



**LhARA**  
Laser-hybrid Accelerator for  
Radiobiological Applications

**LhARA**

the Laser-hybrid Accelerator for Radiobiological Applications

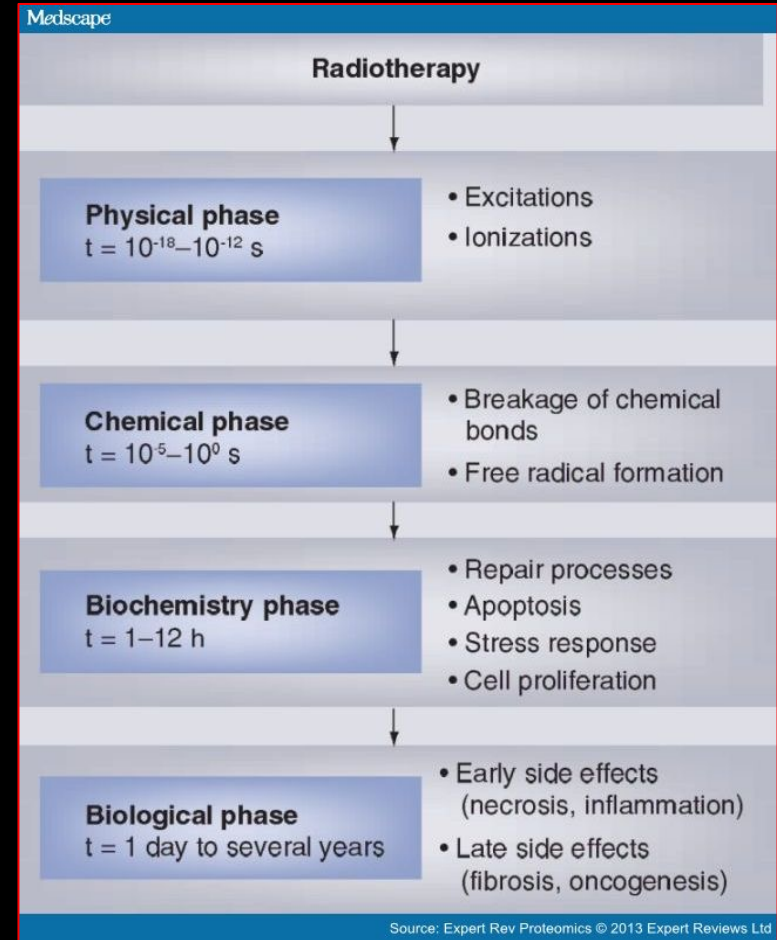
# The LhARA initiative

## Vision:

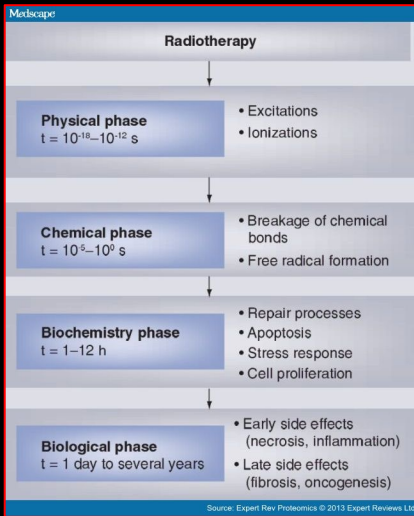
**Transform clinical practice of proton/ion-beam therapy by creating a fully automated, highly flexible system to harness the unique properties of laser-driven ion beams**

# The case for fundamental radiobiology

- Relative biological effectiveness:
  - Known to depend on:
    - Energy, ion species
    - Dose, dose rate, spatial fractionation
    - Tissue type
    - Biological endpoint
- Yet:
  - *p*-treatment planning uses 1.1
  - Effective values are used for C<sup>6+</sup>
- Maximise the efficacy of PBT



# Radiobiology in new regimens



Time domain

Space domain

Energy

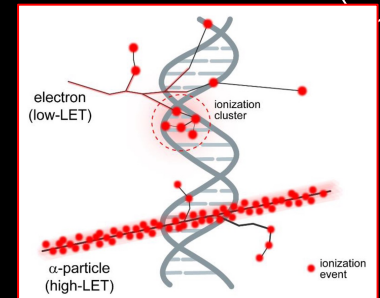
Ion species

The ideally flexible beam facility can deliver it all!

⇒ substantial opportunity for a step-change in understanding!

