono-Higgs



- Higgs boson recoiling against E_T^{miss}
- Sensitive to DM lighter than a , reasonable A - a mass splitting
- 2- and 3- b signal regions \rightarrow sensitive to gg - and bb -induced production.

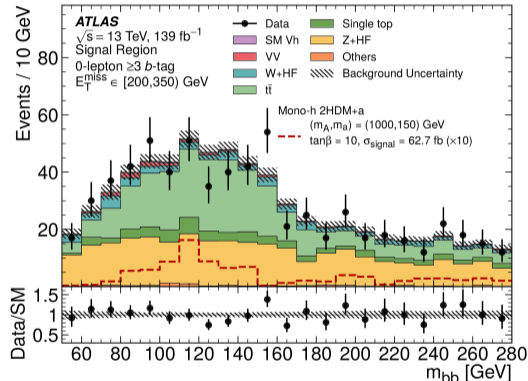


2HDM+a Analyses - I. Mono-Higgs



2b, merged channel

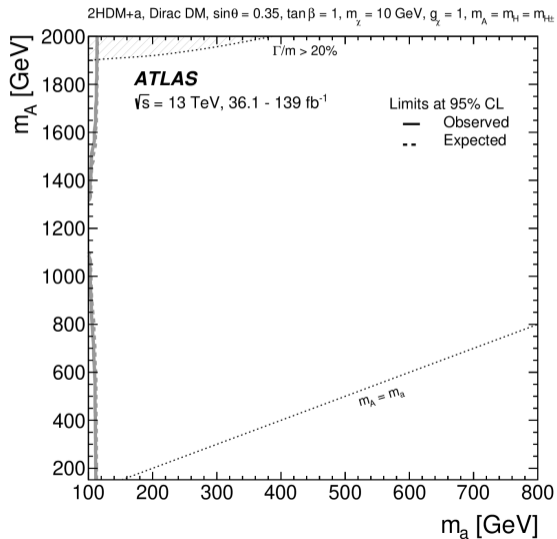
Also: $h(\rightarrow \tau\tau) + E_T^{\text{miss}}$, $h(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma) + E_T^{\text{miss}}$



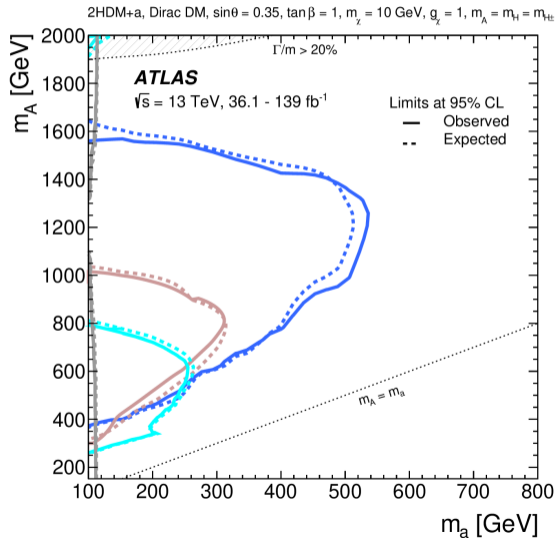
3b, resolved channel

- Complete model - several parameters.
- Various benchmarks defined to illustrate/explore phenomenology
- Fix some parameters to satisfy theory constraints.
- Synergy of invisible/visible mediator signatures.

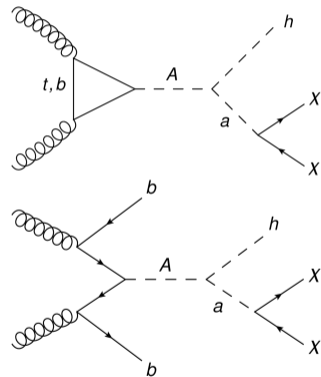
$\tan \beta$ - impacts gg- vs bb-production.
 $m_A = m_H = m_{H^\pm}$ - avoid precision EW constraints.
 $\sin \theta$ - degree of a - A mixing.
 m_χ - little direct experimental sensitivity, controls e.g a BRs.
 g_χ - little mono- X sensitivity

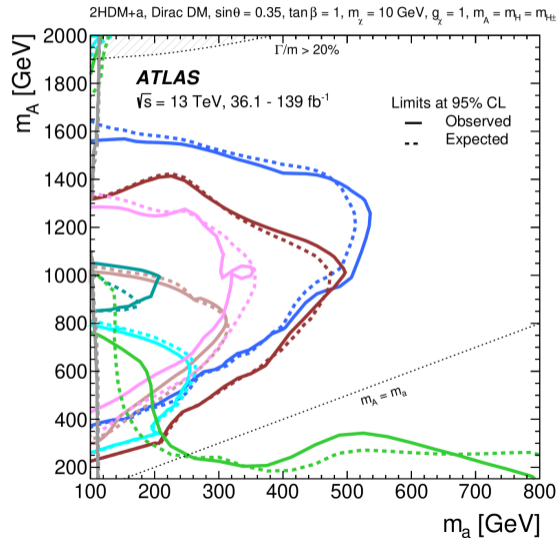


— $h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$, 139 fb $^{-1}$
 arxiv:2301.10731

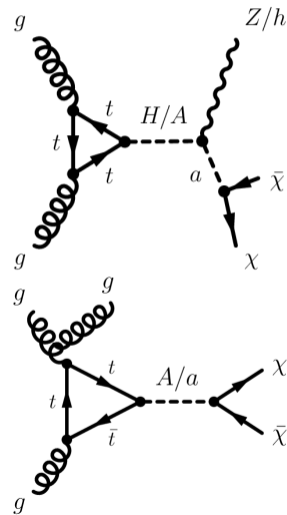


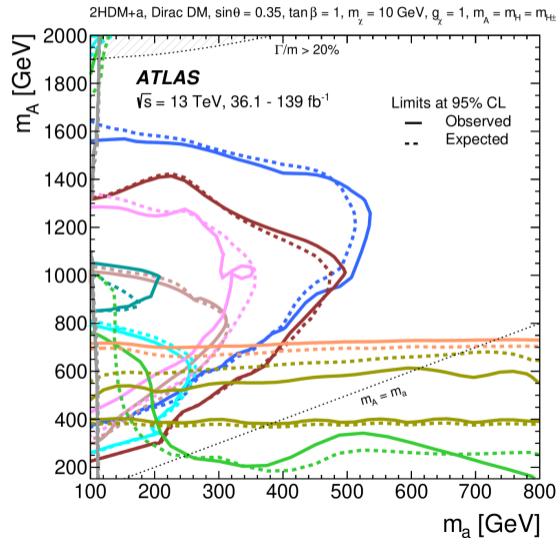
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(b\bar{b})$, 139 fb⁻¹
 JHEP 11 (2021) 209
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(\tau\tau)$, 139 fb⁻¹
 arXiv:2305.12938
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(\gamma\gamma)$, 139 fb⁻¹
 JHEP 10 (2021) 13
- $h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$, 139 fb⁻¹
 arxiv:2301.10731



