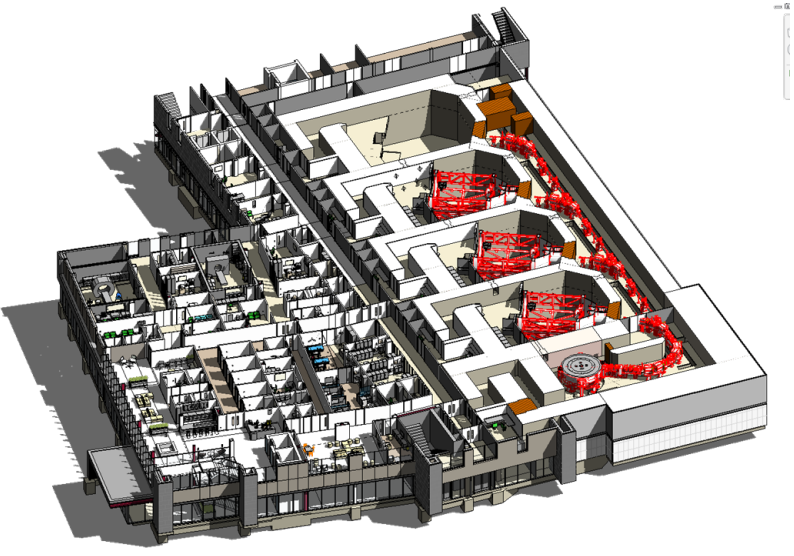
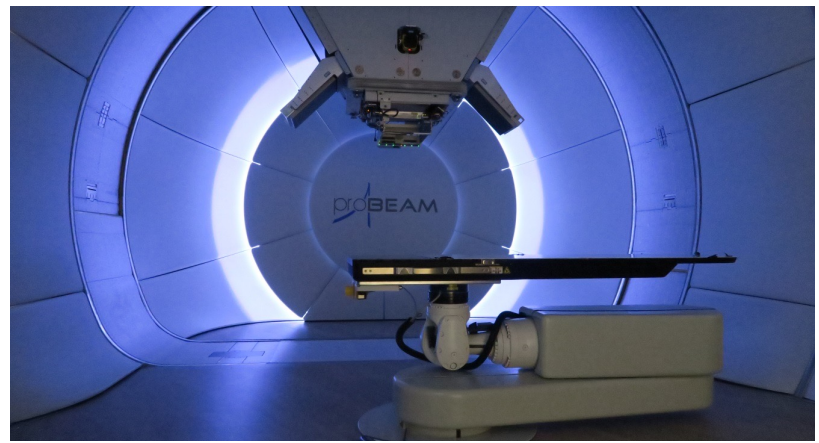


ITRF: WP3

Karen Kirkby Mark Johnson* and Hywel Owen*,
University of Manchester, The Christie NHS Foundation Trust
*Accelerator Science and Technology Centre

Emily Barrett PhD student starts Sept 2023

21st March 2023





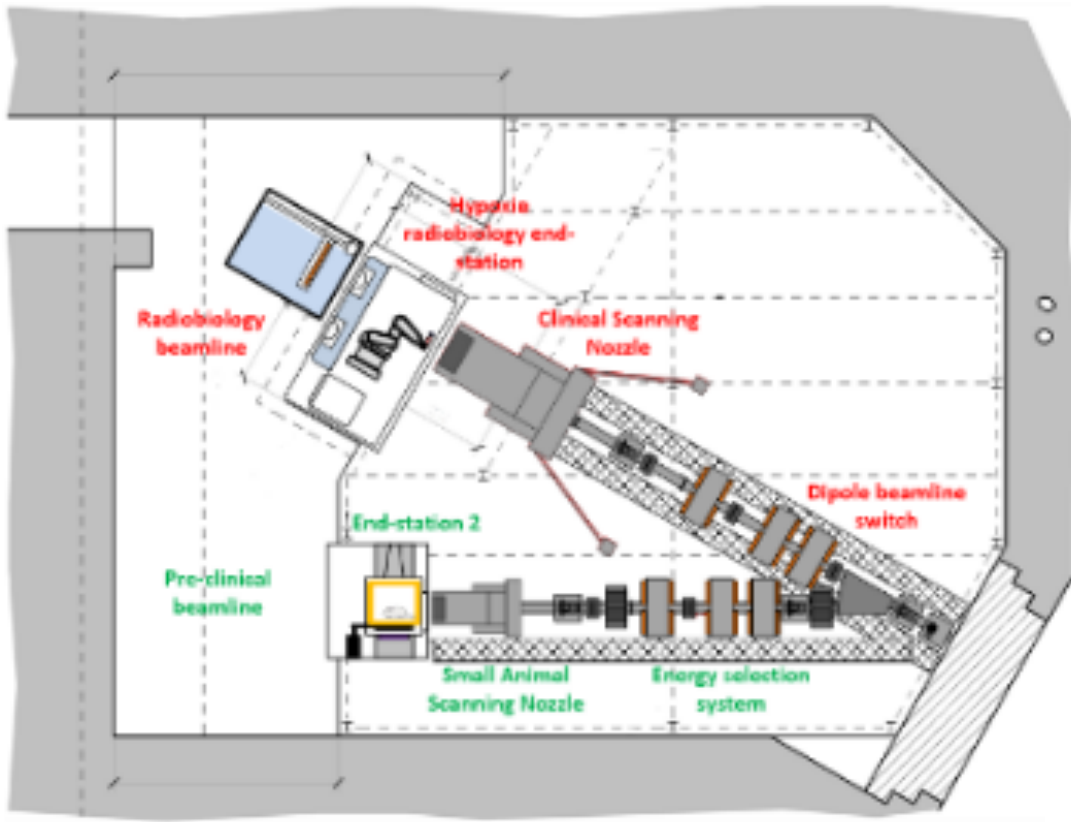
Facility requirements

- Establishing a community and finding out what they would use.
- Will need strong letters of support from the biology and clinical communities
- Develop a community who want to use ITRF and be prepared to travel to use it.
- Funding model, a facility would need to attract people in to use it to defray its running costs.
- It would need biology and animal house facilities nearby
- If you build it will they come?