Multidisciplinary approach essential

In combination and with chemo/immuno therapies



# Laser-hybrid Accelerator for Radiobiological Applications

A novel, hybrid, approach:



- Laser-driven, high-flux proton/ion source
  - Overcome instantaneous dose-rate limitation
    - Capture at >10 MeV
  - Delivers protons or ions in very short pulses
    - Bunches as short as 10–40 ns
  - Triggerable; arbitrary pulse structure
- Novel “electron-plasma-lens” capture & focusing
  - Strong focusing (short focal length) without the use of high-field solenoid
- Fast, flexible, fixed-field post acceleration
  - Variable energy
    - Protons: 15–127 MeV
    - Ions: 5–34 MeV/u

LhARA performance summary <small>arXiv:2006.00493</small>				
	12 MeV Protons	15 MeV Protons	127 MeV Protons	33.4 MeV/u Carbon
Dose per pulse	7.1 Gy	12.8 Gy	15.6 Gy	73.0 Gy
Instantaneous dose rate	$1.0 \times 10^9$ Gy/s	$1.8 \times 10^9$ Gy/s	$3.8 \times 10^8$ Gy/s	$9.7 \times 10^8$ Gy/s
Average dose rate	71 Gy/s	128 Gy/s	156 Gy/s	730 Gy/s

# LhARA to serve the Ion Therapy Research Facility

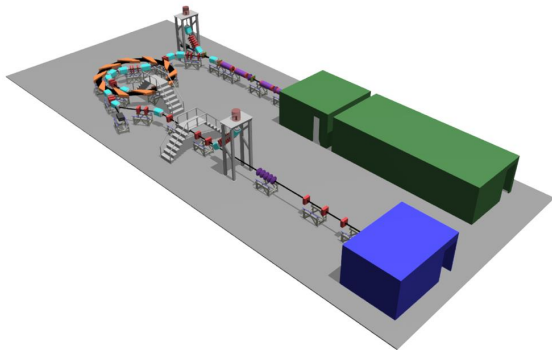
## 2-year Preliminary Activity – Project start 01Oct22: [CCAP-TN-10](#)

J. Clark, M. Noro, A. Woodcock

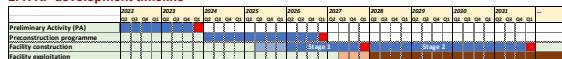
14Jun21

### Ion Therapy Research Facility

#### 1. Schematic diagram of the Ion Therapy Research Facility



#### 2. ITRF development timeline



#### 3. Institutes that make up the ITRF collaboration



2-year preliminary phase;  
Flagged need for further 3-year preconstruction phase

June 1, 2022 CCAP-TN-10 (2022)

### The Laser-hybrid Accelerator for Radiobiological Applications *R&D proposal for the preliminary, pre-construction phases*