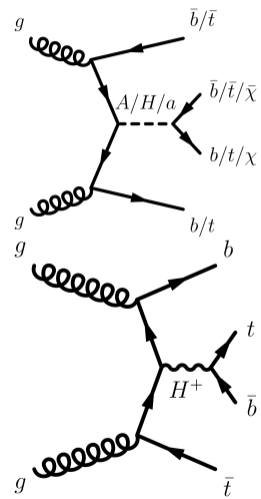


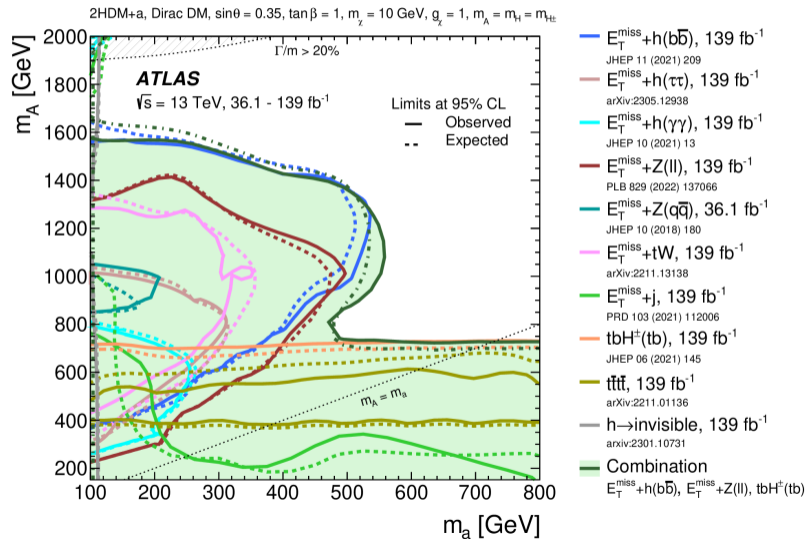
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 PLB 829 (2022) 137066
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 arXiv:2211.13138
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + j$, 139 fb⁻¹
 PRD 103 (2021) 112006
- $h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$, 139 fb⁻¹
 arxiv:2301.10731

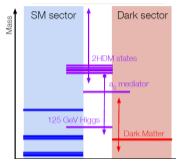




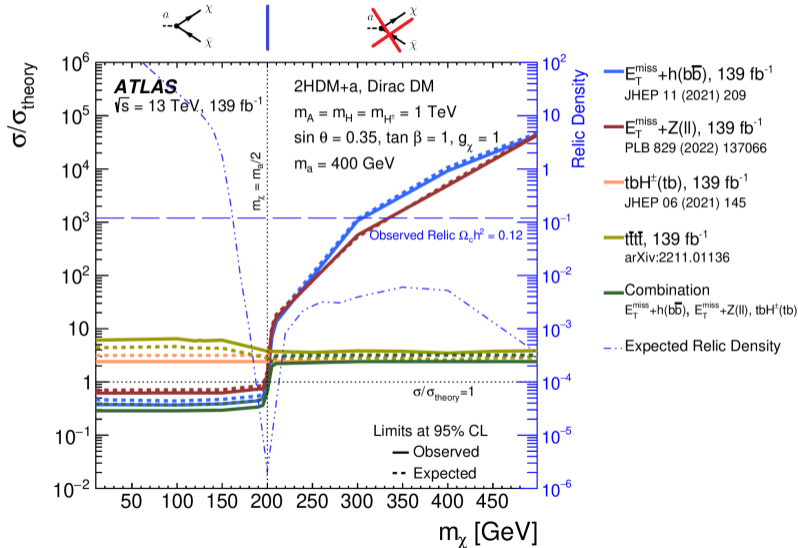
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(b\bar{b})$, 139 fb⁻¹
 JHEP 11 (2021) 209
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + h(\tau\tau)$, 139 fb⁻¹
 arXiv:2305.12938
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 JHEP 10 (2021) 13
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 PLB 829 (2022) 137066
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 arXiv:2211.13138
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} + j$, 139 fb⁻¹
 PRD 103 (2021) 112006
- $tbH^\pm(tb)$, 139 fb⁻¹
 JHEP 06 (2021) 145
- $t\bar{t}t$, 139 fb⁻¹
 arXiv:2211.01136
- $h \rightarrow \text{invisible}$, 139 fb⁻¹
 arxiv:2301.10731



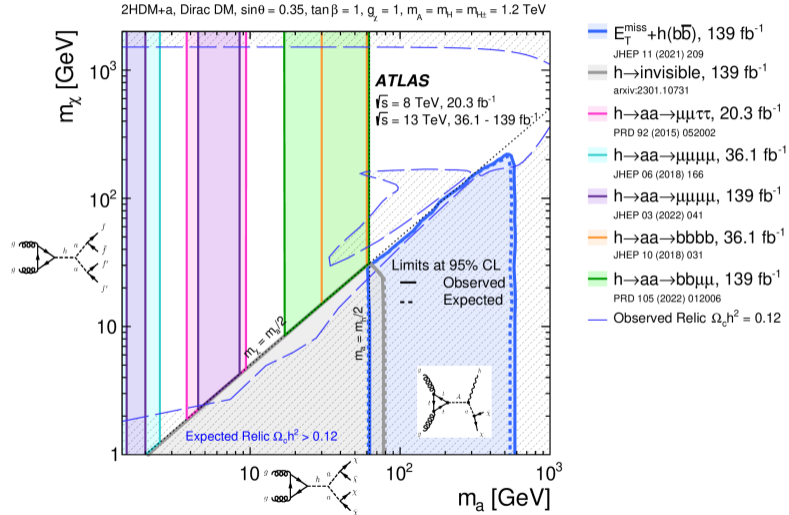




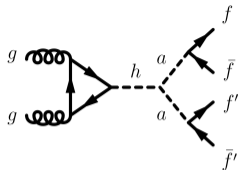
- Insensitivity to DM mass allows R.D. satisfaction.
- But can vary the DM mass to show dependence.
- Heavy Higgs/Mediator searches constrain higher m_χ .



