On Spectral Domain Ghost Imaging: Making Better Measurements Exploiting Correlation, Understanding Electronic motion on Natural Timescales

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UK XFEL Townhall: Fundamental Physics, Quantum Computing and Al University of Plymouth (January 18th, 2024)



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Coherent Electron Dynamics & the Attosecond Timescale

- Electron motion is responsible for photochemical change
 - O How does electronic charge (and energy) flow in a molecular system?
 - O How is this flow/motion influenced by the mutual interactions between electrons (electron-electron correlation effects)?
 - What role does electronic coherence have on subsequent nuclear motion (chemistry)?
- This is a hard question! We need to start with small model systems

$$\bigcirc T = 2\pi / \frac{\Delta E}{\hbar} \lesssim 1$$
 fs when $\Delta E \sim$ few eV

- O We need attosecond measurements
- There is other important interactions that takes place on the attosecond timescale:
 - O Photoemission delay
 - O Auger-Meitner decay
 - Interatomic Coulombic
 Decay (ICD)



L. Argenti, Phys. Rev. A 95, 043426 (2017)



Grell et al. Phys Rev. Res. 5 023092 (2023)

2023 Nobel Prize in Physics







"for experimental methods that generate attosecond pulses of light for the study of electron dynamics in matter."

Attosecond Pulses at LCLS: XLEAP project



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Objectives of the Attosecond Science Campaign at LCLS



Simulation from Gilbert Grell/Fernando Martin (UAM) and Marco Ruberti (Imperial)

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Objectives of the Attosecond Science Campaign at LCLS





Follow charge migration across the molecular backbone and study the coupling of charge motion to nuclear dynamics. Develop nonlinear X-ray techniques for probing ultrafast dynamics



Outline



- Demonstrations at existing FELs
- Applying Regression in the temporal domain
- Application to an important problem: Motion of Electron on Attosecond Timescales.
 - Exploiting Spectral Domain Ghost Imaging to follow attosecond electron motion
- Outlook on High Energy Attosecond Pulses:
 - Exploiting X-ray Nonlinearities to study transient chemical processes.

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Spectral Variation in SASE FELs

is typically thought of as a disadvantage.

What we *think* we want



What we have

Making Better Measurements thru Correlation





Classical ghost imaging – spatially modulate light source and use correlation between high resolution image and bucket detector to build image of object

P. Janassek, S. Blumenstein and W. Elsäßer, Ghost spectroscopy with classical thermal light emitted by a superluminescent diode, *Phys. Rev. Appl.*, 2018, **9**(2), 021001 C. Amiot, P. Ryczkowski, A. T. Friberg, J. M. Dudley and G. Genty, Supercontinuum spectral-domain ghost imaging, *Opt. Lett.*, 2018, **43**(20), 5025–5028 Kayser, Y., Milne, C., Juranić, P. *et al.* Core-level nonlinear spectroscopy triggered by stochastic X-ray pulses. *Nat Commun* **10**, 4761 (2019)

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Making Better Measurements thru Correlation





Multiplexing for x-ray and election in

P. Janassek, S. Blumenstein and W. Elsäßer, Ghost spectroscopy with classical thermal light emitted by a superluminescent diode, *Phys. Rev. Appl.*, 2018, **9**(2), 021001 C. Amiot, P. Ryczkowski, A. T. Friberg, J. M. Dudley and G. Genty, Supercontinuum spectral-domain ghost imaging, *Opt. Lett.*, 2018, **43**(20), 5025–5028 Kayser, Y., Milne, C., Juranić, P. *et al.* Core-level nonlinear spectroscopy triggered by stochastic X-ray pulses. *Nat Commun* **10**, 4761 (2019)

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Spectral Domain Ghost Imaging – Sub-bandwidth Resolution



Driver Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. 22 (2020)





X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy



Li J. Phys. B: At. Mol. Opt. Phys. 54 144005 (2021)



Applying Regression to the Temporal Domain

PHYSICAL REVIEW X 9, 011045 (2019) nature Hartmann 12 215-220 (2018) ART photonics https://doi.org/10.1038/s41566-018-0107-6 Attosecond time-energy structure of X-ray free-**Pump-Probe Ghost Imaging with SASE FELs** electron laser pulses D. Ratner,* J. P. Cryan, T. J. Lane, S. Li, and G. Stupakov SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Menlo Park, California 94025, USA (Received 25 October 2018: published 11 March 2019) τ_2 10 5 spectra 137 spectra Power 10 LO 10⁻² SW 10⁻³ applied Time 1111 10 sciences (a) (b) 10-5 50 100 150 200 250 300 Article # spectra **Attoclock Ptychography**

> Tobias Schweizer ^{1,*}, Michael H. Brügmann ¹, Wolfram Helml ^{2,3}, Nick Hartmann ^{1,4}, Ryan Coffee ^{4,5} and Thomas Feurer ¹