Draft Requirements for a facility

- *In vitro*, high throughput 2D, 3D, range of plates that are commercially available (largely plastic) from 6 well- 340 wells for drug screening, range of Flask sizes...
- *In vivo* (mice, rats) high throughput, with imaging and able to mimic gantry movement
- Larger animals, companion animals?
- H, He, Li?, B?, C, O, Ne? (He really needs to be available, as there are clinical trials going on in this area)
- Spot scanning (3 cm x 3cm) *in vivo*, ideally 20 x 20 cm *in vitro*
- also single spots
- Able to penetrate 5-15 cm in tissue
- FLASH (> 40Gy/s using Folkert's definition with spot scanning / volume effect)
- Bragg peak FLASH
- Spatially fractionated, could use collimator but ideally using focussed spots to deliver

Research room: design



Mike Merchant



Mike Taylor



Hywel Owen

- Flexible design
 - air changes
 - cooling
 - cooling water
 - water wall
 - gases
 - Floor
 - Water
 - Electricity
 - Earthing
 - Radiation protection
 - Infrastructure
 - connections
 - Beam lines
 - End Stations
 - crane
 - Clinical nozzle

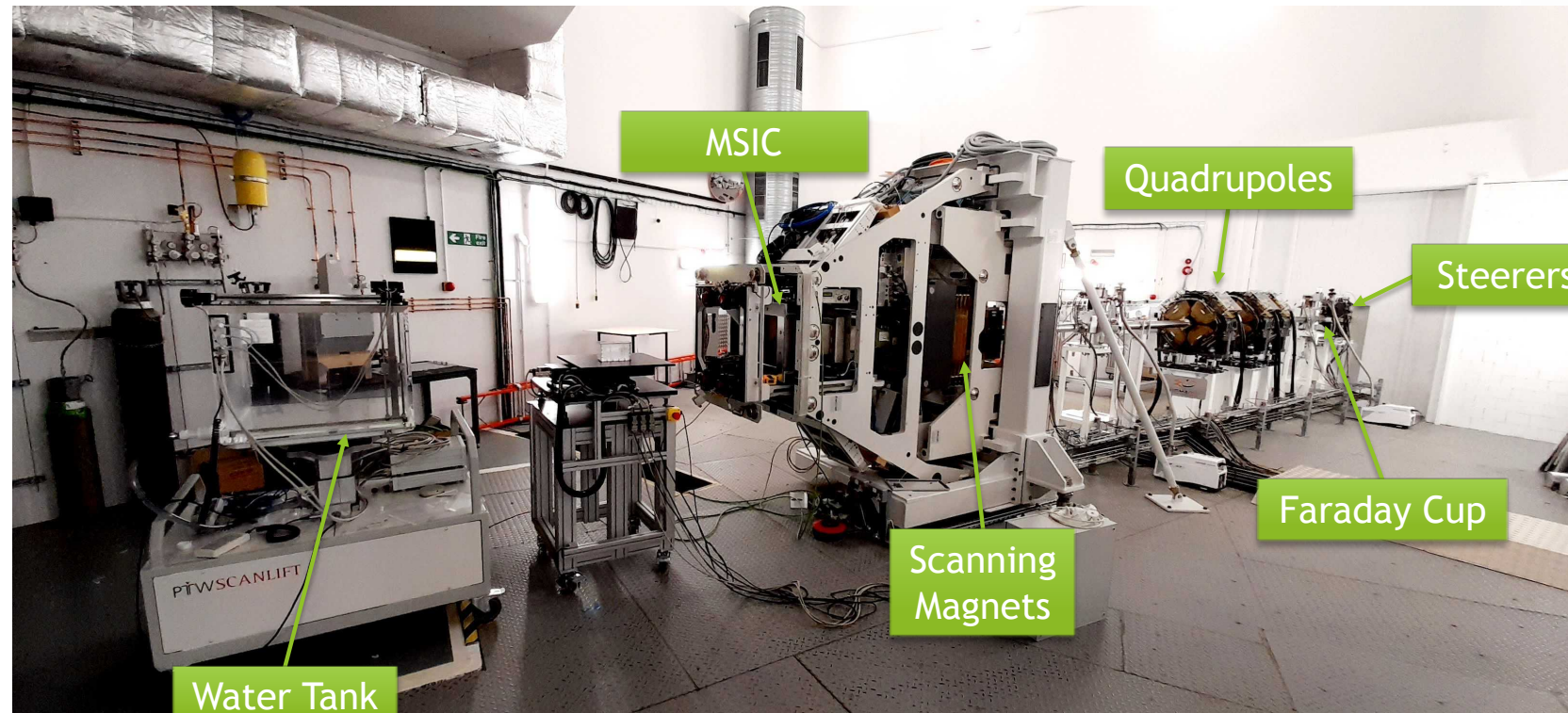
Research room



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j2QR4PQvaeI>

Building beamlines

Surrey



Manchester



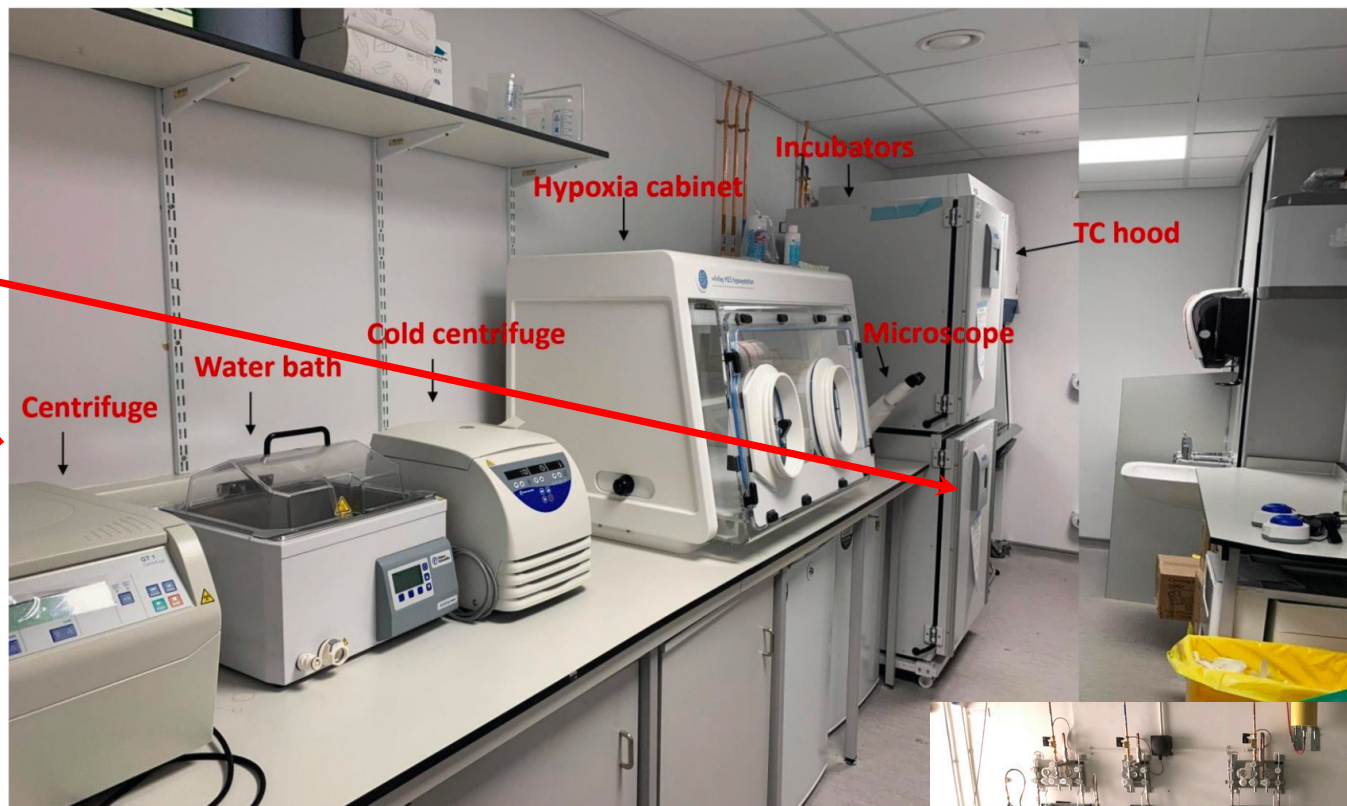
PBT Research room: Bio Prep room & control room



