Single shot emittance diagnostic development for AWAKE Run 2c

Catherine Swain

15/11/2022



Motivation

- Emittance is an important characteristic which must be understood in each accelerator.
- Single shot, high resolution imaging methods must continue be developed as beam parameters improve.
- At AWAKE, the existing 18.5 MeV electron injector has an emittance of $2 5 \mu m$. The secondary injector will have an energy of 150 MeV, and an emittance of $2 \mu m_{[1]}$.
- Current emittance measurements are carried out using a spectrometer fixed in place after the plasma cell_[2].
- To improve diagnostics along the beamline, we have been working on **two styles of compact emittance monitors** which could be repositioned when needed.



- Optical pepperpots offer single shot emittance measurements in both planes simultaneously.
- Capable of masking out **space charge effects**[3].
- Traditionally use foil mask which sits in the beam before a scintillator screen_[4].
- MLA Micro Lens Array.
- MLA setup uses OTR generated by the screen, making this system less invasive_[5].
- Already works for single shot measurements, we're now improving the resolution.





















- Pinholes are a simple way to measure beam size, position, and emittance_[6].
- Traditional pinhole measurements use a thin metal plate in the beam before a screen_[7].
- To gain a full picture of emittance, the **pinhole must be scanned across the beam**.
- DMD Digital Micromirror Device.
- Again, DMD uses OTR and so is less invasive.
- Already high resolution, but we're currently exploring single shot capability.







C. Swain (cati stitute CI PGR





























Collimated

Diverging





Single pinhole scan

Multiple pinholes











- **Compact, high resolution, single shot emittance measurements** are an important development within diagnostics, especially for novel accelerators.
- Both systems currently being tested fulfil two of these criteria, and the current improvements being made will allow them to fulfil all three.
- These setups also offer less invasive methods than their traditional counterparts.
- There are plans in place to test both setups on **CLARA FEBE and SPARCLab**.





Thanks for listening, any questions?

[1] S. Doebert, (2022), AWAKE collaboration meeting
[2] J. Chappell, et. al., (2019), 10th Int. Particle Acc. Conf., pg 3742 - 3745
[3] O. Apsimon, et. al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res., vol. 943
[4] J. Pitters, et. al., (2019), Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res., vol. 922, pg 28-35
[5] F. G. Bisesto, et. al., (2018), Methods Phys. Res., vol. 909, pg 364 - 368
[6] Y. B. Leng, et. al., Beam based calibration of X-ray pinhole camera in SSRF
[7] K. R. Ye, et. al., (2013), IBIC2013, pg 539 - 542

