## Quiz on Transverse Beam Dynamics FFA School 2022

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## **℀TRIUMF**

What is(are) the fundamental assumption(s) that allowed us to use transfer matrices to describe the transverse motion of particles?

- That particles are not relativistic ( $v \ll c$ )
- 2 That particles are hyper relativistic ( $v \approx c$ )
- That transverse forces are linear
- That we worked in a non-inertial frame of reference

What is(are) the fundamental assumption(s) that allowed us to use transfer matrices to describe the transverse motion of particles?

- T/Wat/particles/are/not/relativistic/(1/kt/k)
- 2 That particles/are/hyper/relativistic/ (,1/ H/ Id)
- That transverse forces are linear

Let  $\mathbf{M}_F$  be the transfer matrix across an F (focusing) quadrupole, and  $\mathbf{M}_D$  be the transfer matrix across a D (defocusing) quadrupole, what is the transfer matrix of an FD doublet?

- $\textbf{0} \ \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{F}} + \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{D}}$
- $\textbf{2} \ \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{F}} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{D}}$
- $\textbf{3} \ \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{D}} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{F}}$
- $\textcircled{\ } \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{F}} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{D}} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{F}}^{\mathsf{T}}$

Let  $\mathbf{M}_F$  be the transfer matrix across an F (focusing) quadrupole, and  $\mathbf{M}_D$  be the transfer matrix across a D (defocusing) quadrupole, what is the transfer matrix of an FD doublet?

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- ② 1\11, // / / 1\11, b
- $\textbf{3} \ \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{D}} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{\mathsf{F}}$

Let  $\mathbf{M}_{A\to B}$  be the transfer matrix from point A to point B, what is the determinant of this matrix equal to:

**()** 1



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Let  $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$  be beam matrix of our beam: how do you calculate its RMS emittance?

- $\bullet \ \epsilon = \sqrt{|\Sigma|}$
- 2  $\sqrt{\epsilon} = |\Sigma|$
- 3  $\epsilon = |\Sigma|$
- $\bullet \quad \epsilon = 4|\mathbf{\Sigma}|$

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- $\bullet \ \epsilon = \sqrt{|\Sigma|}$
- ③ *€\*#/**\**∑**/**
- ④ *€*/#/A/\ZZ/

Under which of the following condition(s) is the normalized RMS emittance **not** conserved?

- When their is acceleration
- When transverse forces are linear
- When transverse forces are **not** linear
- When the beam distribution does not have elliptical symmetry

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- When transverse forces are not linear
- When the beam distribution does not have eviptical symmetry

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ P_x \\ y \\ P_y \\ \Delta t \\ -\Delta E \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ \frac{P_x}{P_0} \\ y \\ \frac{P_y}{P_0} \\ \Delta t \\ \frac{-\Delta E}{P_0} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \\ \Delta t * \beta_0 c \\ \frac{-\Delta E}{P_0} * \frac{1}{\beta_0 c} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \\ z \\ z' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \\ z \\ z' \end{pmatrix}$$

there are 15 conserved quantities (15 = n(2n-1), n = 3, symplectic conditions).