The Christie
Charitable Fund

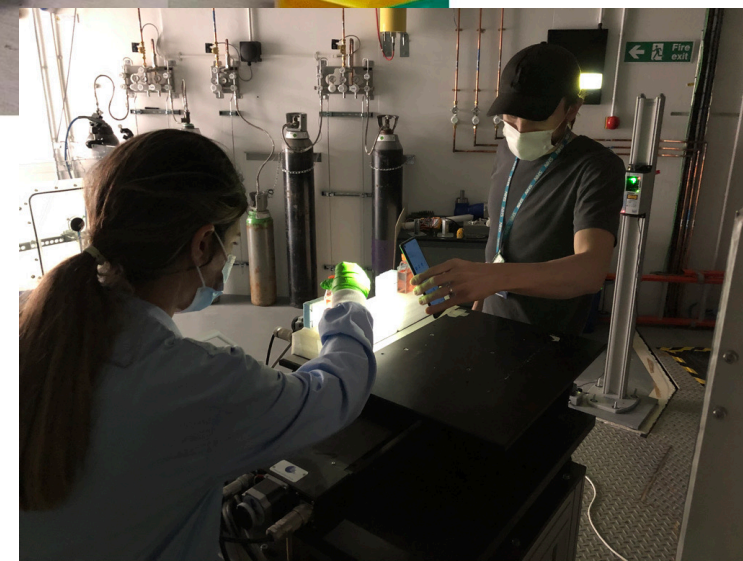
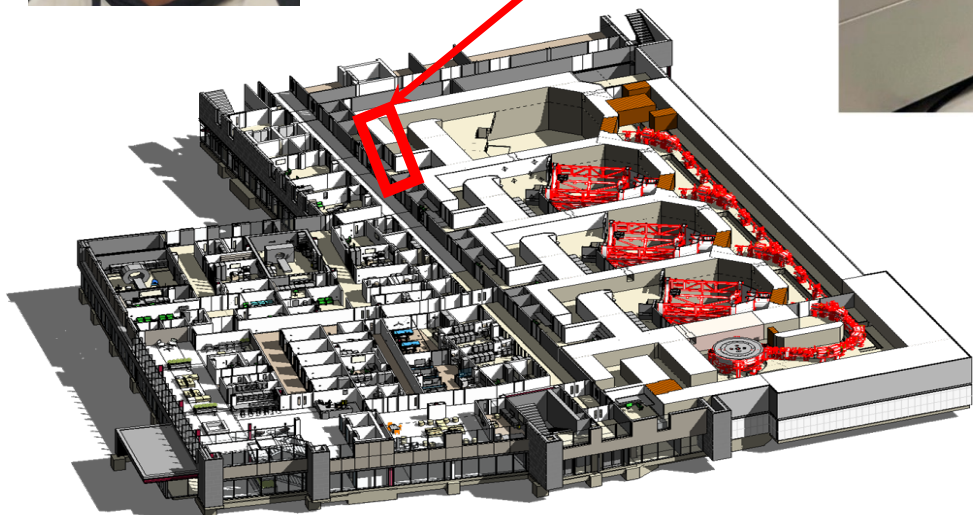


incucyte live cell analysis



Live cell imaging system

EVOS m7000

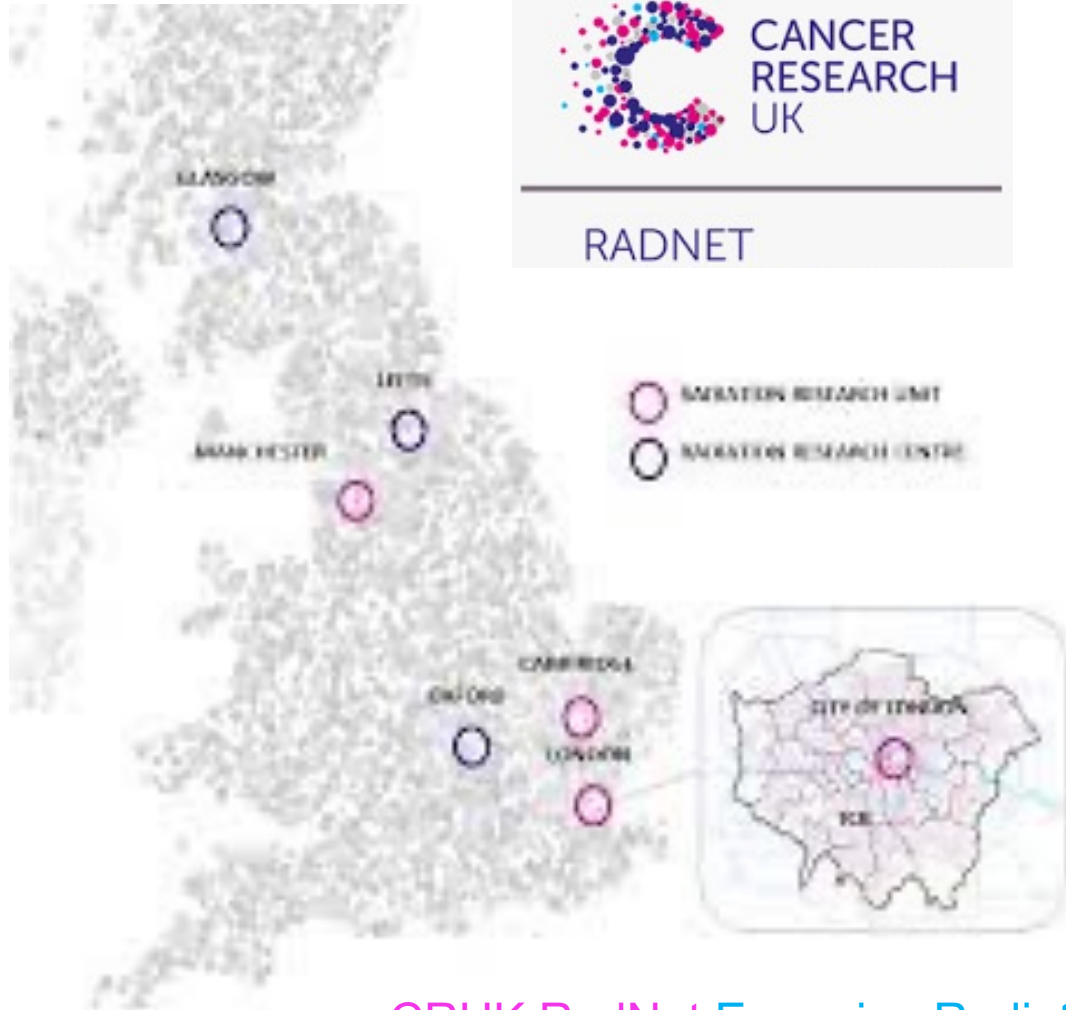


Close access to state of the art facilities



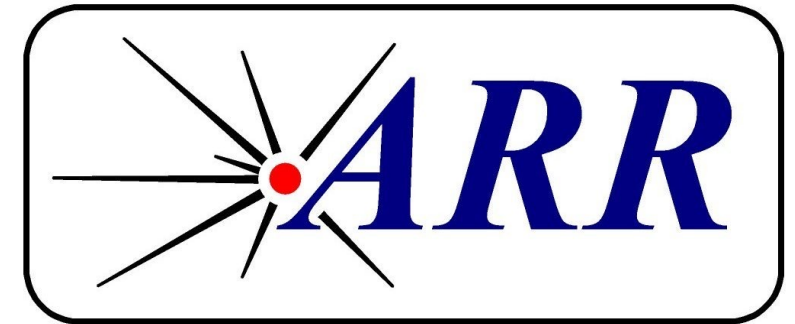
High throughput and high-resolution imaging
Genomics, proteomics, metalabomics
molecular biology facilities, FACS...
Animal house
Engineering space