#### The LhARA collaboration

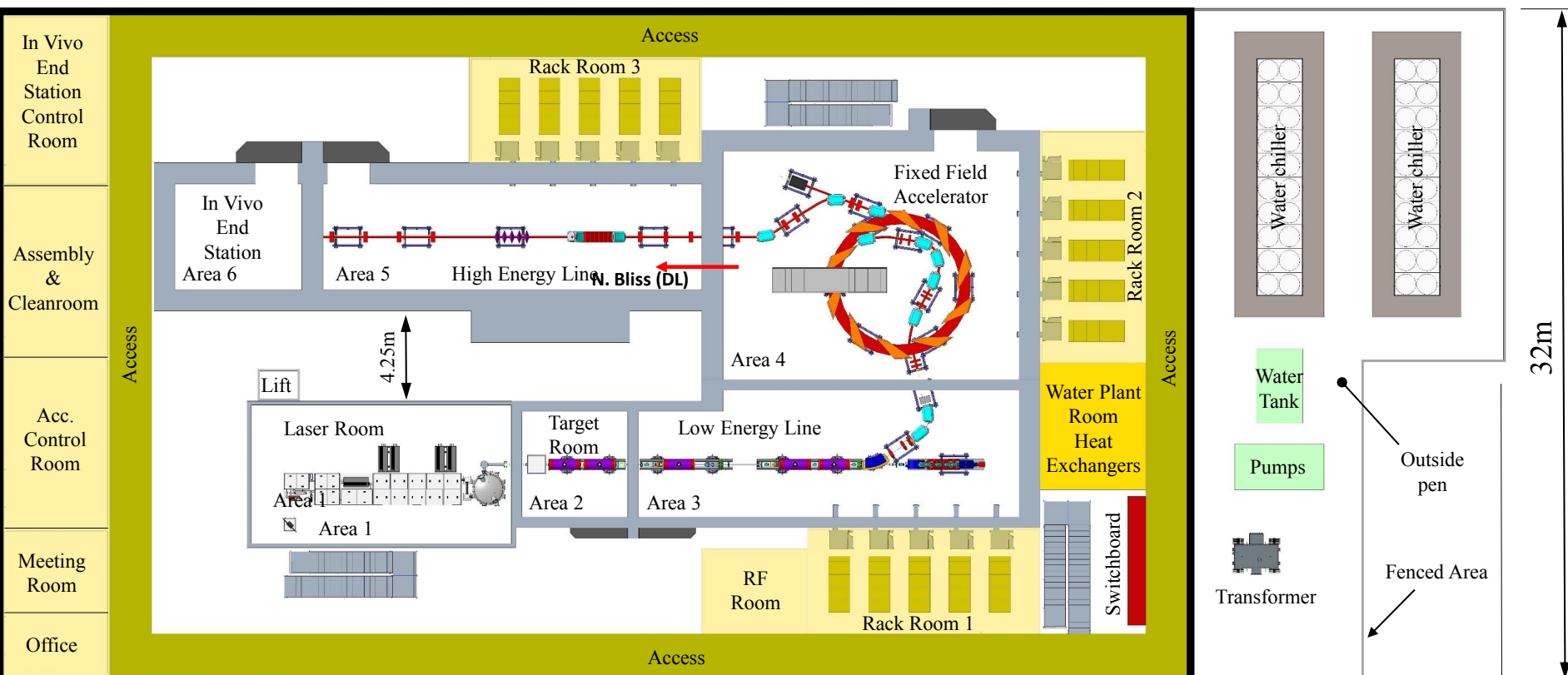
P. Allport<sup>1</sup>, A. Aymar<sup>2</sup>, C. J. Baker<sup>3</sup>, J. Bamber<sup>4</sup>, P. Beard<sup>5</sup>, T. Becker<sup>6</sup>, S. Benson<sup>7</sup>, A. Beqini<sup>8</sup>, W. Bertsche<sup>9,10</sup>, R. Bingham<sup>11,12</sup>, N. Bliss<sup>13</sup>, E. Boella<sup>14,10</sup>, S. Booger<sup>15,16</sup>, M. Borghesi<sup>17</sup>, P.N. Burrows<sup>18,19</sup>, A. Carabe<sup>20,21</sup>, M. Charlton<sup>2</sup>, J. Clarke<sup>13</sup>, B. Cox<sup>2</sup>, T.S. Dascales<sup>22</sup>, M. Doshajh<sup>23,18</sup>, N.P. Dove<sup>24,22</sup>, S. Eriksson<sup>3</sup>, O.C. Ettliger<sup>4,22</sup>, A. Giaccia<sup>25,26</sup>, S. Gibson<sup>15,16</sup>, R. Gray<sup>11</sup>, S. Green<sup>27</sup>, T. Greenshaw<sup>28</sup>, D. Gujral<sup>29</sup>, H.C. Hall<sup>30</sup>, E.M. Hammond<sup>29</sup>, C. Hardiman<sup>31</sup>, E.J. Harris<sup>4</sup>, L. Holland<sup>32</sup>, A. Howard<sup>24</sup>, W.G. Jones<sup>24,30</sup>, K.J. Kirkby<sup>33,34</sup>, A. Kirkland<sup>32,35</sup>, A. Knoll<sup>36</sup>, T. Kokalova<sup>1</sup>, D. Kordopati<sup>24</sup>, T.J. Kuo<sup>27</sup>, A. Kurup<sup>22,2</sup>, J.B. Lagrange<sup>2</sup>, H.T. Lau<sup>24</sup>, K.R. Long<sup>24,22,37</sup>, W. Luk<sup>38</sup>, A.E. MacIntosh-LaRoque<sup>24</sup>, R. Mamutoy<sup>39,40</sup>, T. Masilela<sup>41,42</sup>, J. Matheson<sup>37</sup>, M. Maxouti<sup>22,37</sup>, J.M. McGarrigle<sup>24,41</sup>, P. McKenna<sup>11,43</sup>, R. McLauchlan<sup>44,24</sup>, I. McNeish<sup>14</sup>, M. Merchant<sup>33</sup>, Z. Najmudin<sup>24,22</sup>, S.R. O'Neill<sup>14</sup>, U. Oelke<sup>4</sup>, H. Owen<sup>13</sup>, C. Palmer<sup>17</sup>, J.L. Parsons<sup>45,46</sup>, J. Pasternak<sup>27,2</sup>, H. Poptani<sup>17</sup>, J. Pozimski<sup>24,22,2</sup>, Y. Prezado<sup>41,42</sup>, P. Price<sup>44</sup>, T. Price<sup>4</sup>, K.M. Prise<sup>48</sup>, P.P. Rajeev<sup>12</sup>, P. Ratoff<sup>4,10</sup>, C. Rogers<sup>2</sup>, F. Romano<sup>49</sup>, G. Schettino<sup>50,51</sup>, W. Shields<sup>15</sup>, R.A. Smith<sup>24</sup>, D. Spiers<sup>11,43</sup>, R. Taylor<sup>22</sup>, J. Thomson<sup>2</sup>, S. Towse<sup>52</sup>, P. Weightman<sup>38</sup>, C.P. Welsh<sup>26,10</sup>, C. Wheldon<sup>1</sup>, C. Whyte<sup>11,43</sup>, R. Xiao<sup>53</sup>

