Fundamental Physics with XFELs

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Dynamically Assisted Quantum Tunneling

S. Coleman: "Every child knows..."

$$P \sim \exp\left\{-\frac{2}{\hbar}\int dx\,\sqrt{2m[V(x)-E]}\right\}$$

Question: $V(x) \rightarrow V(t, x)$?

- Here: V(x) plus field $\mathfrak{E}(t)$
 - pre-acceleration
 - potential deformation
 - energy mixing
 - $E \rightarrow E + \hbar \omega$
 - displacement effect
 Kramers-Henneberger frame

C. Kohlfürst, F. Queisser, R.S., Phys. Rev. Research 3, 033153 (2021)

Adiabatic versus non-adiabatic:

Büttiker-Landauer "traversal" time

$$\mathfrak{T} = \sqrt{m} \int dx \, / \sqrt{2[V(x) - E]}$$



DRESDEN



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Dynamically Assisted Nuclear Fusion



 $^{2}_{1}\text{D} + ^{3}_{1}\text{T} \rightarrow ^{4}_{2}\text{He} + ^{1}_{0}\text{n} + 17.6 \text{ MeV}$

F. Queisser and R.S., Phys. Rev. C 100, 041601(R) (2019)

XFEL pulse Enhancement in j(t $A_x(t) = A_0/\cosh^2(\omega t)$ $\omega = 1 \text{ keV} \& 10^{16} \text{ V/m}$ Initial kinetic energy $\mathcal{E} + \hbar \omega$ F = 2 keV~~~~~~ 10 13 16 19 22 Oscillating XFEL fields t[as] $r_{\mathcal{E}}$ \rightarrow resonances at $\omega = F$ D.Ryndyk, C.Kohlfürst, F.Queisser, R.S., DRESDEN arXiv:2309.12205

Sauter-Schwinger Effect

F. Sauter, Z. Phys. 69, 742 (1931); J. S. Schwinger, Phys. Rev. 82, 664 (1951);... Schrödinger equation (non-relativistic)

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t}\psi = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\nabla^2\psi + V\psi \iff E = \frac{p^2}{2m} + V$$

Dirac equation (relativistic)

 $\gamma^{\mu} \left(i\hbar\partial_{\mu} + qA_{\mu} \right) \Psi = mc\Psi \rightsquigarrow E = V \pm \sqrt{c^2 p^2 + m^2 c^4}$

Positive and negative energy levels \rightarrow Dirac sea \rightarrow holes = positrons



Electric field: tilt $V(x) = q \mathfrak{E} x$ \rightarrow tunneling from Dirac sea



Matter from Light



Colliding XFEL pulses (Maxwell equations \checkmark transversal fields \checkmark)



Quantum Vacuum Birefringence





ruler (optically active medium) → quantum vacuum
 tension → electromagnetic fields

Light-by-light scattering: Euler-Heisenberg Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\mathfrak{E}^2 - \mathfrak{B}^2 \right) + \frac{2\alpha_{\mathsf{QED}}^2}{45m^4} \left[\left(\mathfrak{E}^2 - \mathfrak{B}^2 \right)^2 + 7 \left(\mathfrak{E} \cdot \mathfrak{B} \right)^2 \right]$$

Sub-critical fields $\mathfrak{E} \ll \mathfrak{E}_{crit} \approx 1.3 \times 10^{18} \text{ V/m}$ $\mathfrak{B} \ll \mathfrak{B}_{crit} \approx 4.4 \times 10^9 \text{ T}$ Slowly varying fields $\hbar \omega, \hbar ck \ll mc^2 \approx 511 \text{ keV}$



XFEL plus Optical Laser (plus Nuclei?)

N.Ahmadiniaz, T.E.Cowan, J.Grenzer, S.Franchino-Viñas, A.Laso Garcia, M.Šmíd, T.Toncian, M.A.Trejo, R.S., Phys. Rev. D 108, 076005 (2023)

XFEL: 10¹² photons with 6 keV

optical: 10^{22} W/cm² with 1.5 eV



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Signatures of the Unruh Effect with XFELs









- + entangled pairs
- + polarization + spectrum
- R. S., G. Schaller, and D. Habs, Phys. Rev. Lett. 97, 121302 (2006).
- R. S., G. Schaller, and D. Habs, Phys. Rev. Lett. 100, 091301 (2008).



Analogy: parametric down-conversion in quantum optics



 \rightarrow Bell states in the keV regime?

 \rightarrow interference of many electrons?



Summary

 $\mathfrak{E} \geq \mathcal{O}(10^{12} \text{V/m})$ vacuum birefringence

optical: 10²² W/cm²



 $\mathfrak{E} \geq \mathcal{O}(10^{12} \text{V/m})$ signatures of the Unruh effect 10⁹ coherent e^{-1}



 $\mathfrak{E} \geq \mathcal{O}(10^{16} \text{V/m})$ dynamically assisted nuclear fusion



 $\mathfrak{E} > \mathcal{O}(10^{17} \text{V/m})$ dynamically assisted Sauter-Schwinger pair creation



Pump & probe fields

N. Ahmadiniaz, T.E. Cowan, R. Sauerbrey, U. Schramm, H.-P. Schlenvoigt, R.S., Phys. Rev. D 101, 116019 (2020)

pump field (polarizes vacuum)		
magnetic field	laser focus	nuclear Coulomb field
$\mathcal{O}(10^{-9}\mathfrak{B}_{crit})$	$\mathcal{O}(10^{-4}\mathfrak{E}_{crit})$	$\mathcal{O}(\mathfrak{E}_{crit})$
$\delta n = \mathcal{O}(10^{-22})$	$\delta n = \mathcal{O}(10^{-11})$	$\delta n = \mathcal{O}(10^{-2})$
field strength $ ightarrow$		\leftarrow interaction volume
probe field (detects vacuum polarization)		
optical laser	XFEL	γ -ray
$\mathcal{O}(eV)$	$\mathcal{O}(keV)$	$\mathcal{O}(MeV)$
$N = \mathcal{O}(10^{20})$	$N = \mathcal{O}(10^{12})$	${\sf N}={\cal O}(1)$
wavenumber \rightarrow		\leftarrow photon number
PVLAS, BMV,	HIBEF	Delbrück (ATLAS)

N. Ahmadiniaz, M. Bussmann, T.E. Cowan, A. Debus, T. Kluge, R.S., Phys. Rev. D Lett. 104, 011902 (2021)



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