Engaging with stakeholders



CRUK RadNet Emerging Radiotherapy Technologies Working Group

CTRRad
NCRI Radiotherapy
Research Group



CTRad

NCRI Radiotherapy
Research Group

Emerging Radiotherapy Technologies

CRUK-ARR RADIATION RESEARCH CONFERENCE

4-6 JUNE 2023
UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW

Submit your abstract by 31 March



Science and
Technology
Facilities Council



CANCER
RESEARCH
UK



In partnership with



Designing end-stations: for the user community

Reduce biological uncertainties

Accurate Dosimetry (1-15 Gy)
conventional (3%) and FLASH (5%)

Reproducibility

range of sample sizes

compatible with analysis equipment

Controlled environment
infection control

High precision control

single beam

spot scanning

emulate clinical delivery

fractionation

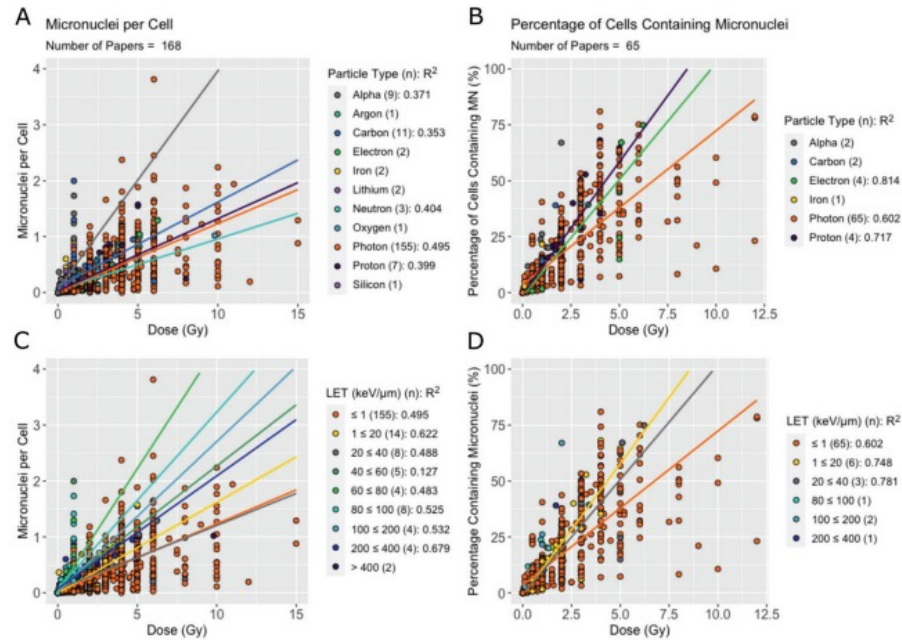
Ultra high dose rate (FLASH)

transmission

Bragg peak

Spatially fractionated

reduced beam spot 2.4mm



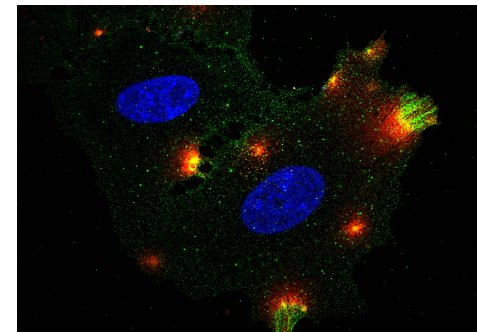
in vitro

high throughput

2D, 3D, tissue

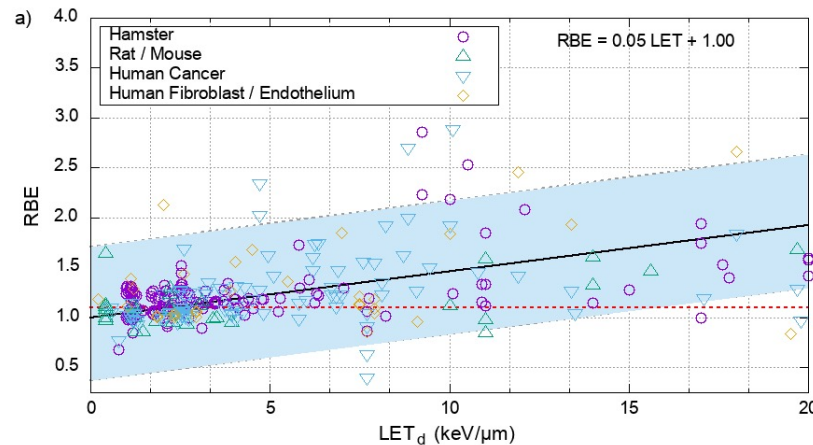
in vivo

range of models

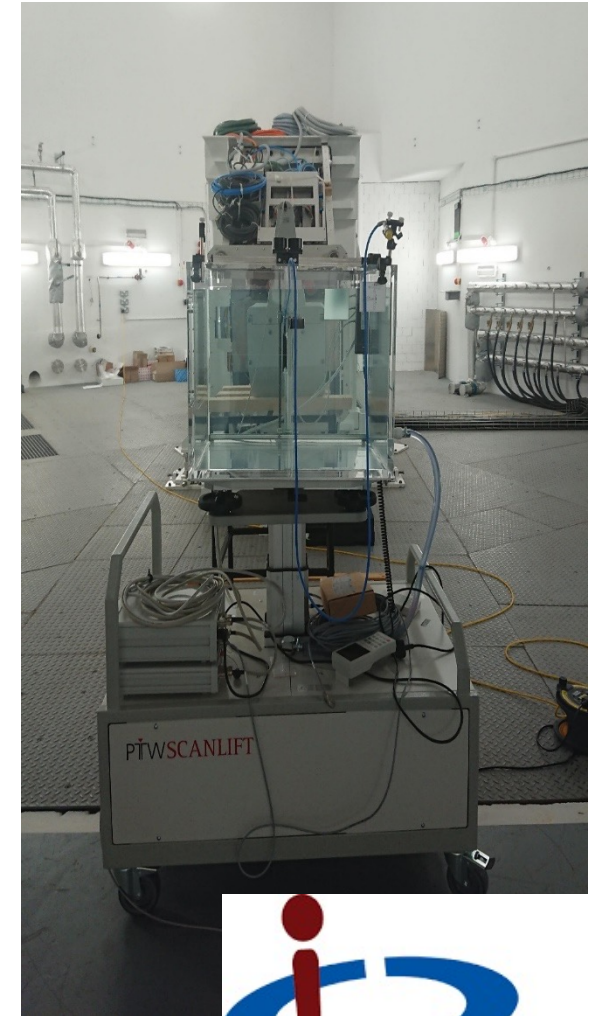


Heaven et al.2022 [10.1093/mutage/geac001](https://doi.org/10.1093/mutage/geac001)