<sup>1</sup> School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Edgbaston, Birmingham, B15 2TT, UK  
<sup>2</sup> ISIS Neutrons and Muon Source, STFC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Harwell Oxford, Didcot OX11 0QX, UK  
<sup>3</sup> Department of Physics, Faculty of Science and Engineering, Swansea University, Singleton Park, Swansea, SA2 8PP, UK  
<sup>4</sup> The Institute of Cancer Research, 123 Old Brompton Road, London, SW7 3RP, UK  
<sup>5</sup> Dept of Medical Physics and Biomedical Engineering, University College London, WC1E 6BT, UK  
<sup>6</sup> Maclear Technologies Limited, 3 Hammermill Grove, London W6 0RD, UK  
<sup>7</sup> Department of Radiology, Netherlands Cancer Institute-Antoni Van Leeuwenhoek, Amsterdam, The Netherlands  
<sup>8</sup> Faculty of Mechanical Engineering, Ss. Cyril and Methodius University, Razer Boskovicki, Skopje 1000, Republic of North Macedonia  
<sup>9</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, The University of Manchester, Oxford Rd, Manchester, M13 9PL, UK  
<sup>10</sup> Cockcroft Institute, Daresbury Laboratory, Sci-Tech Daresbury, Keckwick Ln, Daresbury, Warrington UK  
<sup>11</sup> Central Laser Facility, STFC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Harwell Oxford, Didcot OX11 0QX, UK  
<sup>12</sup> STFC Daresbury Laboratory, Daresbury, Cheshire, WA4 4AD, UK  
<sup>13</sup> Department of Physics, Lancaster University, Bailrigg, Lancaster LA1 4YW, UK  
<sup>14</sup> Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham, Surrey, TW20 0EX, UK  
<sup>15</sup> John Adams Institute, Department of Physics, Royal Holloway, University of London, Egham, TW20 0EX, UK  
<sup>16</sup> School of Mathematics and Physics, Queen's University Belfast, University Road, Belfast, BT7 1NN, Northern Ireland, UK  
<sup>17</sup> John Adams Institute, University of Oxford, Keble Rd, Oxford, OX1 3RH  
<sup>18</sup> Particle Physics, Denis Wilkinson Building, Keble Rd, Oxford, OX1 3RH  
<sup>19</sup> Department of Medical Physics, Hampton University Proton Therapy Institute, Hampton, VA 23666  
<sup>20</sup> Hampton University  
<sup>21</sup> John Adams Institute for Accelerator Science, Imperial College London, London SW7 2AZ, UK  
<sup>22</sup> DG Unit, CERN, CH-1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland

To serve ITRF: 2 + 3-year project  
in 6 work packages:

1. Project Management
2. Laser-driven proton and ion source
3. Proton and ion capture
4. Real-time dose-deposition profiling
5. Novel, automated, end-station development
6. Facility design and integration

First two years of  
“Full five-year proposal”  
[CCAP-TN-10](#)