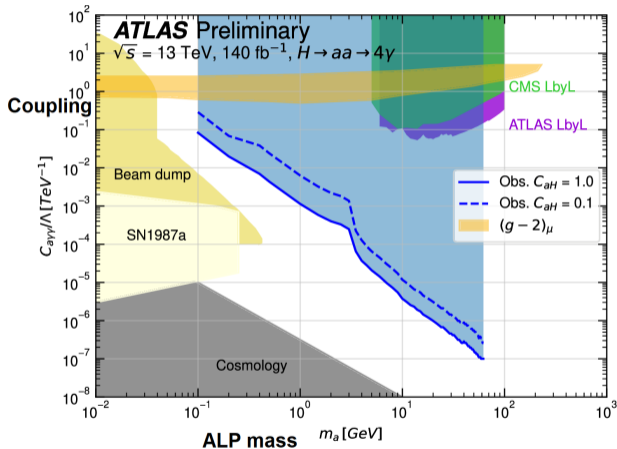
- Complementary with lower-mass ALP searches for pseudoscalars (2202.12631).
- Light resonant searches powerful when a cannot decay to DM.
- Invisible signatures kick in for lower DM masses.



Aside: Axion-like particle (ALP) searches



- ALP searches for light pseudo-scalars (from U(1) SSB).
- Several final states, depending upon mass.
- Lowest masses probed by $a \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- Non-resonant diboson production also relevant at LHC.



ATLAS-CONF-2023-040

- 1 Dark Matter and Collider Searches
- 2 Monojet - Jet(s) + E_T^{miss}
- 3 Dijet/dilepton searches
- 4 Invisible Higgs decays
- 5 Extended Higgs Sectors (2hdm+a)
- 6 Dark Sectors, semi-visible jets and LLPs

Dark Sectors

- Have some hidden sector which (usually) includes a DM candidate
- Postulate a portal that communicates between SM and dark sectors, i.e. have some dark sector states decay back to SM with small coupling.
- Common in very weakly/feebly interacting models
- Dark sector need not be thermal - freeze-in via heavy particle decays.

Portal

Dark Photon, A_μ

Dark Higgs, S

Axion, a

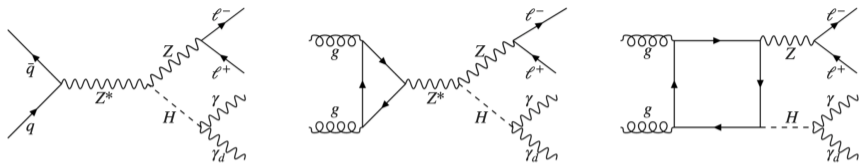
Sterile Neutrino, N

PBC Report

Dark Photons

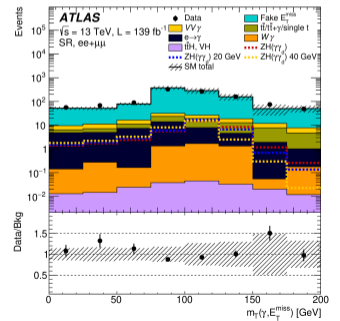
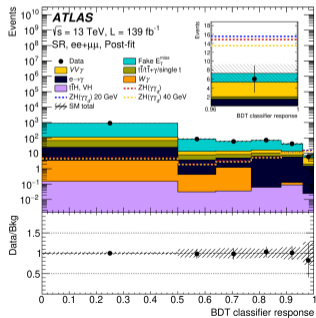
Massive new dark gauge boson γ_D from U(1) extension
Mixes with SM photon (ϵ parameter)
Strategies for prompt and LLP signatures.

- Model: Higgs boson couples via dark sector
- Search for exotic decay
- Clean final state
- $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$
- Cut on $m_{\ell\ell}, m_{\ell\ell\gamma}, E_T^{\text{miss}}$
- Train BDT and fit discriminant
- CRs for $e \rightarrow \gamma, VV\gamma$



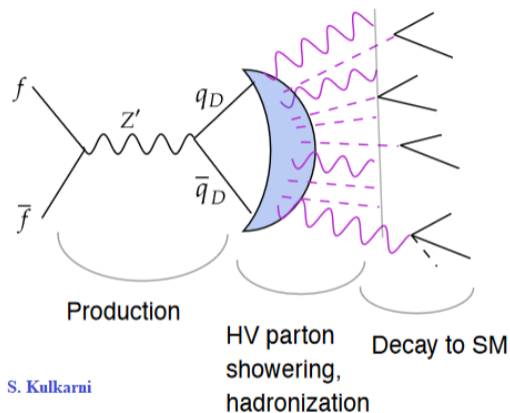
$B(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma_D) < 2.3\%$ at 95% CL.

cf. VBF+MET+ γ [Paper](#): 1.8%



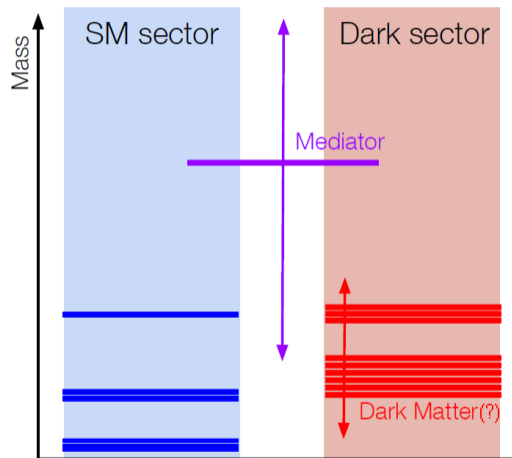
Strongly-interacting dark sectors - dark QCD/showers

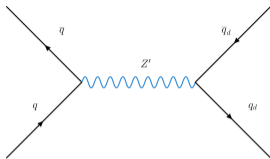
- What if dark sector confined?
- Simple mediator, but complex dark sector/matter phenomena.
- Generate dark quarks, hadronise into dark hadrons
- Dark hadrons: stable $\rightarrow E_T^{miss}$, unstable \rightarrow decay to SM. Invisible fraction r_{inv}
- Unusual hadronic signatures.
- Prompt dark hadron decay \rightarrow
Semi-visible jet signature: SM jet aligned with E_T^{miss} .
- Unstable dark hadrons - **dark jets**; **dark meson search**