Paganetti 2014 DOI: [10.1088/0031-9155/59/22/R419](https://doi.org/10.1088/0031-9155/59/22/R419)



PBT research room: beamline A



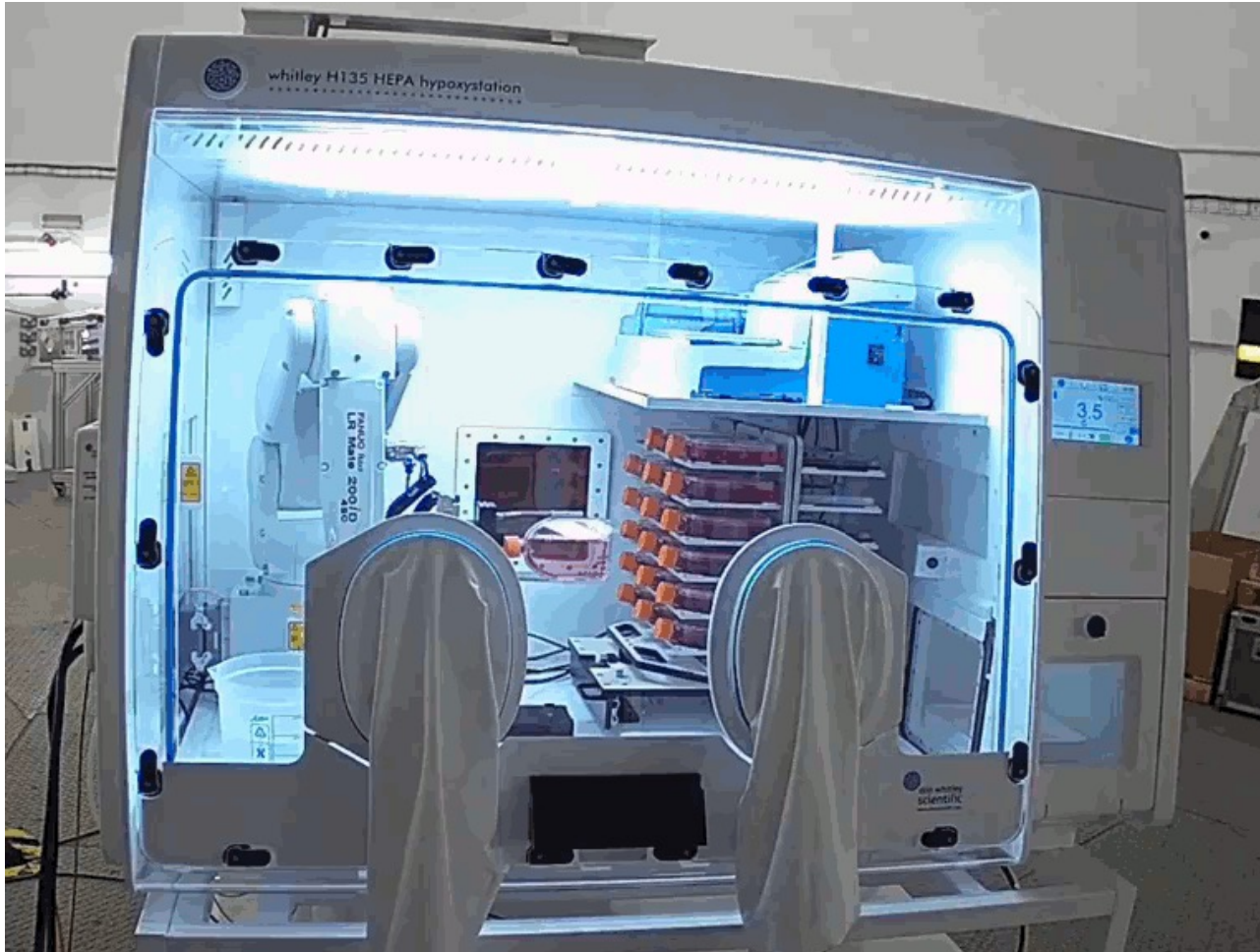
The Christie
Charitable Fund



The Cockcroft Institute
of Accelerator Science and Technology

End Stations: Hypoxia; high throughput end station

Working with Don Whitley Scientific



Environmental Control

- **O₂**: 0.1% - ambient
- **CO₂**: 0% - 20%
- **Temperature**: ambient +4°C - 45°C
- **Humidity**: ambient – 100%

Irradiation:

- 20 x 20 cm scanning area
- 6-axis robot: 30s between sample
- 36 sample hotel
- Automated liquid handling for 96-well plates
- Scattered dose to hotel at worst 1.27 mGy/Gy
- Conventional; FLASH

Example experiment:

