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## A wolf in sheep's clothing? Muon-induced magnetism in quantum spin ice

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Compounds of the form  $A_2X_2O_7$  with the pyrochlore structures can exhibit classical or quantum spin ice behaviour if the crystal field environment of the  $AO_8$  arrangement leads to the [111] easy-axis anisotropy. When Pr occupies the A-site, there is a low-lying electronic doublet and  $Pr_2X_2O_7$  compounds are found to be quantum spin ices<sup>1</sup>.  $Pr^{3+}$  is a non-Kramers ion and the presence of the muon can distort nearby  $PrO_8$  units and split the doublet ground states<sup>2</sup>, resulting in an enhancement of the Pr nuclear moment due to hyperfine coupling with the electronic moments<sup>3</sup>. We explore this effect using a theoretical model that takes account of the important interactions and compare our simulations with  $\mu$ SR data on samples of  $Pr_2X_2O_7$  ( $X = Sn, Hf, Zr$ ) and new experimental data on  $Pr_2ScTaO_7$ , a candidate system that simultaneously realises spin ice and charge ice structures.

References:

1. A. Princep, *Phys. Rev. B* **88**, 104421 (2013)
2. F. Foronda et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **114**, 017602 (2015)
3. B. Bleaney, *Physica* **69**, 317 (1973)

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