Strongly-interacting dark sectors - dark QCD/showers

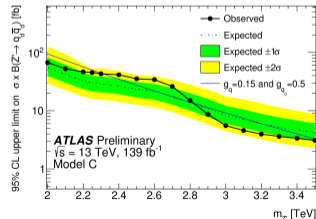
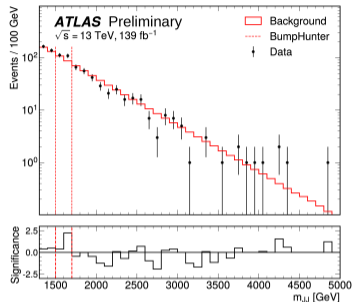
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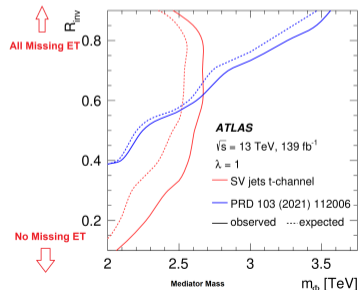
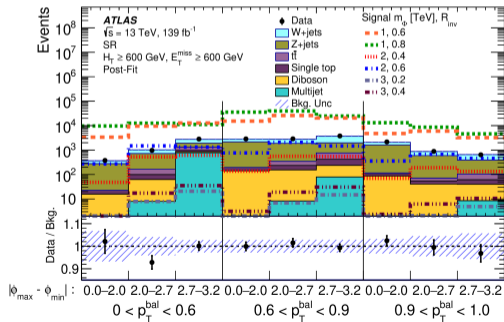
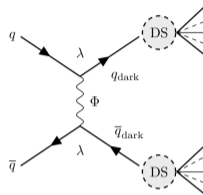


- Recent first CONF search for dark jet resonance.
- Selects wide resonance signal through large-R jets of high track multiplicity.
- Bump hunt above a background shape CR template.

Model	n_f	Λ_d (GeV)	$\tilde{m}_{q'}$ (GeV)	m_{π_d} (GeV)	m_{ρ_d} (GeV)	π_d decay mode
A	2	15	20	10	50	$\pi_d \rightarrow c\bar{c}$
B	6	2	2	2	4.67	$\pi_d \rightarrow s\bar{s}$
C	2	15	20	10	50	$\pi_d \rightarrow \gamma'\gamma'$ with $m_{\gamma'} = 4.0$ GeV
D	6	2	2	2	4.67	$\pi_d \rightarrow \gamma'\gamma'$ with $m_{\gamma'} = 0.7$ GeV

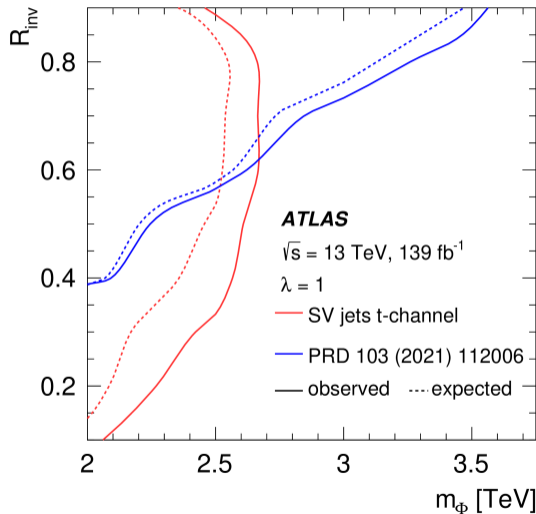


- High E_T^{miss} , two high- p_T jets.
- Discriminating variables: p_T^{bal} , p_T jet balance, $|\Delta\phi|$.
- Use 1-lepton, 1-bjet and 2-lepton CRs.
- SR requires $E_T^{miss} > 600$ GeV and $H_T > 600$ GeV.
- Fit to 9 $p_T^{bal} - |\Delta\phi|$ ranges.



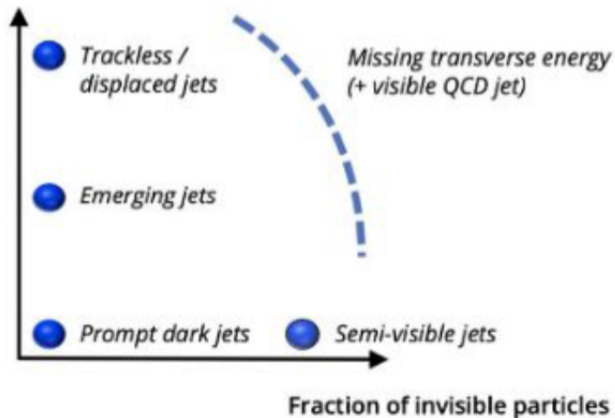
Semi-visible jets - thoughts

- **Monojet complementarity shown.**
Dijet/darkjet to constraint low R_{inv} .
- S-channel also underway (CMS & ATLAS).
- Need to ensure we cover full signature range.
- More realistic dark-QCD model, or phenomenological ' E_T^{miss} -fraction' approach.
- Which variables/modelling are robust/trustable, theoretically?
- Discussions around an LHCDMWG white paper on concrete benchmarks.



Strongly-interacting dark sector phenomenology

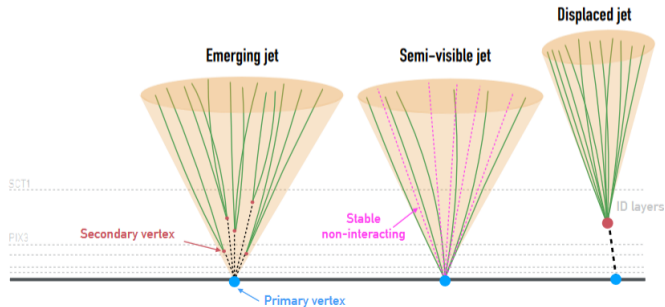
Distance of the majority
of the jet constituents
from the interaction point



- Dark meson states with lifetimes?
- Generates long-lived signatures.
- Emergent or displaced jets (w/ E_T^{miss})

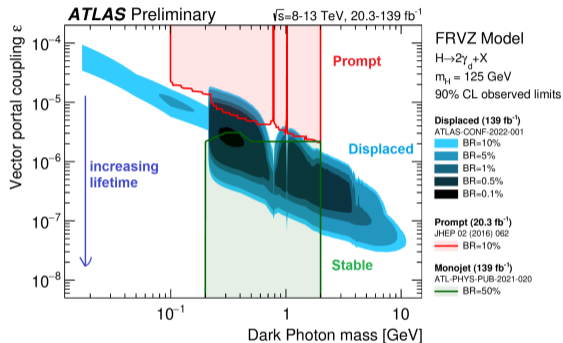
Emerging and Displaced Jets

- For dark hadron lifetimes $O(10^{-3}-1)$, expect multiple displaced vertices in a jet \rightarrow emerging jet
- Greater lifetimes yield a displaced jet, with jet constituents pointing to a common displaced/secondary vertex.
- Important to cover the signature space, not leave holes between topologies.
- Theoretical modelling questions also pertinent.