- 56x Samples, 300 Gy delivered, 2 hours

But now they want more: low temperatures, on-line imaging, more samples

New end-station adaptation

2nd hotel of samples to increase throughput

Cooled stage

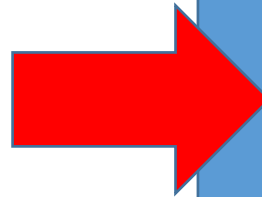
DNA repair

FLASH studies

On line microscopy

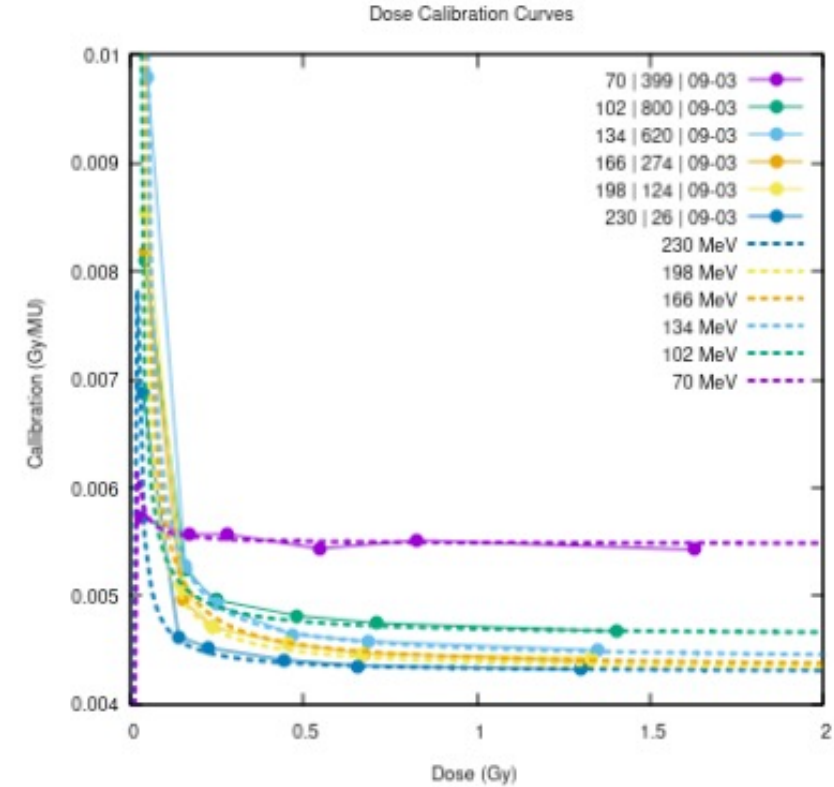
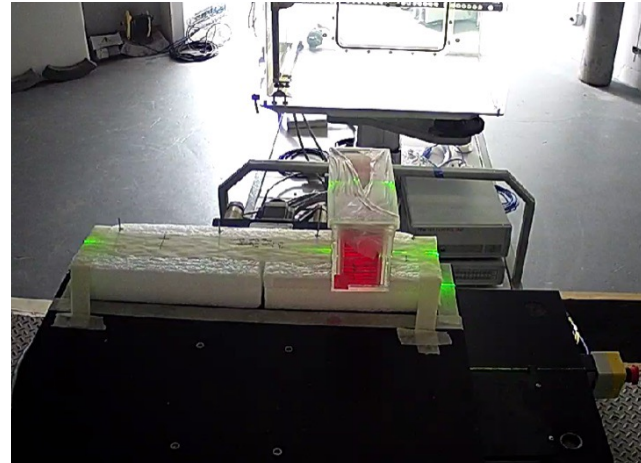
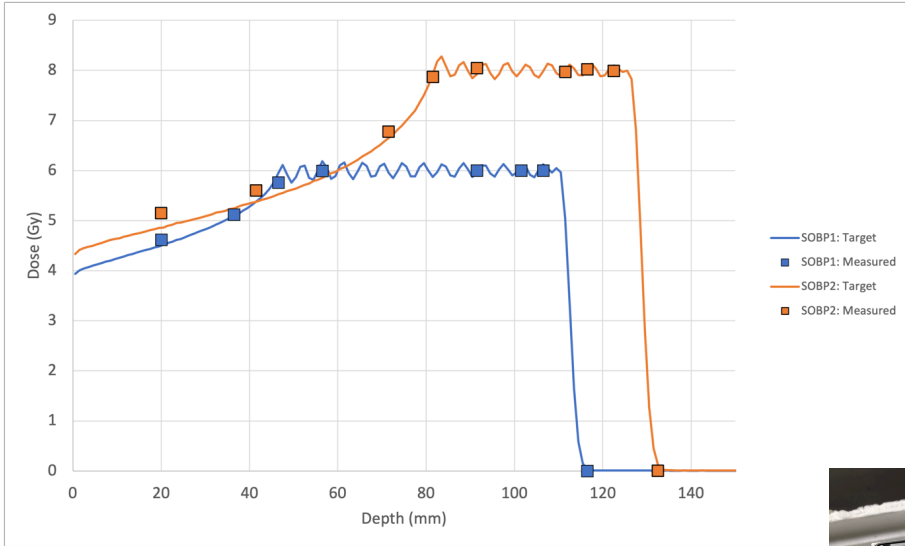
Utilise same robot

and much much more



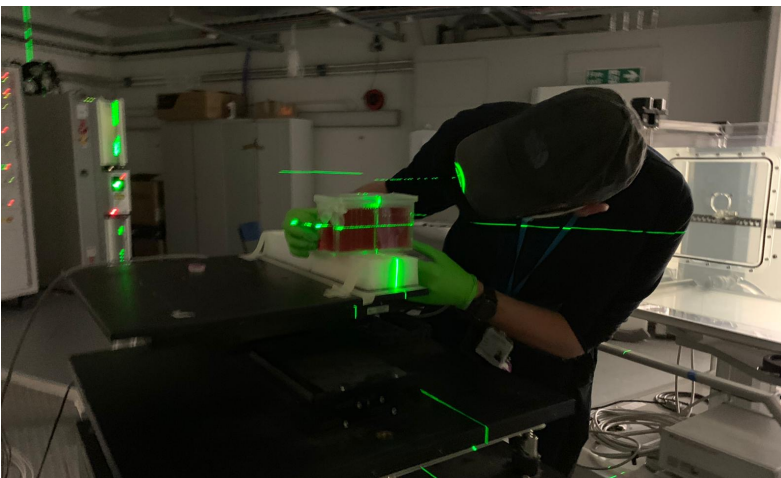
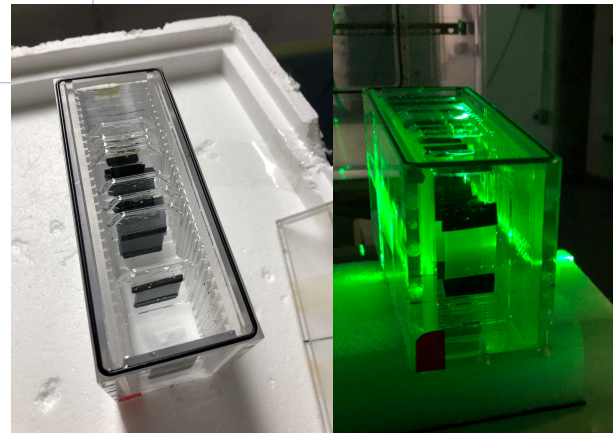
QA and dosimetry

- Accurate, reproducible Dosimetry: GSI Phantom



120 MeV | 800 nA

Target Dose (Gy)	Measured Dose (Gy)	StDev (Gy)
2.00	2.0074	0.0006
4.00	4.022	0.005
6.00	6.00	0.03
10.00	10.03	0.01



Ultra high dose rate FLASH

MANCHESTER CANCER RESEARCH CENTRE



MANCHESTER CENTRE

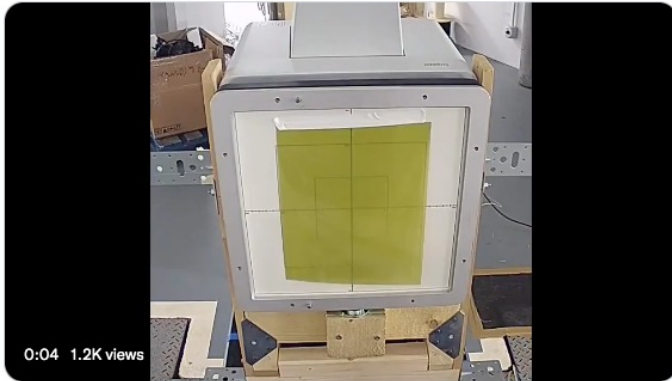
A DAY IN THE LIFE....

“On the night of 25th February 2021 members of the University of Manchester PRECISE group and The Christie Medical Physics and Engineering set out to deliver the first Ultra-High Dose Rate (UHDR) proton beams into the Stoller Research Room of the Proton Beam Therapy Centre.....”