57m  
Front. Phys., 29 September 2020; DOI: 10.3389/fphy.2020.567738

72m

N. Bliss et al

15m

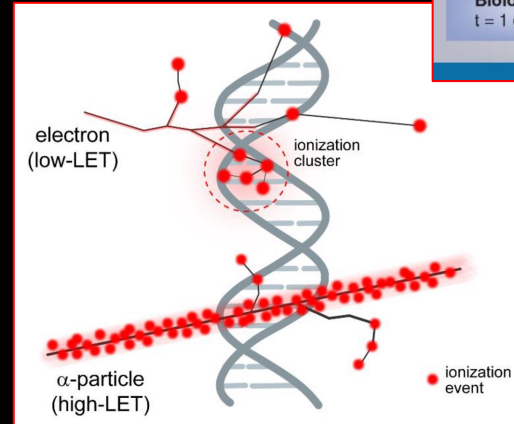
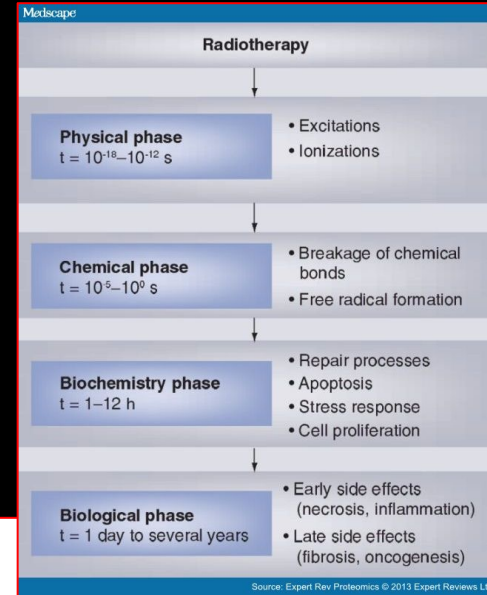
Draft

⇒ compact, uniquely flexible facility



# Low-energy *in-vitro* end station

- Maximum rep rate 10 Hz
  - With current specification
- Realisation of full scientific potential requires:
  - Automation
  - Novel instrumentation:
    - High dose rate
    - Spatial fractionation
    - “Readout” in  $< 0.1s$





# Conclusions

- Laser-driven sources are disruptive technologies ...
  - With the potential to drive a step-change in clinical capability
- Laser-hybrid approach has potential to:
  - Overcome dose-rate limitations of present PBT sources
  - Deliver uniquely flexible facility:
    - Range of: ion species; energy; dose; dose-rate; time; and spatial distribution
  - Be used in automated, triggerable system → reduce requirement for large gantry
    - Disruptive/transformational approach to “distributed PBT for 2050”
- Peer-group consultation critical:
  - Maximise scientific potential through:
    - Automation
    - Novel techniques, instrumentation, operation, procedures ...

# Beyond today

- Peer-group essential preparation for bid for continuation:
  - Start from and extend:
    - Full five-year proposal

CCAP-TN-10	P. Allport et al.	<b>The Laser-hybrid Accelerator for Radiobiological Applications</b> <i>R&amp;D proposal for the preliminary, pre-construction phases</i>	Revision 1	27/07/2022	BibTeX
------------	-------------------	--	------------	------------	--------

- Target UKRI cross-council call to secure resource for multidisciplinary end-station development activity

UK Research and Innovation

Apply for funding | Manage your award | What we offer | News and events

About UKRI | Our councils

Wave 4:  
Call opens: 02Oct23  
Decision. : 01Mar24  
Funding : 01Oct24

Home > What we offer > Creating world-class research and innovation infrastructure

## Creating world-class research and innovation infrastructure

**Funding opportunity**

### UKRI cross research council responsive mode pilot scheme: round 1

Opportunity status: Open

Funders: UK Research and Innovation, [Arts and Humanities Research Council \(AHRC\)](#), [Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council \(BBSRC\)](#), [Economic and Social Research Council \(ESRC\)](#), [Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council \(EPSRC\)](#), [Medical Research Council \(MRC\)](#), [Natural Environment Research Council \(NERC\)](#), [Science and Technology Facilities Council \(STFC\)](#)

Funding type: Grant

Total fund: £32,500,000

Award range: £200,000 - £1,200,000

Publication date: 25 May 2023

#### Timeline

- 8 June 2023  
Opening date for outline applications in Je-S
- 13 and 22 June 2023  
Webinars
- 20 July 2023 4:00pm  
Closing date for outline applications
- Late November 2023  
Opening date for full applications in UKRI Funding Service