

# Cosmic Ray Neutron Sensors for IoT Soil Moisture Monitoring

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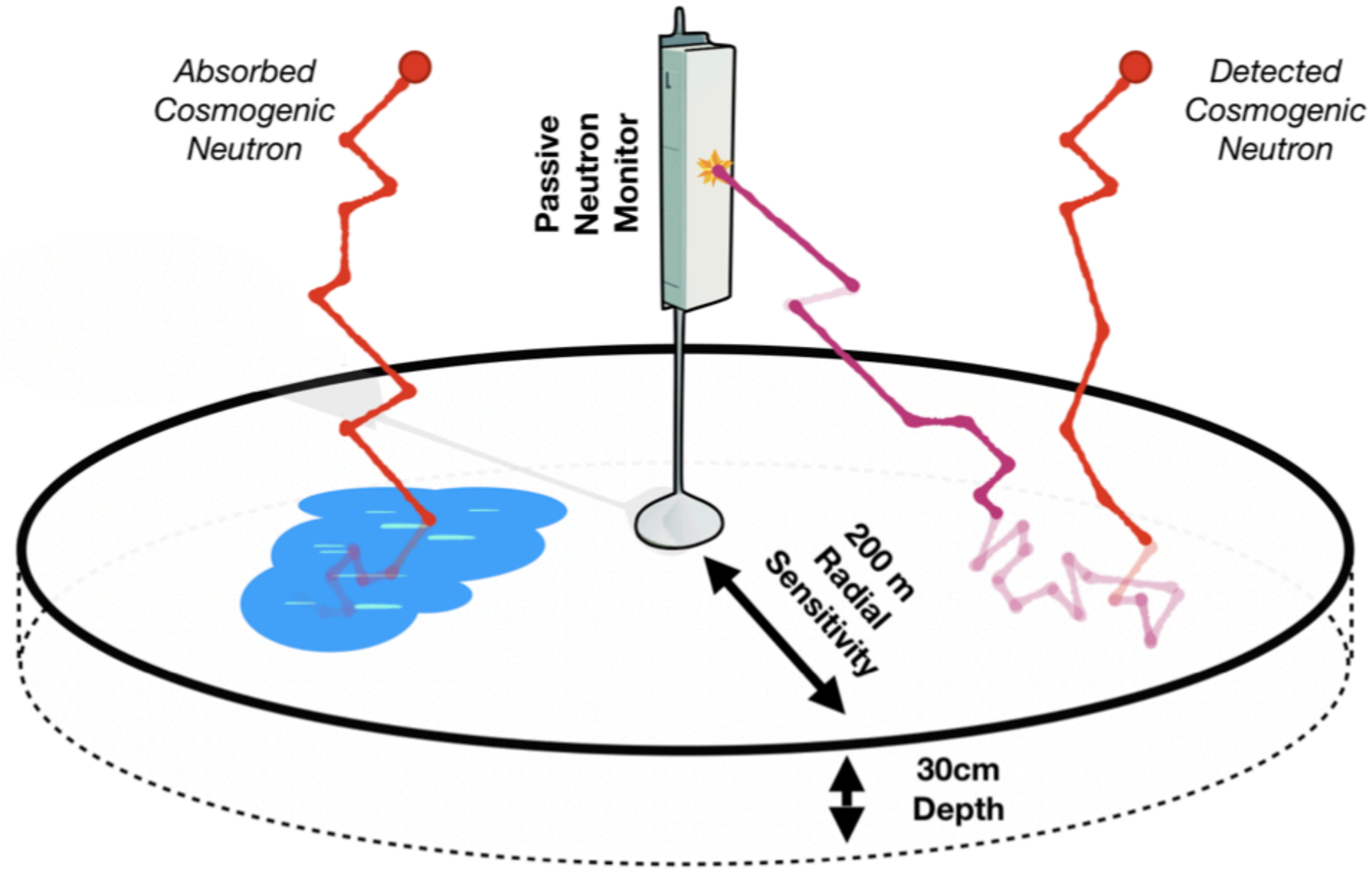
**HEPP & APP Annual Conference 2022**

3-6 April 2022, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory STFC, Oxfordshire, UK