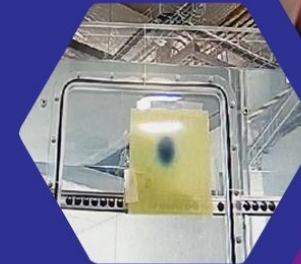
Jack Aylward,
Postgraduate Researcher
Research Group: PRECISE

Sam Manger
@spmng

A Manchester bee drawn with the proton FLASH beam at the end of the night in the @Proton_Research research room 🐝 Thanks to Nick Henthorn, @mike_merchant, @ranmackay, @jackdaylward and @SamPIngram for work on FLASH these last two weeks 🐝



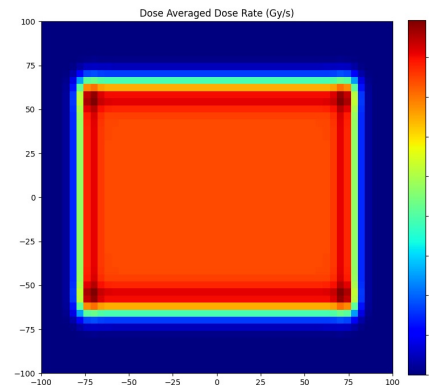
9:52 AM · Aug 6, 2021 · Twitter for iPhone



Training and Education Newsletter
Autumn/Winter 2021

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A Siemens Healthineers Company

FlashForward™
Consortium

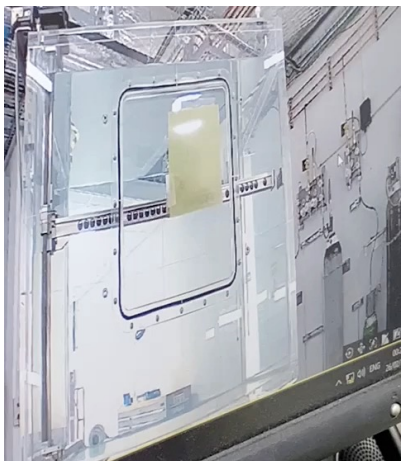


Standard Operation (≤ 2 nA at nozzle)

Energy (MeV)	Minimum Nozzle Current (nA)	Maximum Nozzle Current (nA)
70	0.0025	0.41
244	0.52	2.0

FLASH Operation

Energy (MeV)	Maximum Nozzle Current (nA)	Dose Rate (Gy/s)
244	88	175

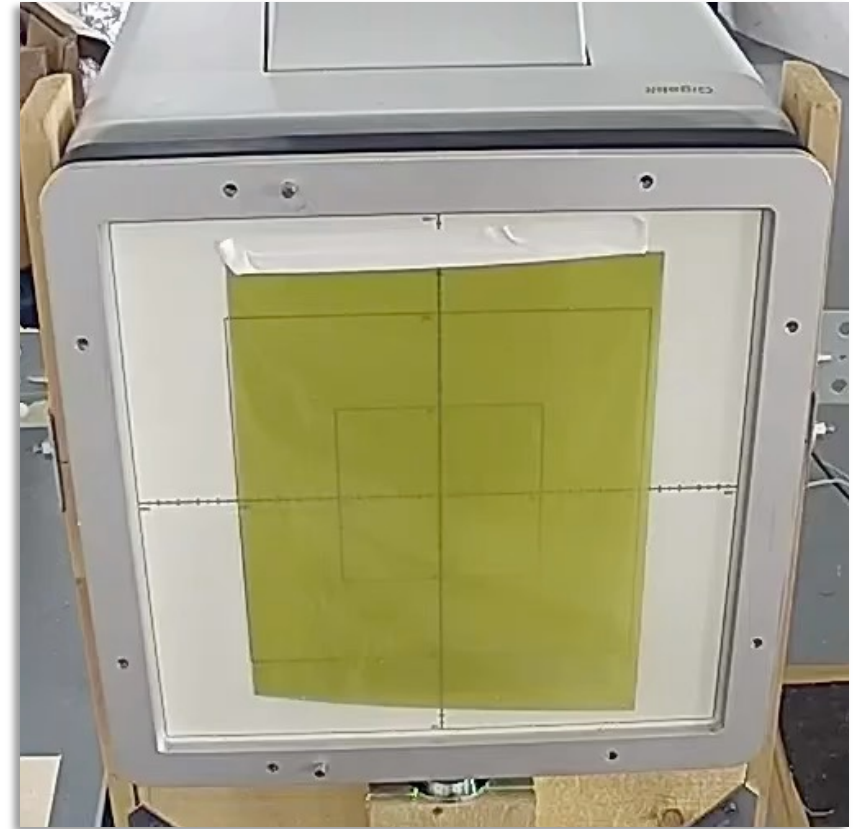


FLASH: Scanning Test

Conventional



FLASH



Pre-clinical Beamline End-station

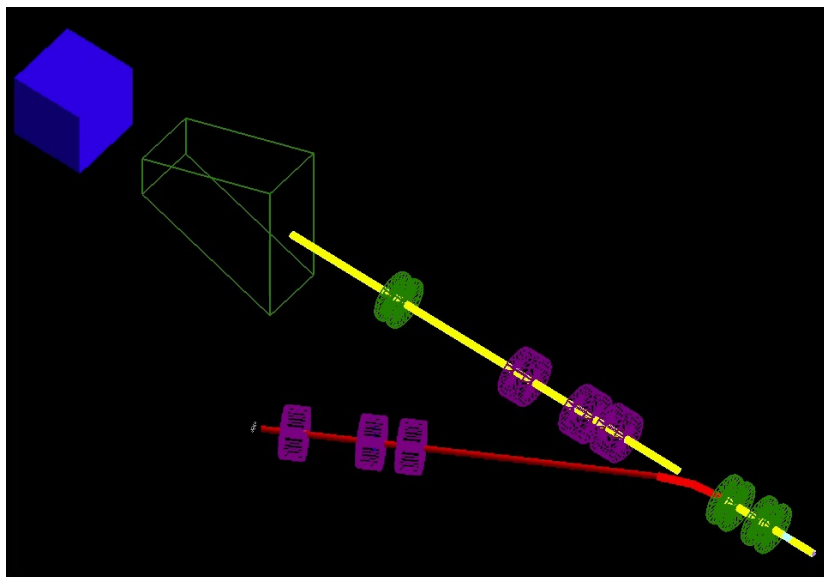
Pre-clinical Beamline

- 1 mm σ spot, 3 cm x 3 cm scanning area
- Flash capable (Bragg peak) [1 MeV – 65 MeV]
- Working with Cockcroft Institute (Prof R Appleby)

Investigating automation solutions.