Summaries for prompt & LL signatures

- LLP, or phase spaces with them, are ubiquitous in many DM models.
- Important complementarity with prompt searches. (Cf. visible/invisible, low-/high-mass).
- Also the *very* long-lived extreme e.g. monojet, $h \rightarrow \text{Inv}$ (for e.g. $h \rightarrow s\bar{s}$).



- Encountered for $h \rightarrow aa$, dark photon models. Will appear for darkjets, ALPs, $2\text{hdm}+a/\text{dark higgs}$.

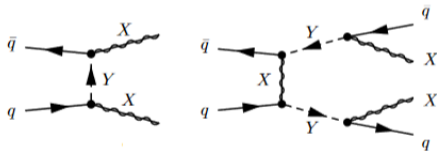
Run-2 Summary

- Wide ranging and successful collider search programme for dark matter.
- Initially focussed on WIMP hypotheses - still many options.
- Now also many results on other DM options - dark photons, ALPs, dark sectors.
- Often sophisticated analyses - precision bkg, new/difficult signatures, broad combinations/summaries.
- Also combinations and legacy papers - some Run-2 results to come.
- Have focussed on ATLAS/CMS, but LHCb, FASER results coming in Run-3.



Ongoing Efforts - T-channel models

- T-channel process often exists in DM models.
- Often same final state as e.g. SUSY searches
- e.g. disquark/monojet signatures

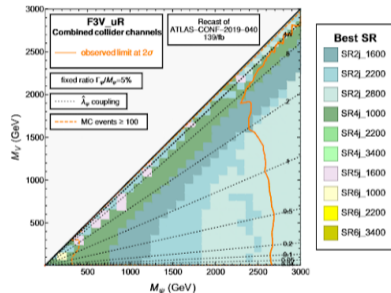


- LHCDMWG-inspired UFO with range of t-channel models
- Extend SM with DM (X) and mediator (Y)

$$\mathcal{L}_{F3S_uR} = \left[\hat{\lambda}_\psi \bar{\psi} u_R \bar{S} + \text{h.c.} \right],$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{S3M_uR} = \left[\lambda_\varphi \bar{\chi} u_R \varphi^\dagger + \text{h.c.} \right],$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{F3V_uR} = \left[\hat{\lambda}_\psi \bar{\psi} \bar{V} u_R + \text{h.c.} \right].$$

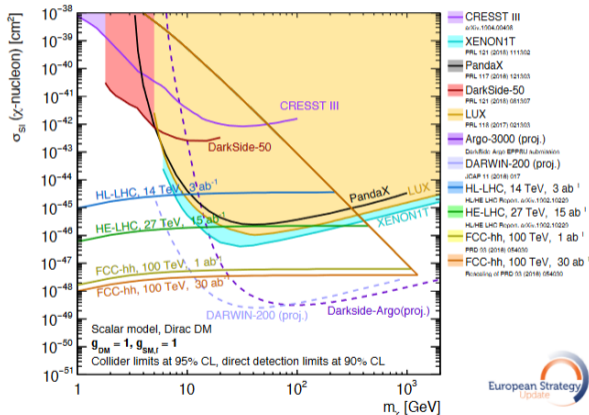


[2010.07559](#) (using strong 0L)

White paper studies ongoing, incl. leptophilic and long-lived models.

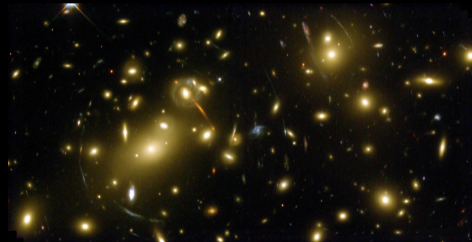
Outlook to Run-3 and HL-LHC

- Community Review
- LHCDMWG Workshop: Roadmap of Run-3 DM models, 13-17 May 2024
- Aims:
 - ▶ Review and update existing benchmarks in light of Run-2 results.
 - ▶ Ensure **full signature coverage** in Run-3 and beyond
- Huge sensitivity increase from dedicated triggers and improved techniques for difficult signatures (incl. LLP).



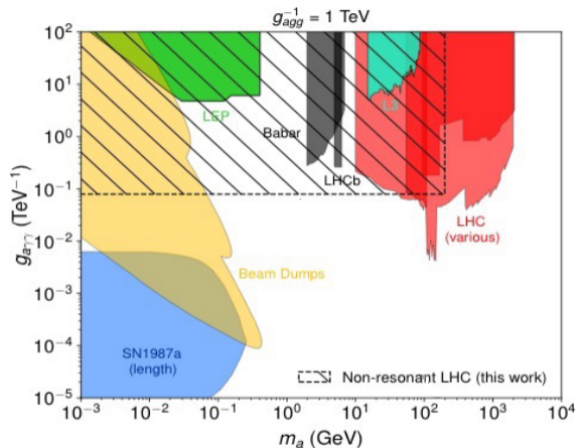
Conclusions

- Colliders are an interesting place to look for dark matter.
- Some unique advantages (high energy, probe interaction, DM candidate range).
- Some challenges (model guide, insensitivity to DM itself).
- Run-2 dataset powerful, huge broadening of programme.
- Run-3 and beyond: vital to continue to look widely, to ensure no missing opportunities.
- Investigate any hints from other sources (DD, lightDM, forward exp., LLP exp.).
- Still only 5-7% of the final HL-LHC dataset recorded, much yet unexplored!