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Applying Regression to the Temporal Domain



Image Credit: Yong et al. Nat. Comm. 11, 2157 (2020), Schorb et al. App. Phys. Lett. 100, 121107 (2012)

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Applying Regression to the Temporal Domain Making "slow" detectors "ultrafast"

Averaging Conditions Si₃N₄ thin film 10 shots 100 shots 200 nm 26 26 OMOH ریا / Vield 57 3 ²⁴ Yield / u ground truth 9.5 keV X-ray Probe Pulse averaging TDGI 20 20 acuum chan 200 nm UV CSPAL **Pump Pulse** -0.5 -0.5 -1.5-1.00.0 0.5 -1.5-1.00.0 0.5 Delay / ps Delay / ps Cross-correlator Jitter Conditions "slow" detector which • 439 fs 724 fs 194 fs averages over multiple **FEL shots** 24 24 24 Yield / u 75 Yield / u) Yield / uJ "fast" single-shot • diagnostic of the relative ground truth timing traditional TDGI 20 20 20 Important of high rep. rate • -1.0-0.5 0.5 -1.0-0.5 0.5 -0.5 -1.50.0 -1.50.0 -1.5-1.00.0 0.5 **FELs** Delay / ps Delay / ps Delay / ps

Image Credit: Yong et al. Nat. Comm. 11, 2157 (2020), Schorb et al. App. Phys. Lett. 100, 121107 (2012)





Application of Spectral Domain Ghost Imaging

Resolving the Attosecond Motion of Electrons







Opportunity for fully coherent HXR FEL: HXR Diffractive Imaging of Ultrafast Charge Motion

SNAS



- Time-resolved diffractive imaging has becone an invaluable tool for probing molecular dynamics
- We can extend this to image electronic motion
- Requires good stabilization to external lase source. (sub-optical-cycle tagging?)

Yong Nat. Comm. **11**, 2157 (2020) Stankus Nat. Chem. **11**, 716 (2019) Ruddock Ang. Chem. (131) 6437 (2019) Minitti Phys. Rev. Lett. **114**, 255501(2015)



Additional Results from LCLS with Attosecond X-ray Pulses

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- Resolving photoemission time delays at x-ray wavelengths
- X-ray Imaging with sub-femtosecond pulses

 Tais Gorkhover





L. Argenti, Phys. Rev. A 95, 043426 (2017)



Additional Results from LCLS with Attosecond X-ray Pulses



- Resolving photoemission time delays at x-ray wavelengths
- X-ray Imaging with sub-femtosecond pulses
- Probing electronic coherence in core-excited states



Science 375, 285-290 (2022)



Additional Results from LCLS with Attosecond X-ray Pulses

- Resolving photoemission time delays at x-ray wavelengths
- Probing electronic coherence in core-excited states
- Probing electronic coherence in core-excited states
- Nonlinear X-ray methods for creating and probing electronic coherence





Nonlinear Spectroscopy at X-ray Wavelengths

Impulsive Stimulate Raman Scattering:



Biggs *et al.* J. Chem. Phys. **136** 174117 (2012) Mukamel Annu. Rev. Phys. Chem. **64**101–27 (2013) O'Neal et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 073203 (2020) Cryan *et al.* Adv. AMO Phys. **71** (2022) Calculation courtesy Antonio Picon

TRUECARS:

Electron dynamics (and coherence) near conical intersections



Nam JPC Lett. 12 12300 (2021) Cavelleto PRX 11 011029 (2021) Keefer PNAS 117 24069 (2020) Kowalski PRL **115** 193003 (2015)



Core-hole Correlation Spectroscopy:

2D-spectroscopy to extract electronic coupling and correlation.







Schweigert PRL **99**, 163001 (2007) Schweigert J. Chem Phys **128**, 184307 (2008)



Serrat J. Phys. Chem. Lett. **12** 1093 (2021) Serrat J. Phys. Chem. A **125** 10706 (2012)

XCARS (and re-DFG):

Credit: R. Schoenlein

wave-mixing technique to

probe SXR XAS with HXR

Attosecond Science for Problems in Chemical Sciences



- We can study the ultrafast motion of electrons in chemical systems
 - This is a crucial part of any photochemical process
 - Can electronic coherence be important to the transfer of charges in molecules?
 - Bottom-up approach, studying small molecules (which means fast evolution)

Technique development:

- Non-linear x-ray spectroscopies which are sensitive to electronic motion in chemical systems
- Multi-dimensional spectroscopies to probe correlations in electronic structure with atomic-site specificity.
 - · Important for linking to more complex systems.
- Developing machine learning approaches to data analysis of large datasets
 - Employ machine learning to make better measurements with XFELs.
 - Better spectroscopy, better time resolution

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Attosecond Campaign @ LCLS – Impulsive Ionization

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