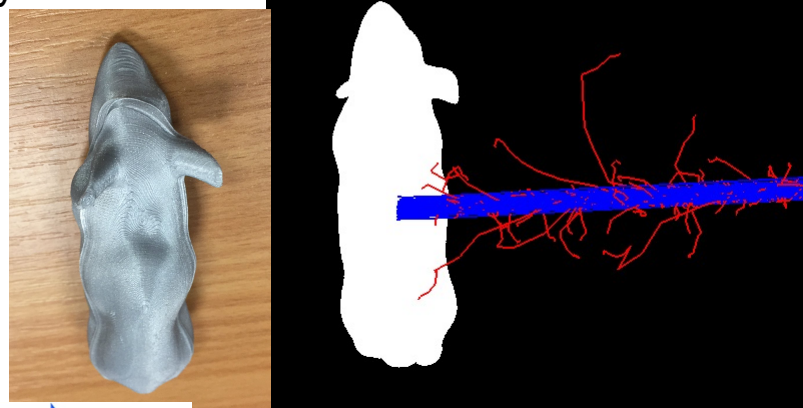
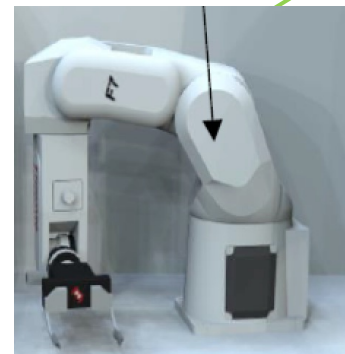
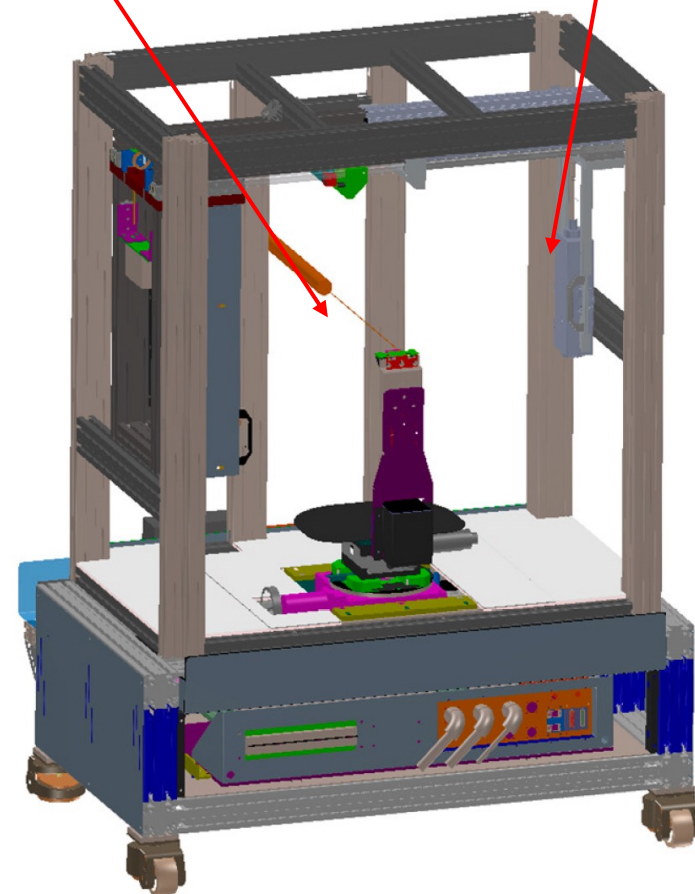
High throughput and high repeatability are central to design philosophy.

Working with XStrahl



Proton nozzle

Microfocus X-ray imaging



Medical Research Council



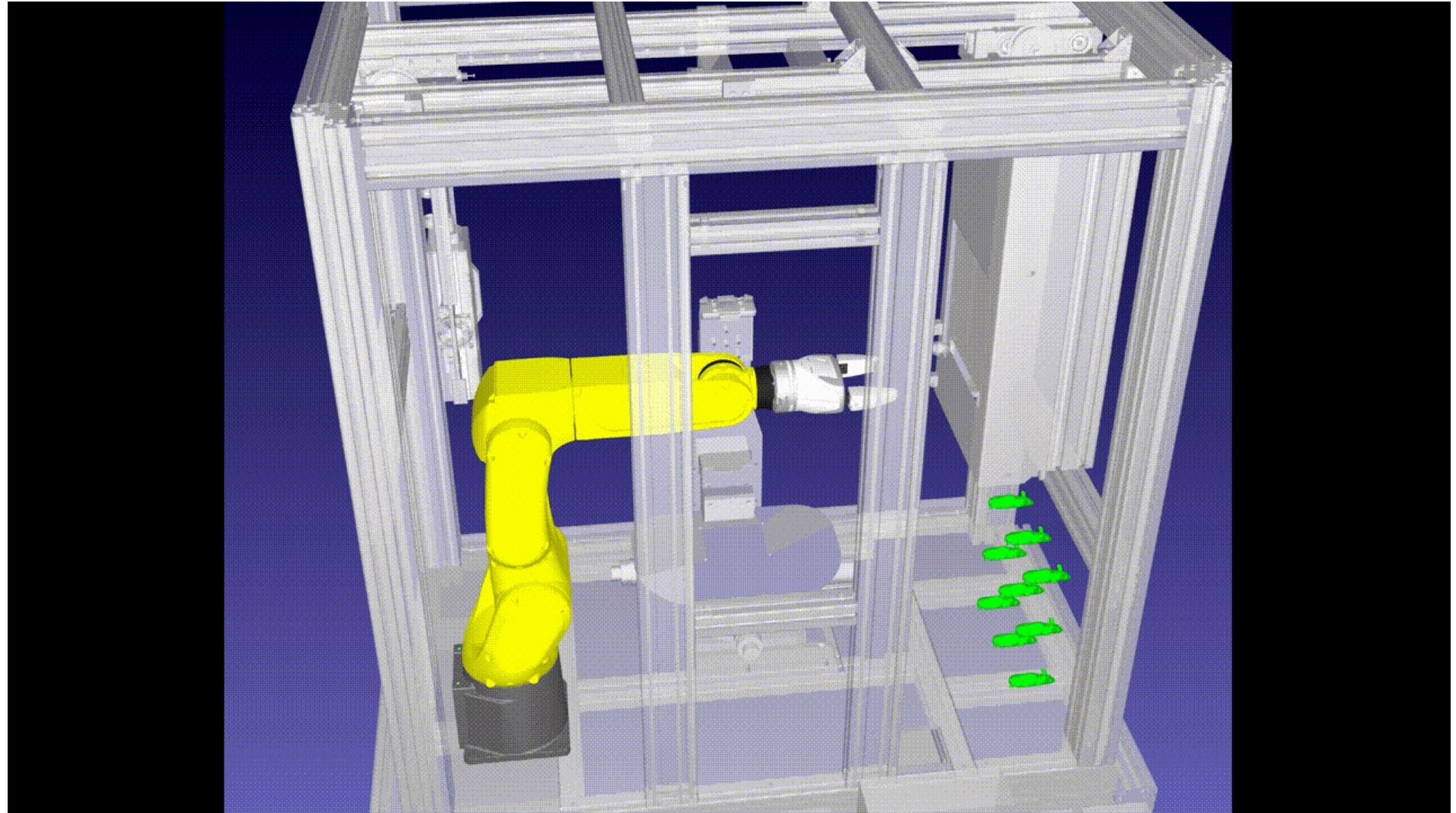
XStrahl SARRP Proton Platform



Pre-clinical Beamline End-station



Medical
Research
Council





Conclusions

- Need to work with biology and clinical communities on design requirements for ITRF
- WP3 works with STFC and CERN to use this expertise in ITRF
- Using expertise gained on actually designing and building a research room in a clinical facility