Lighter DM - Non-resonant ALP searches

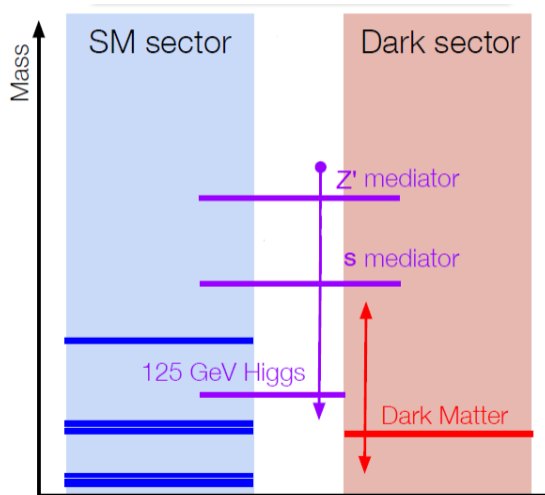
- Recent interest in non-resonant and loop-induced ALP searches at LHC.
- e.g. high mass tails of diboson production ([paper](#))
- Also VBS VV of interest (indep. of gluon coupling).
- Electroweak ALPs accessible via $\bar{t}t$ resonances.
- Clear complementarity with other experiments
- Also with our light-by-light, $h \rightarrow aa \rightarrow 4\gamma$



1905.12953, re-interpreting CMS $ZZ/\gamma\gamma$ searches

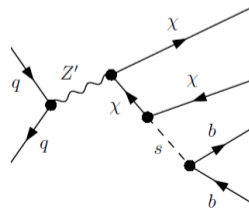
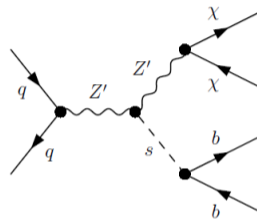
Outline

- 1 Dark Matter and Collider Searches
- 2 Monojet - Jet(s)+ E_T^{miss}
- 3 Dijet/dilepton searches
- 4 Invisible Higgs decays
- 5 Extended Higgs Sectors (2hdm+a)
- 6 **Dark Higgs Boson Searches**
- 7 Dark Sectors, semi-visible jets and LLPs



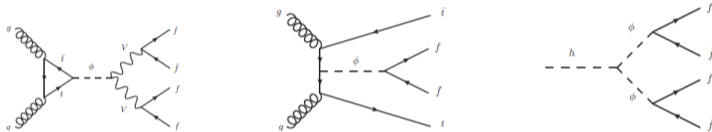
Dark Higgs Boson Models - Introduction

- Two-mediator model
- Assume dark matter acquires its mass through interaction with a **dark higgs boson**
- Also an extension of spin-1 simplified models
- Two mediators: massive Z' and a dark Higgs boson s

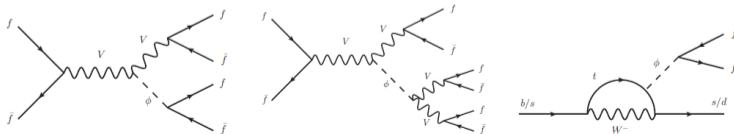


Dark Higgs + dark photon models

- Given a dark Higgs boson of mass m_s and mixing angle θ , production as SM h .
- SM-like dark Higgs decay, $s \rightarrow hh$ or $h \rightarrow ss$ are allowed.
- Constraints from precision Higgs, $h \rightarrow \text{inv}$, di-Higgs/diboson resonances

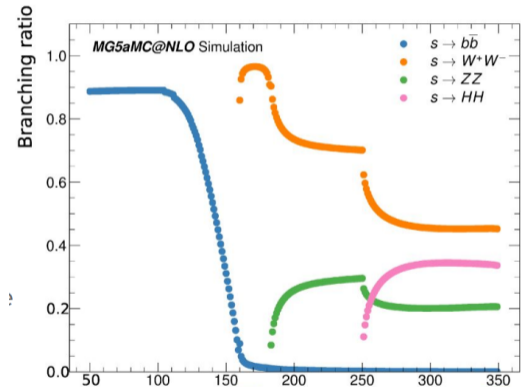


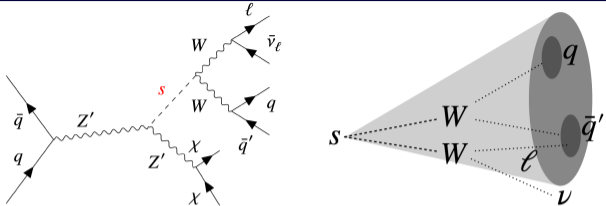
- Can extend to include additional interactions of the corresponding gauge boson.
- \rightarrow dark photon, couplings either direct (Z' earlier) or via kinetic mixing (dark photon).



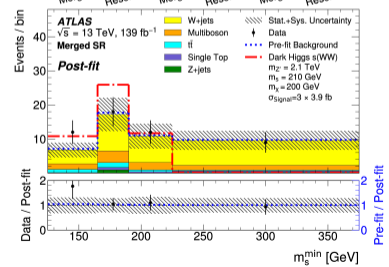
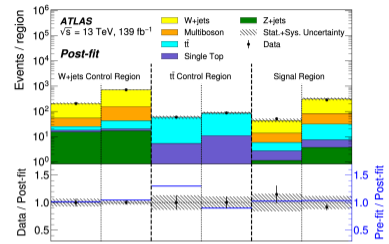
Dark Higgs Phenomenology

- Run-2 analysis benchmark assumed:
 - ▶ $g_\chi = 1.0$, $g_q = 0.25$, $\sin \theta = 0.01$
 - ▶ Standard simplified model choices, s unstable, even if lighter than DM.
 - ▶ Small mixing helps avoid constraints.
- $m_\chi = 200$ GeV.

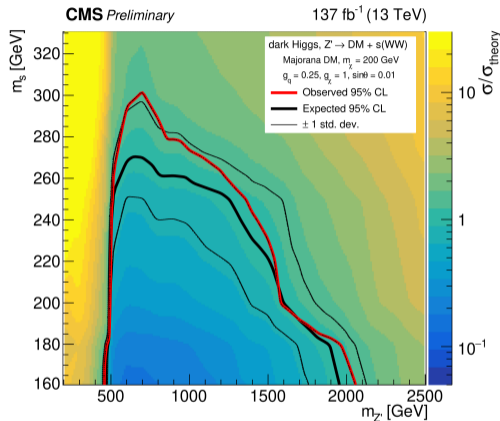
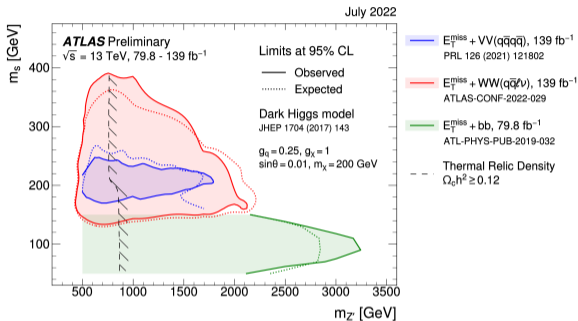




- Two mediator model (JHEP 04(2017)143) - Z' and dark Higgs (s).
- Search for $W(l\nu)W(q\bar{q})$ decay.
- $E_T^{miss} > 200$ GeV, $m_T > 220$ GeV
- Either one merged $W \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ merged TAR jet or two jets.
- W/Z +jets constrained using 1μ , 2-lepton CRs.
- Reconstruct m_s , search for excess.



Dark Higgs Boson Searches II

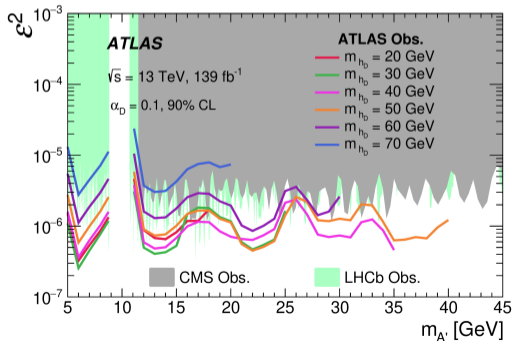
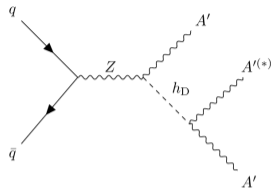
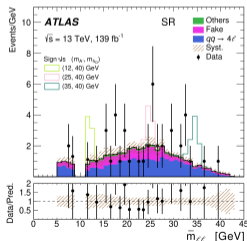
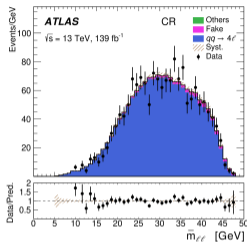


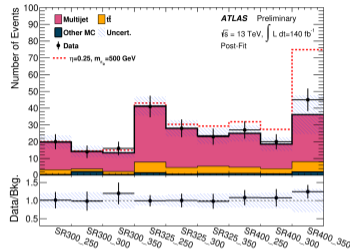
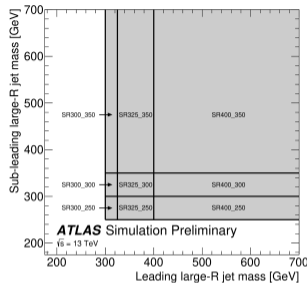
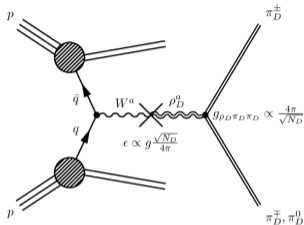
ATLAS DM Summary Plots

- Search complements earlier $s \rightarrow W(q\bar{q})W(q\bar{q})$ search, and $s \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ reinterpretation.

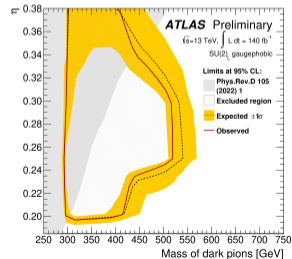
- **CMS search** for the dileptonic WW signature sets similar constraints.

- Dark Abelian Higgs adds dark Higgs h_D for massive dark photon A' .
- A' decays into lepton pairs (or hadrons)
- For light A' masses, $Z \rightarrow h_D A'$
- At least 2 lepton pairs - similar masses.
- Fit to the average dilepton mass, $\bar{m}_{\ell\ell}$.
- $qq \rightarrow 4\ell$ dominant background.

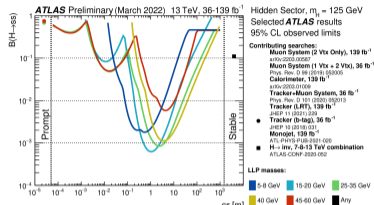
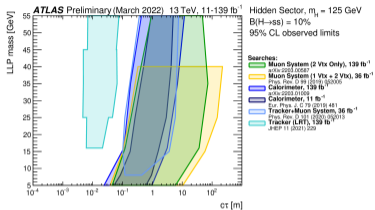
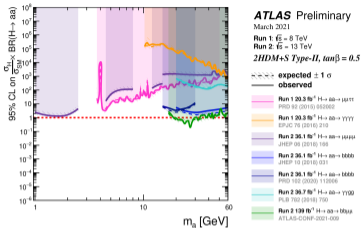




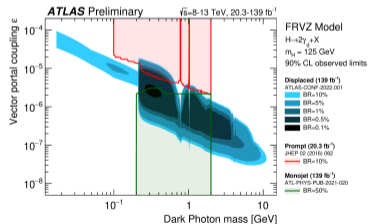
- Resonant production of dark ρ , dark π pair signature
- $\eta = m_{\pi_D} / m_{\rho_D}$
- Consider $\eta < 0.5$, thus $\rho_D^{\pm,0} \rightarrow \pi_D^{\pm,0} \pi_D^{\mp,0}$
- Gaugephobic $\rightarrow \pi_D^{0,+}$ decay to $t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{b}$
- $3t, 1b$ or $2t, 2b \rightarrow 8-10$ jets, 4 b-jets
- Fully hadronic signature, recluster into $R = 1.2$ jets.



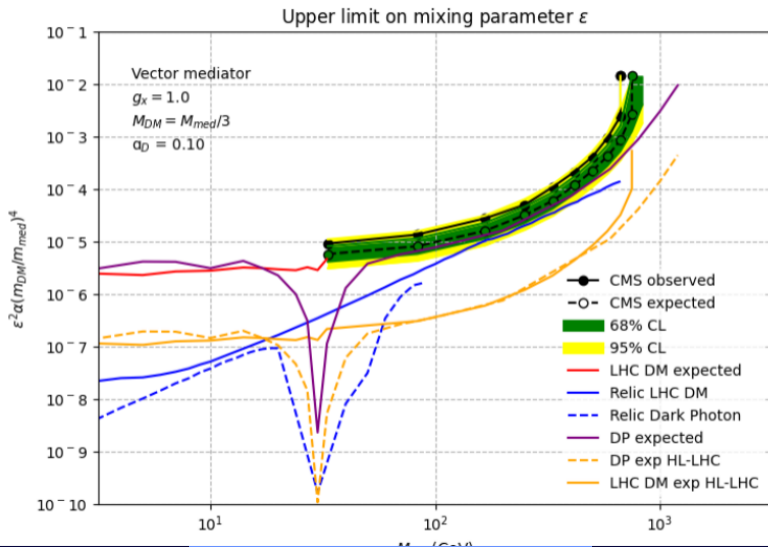
Summaries for prompt & LL signatures



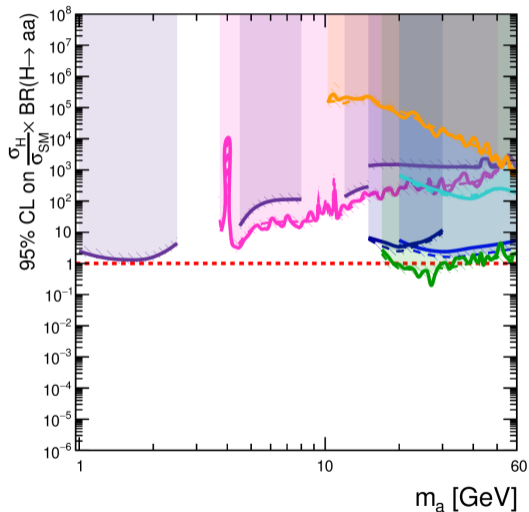
- LLP, or phase spaces with them, are ubiquitous in many DM models.
- Important complementarity with prompt searches. (Cf. visible/invisible, low-/high-mass).
- Also the very long-lived extreme e.g. monojet, $h \rightarrow \text{Inv}$ (for e.g. $h \rightarrow ss$).
- Encountered for $h \rightarrow aa$, dark photon (FRVZ, but better HAHM). Will appear for darkjets, ALPs, $2hdm+a$ /dark higgs.



Monojet and the dark photon portal



Low-mass resonance searches



ATLAS Preliminary

March 2021

Run 1: $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

Run 2: $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

2HDM+S Type-II, $\tan\beta = 0.5$

expected $\pm 1 \sigma$

observed

Run 1 20.3 fb⁻¹ H → aa → μμττ
PRD 92 (2015) 052002

Run 1 20.3 fb⁻¹ H → aa → γγγγ
EPJC 76 (2016) 210

Run 2 36.1 fb⁻¹ H → aa → μμμμ
JHEP 06 (2018) 166

Run 2 36.1 fb⁻¹ H → aa → bbbb
JHEP 10 (2018) 031

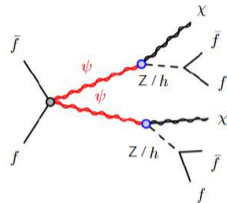
Run 2 36.1 fb⁻¹ H → aa → bbbb
PRD 102 (2020) 112006

Run 2 36.7 fb⁻¹ H → aa → γγγγ
PLB 782 (2018) 750

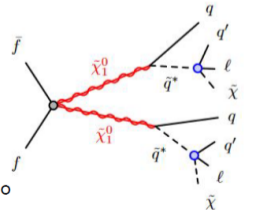
Run 2 139 fb⁻¹ H → aa → bbμμ
ATLAS-CONF-2021-009

LLP Mechanisms I

- **Co-annihilation** (SUSY models, mass-degeneracy)
 - naturally makes the slightly heavier particle long-lived
 - e.g. wino-bino/wino-Higgsino co-annihilation -> long-lived neutralinos
 - displaced Higgs, target with (e.g.) displaced vertex + MET analysis, non-prompt photons, displaced dielectrons.

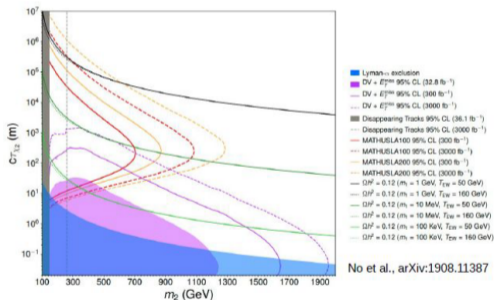


- **Asymmetric DM** (analogous to RPV SUSY)
 - connects DM abundance to baryon abundance via higher order B-L operator
 - importantly, allows LSP to decay into dark sector plus SM



Decay of a LL neutralino

- **Freeze-in** (Feebly-interacting particle (FIP) models)
 - small couplings, long-lived
 - dark sector never in thermal contact, DM produced gradually from dark sector
 - e.g. Heavy particle decays to DM & SM, s.t. DM abundance follows production rate
 - stau NLSP \rightarrow SM & DM
 - $\tilde{l}^{\pm} \rightarrow l^{\pm} \tilde{G}$
- Key feature is that the coupling is highly suppressed, thus a LL NLSP.
 - so LL sleptons: displaced leptons, disappearing track, dE/dx

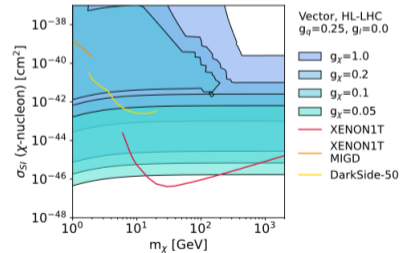
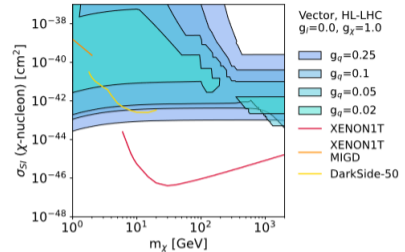


- Multi-D space.
- Usually we fix 2 of these, scan 1.

$$\sigma_{SI} \simeq 6.9 \times 10^{-41} \text{ cm}^2 \cdot \left(\frac{g_q g_{DM}}{0.25} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 \text{ TeV}}{M_{med}} \right)^4 \left(\frac{\mu_{n\chi}}{1 \text{ GeV}} \right)^2$$

Product of couplings
Mediator mass
Reduced mass

$$\mu_{n\chi} = m_n m_{DM} / (m_n + m_{DM})$$



Spare slide