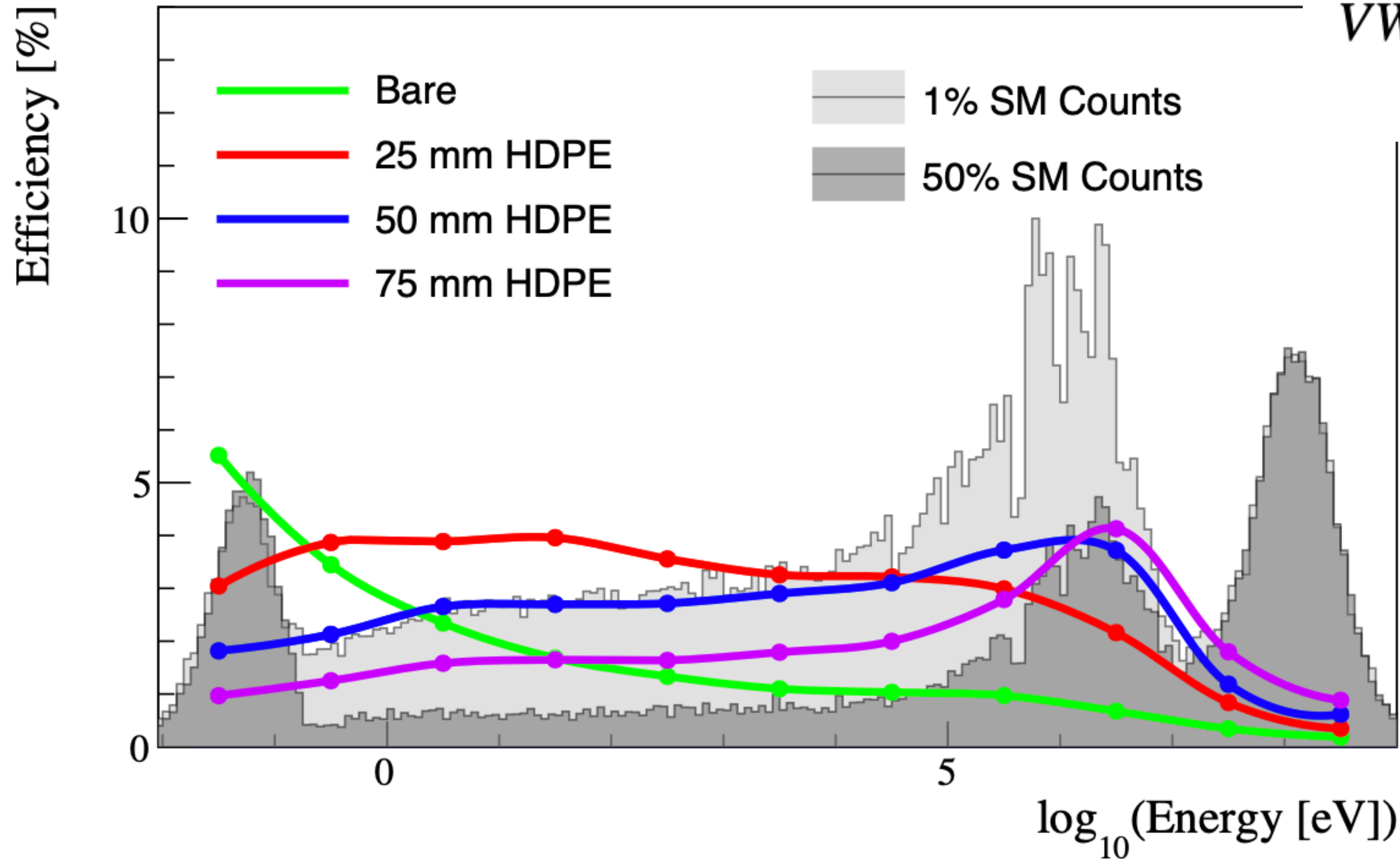


# Neutron Sensing

- Cosmic Ray Neutron Sensing is a well established technique for monitoring soils.
- **Inverse relationship between observed neutron rate and soil moisture.**
- Path length of neutrons in air means technique has a large sensitive footprint (~100-200m)



# Neutron Sensing (2)



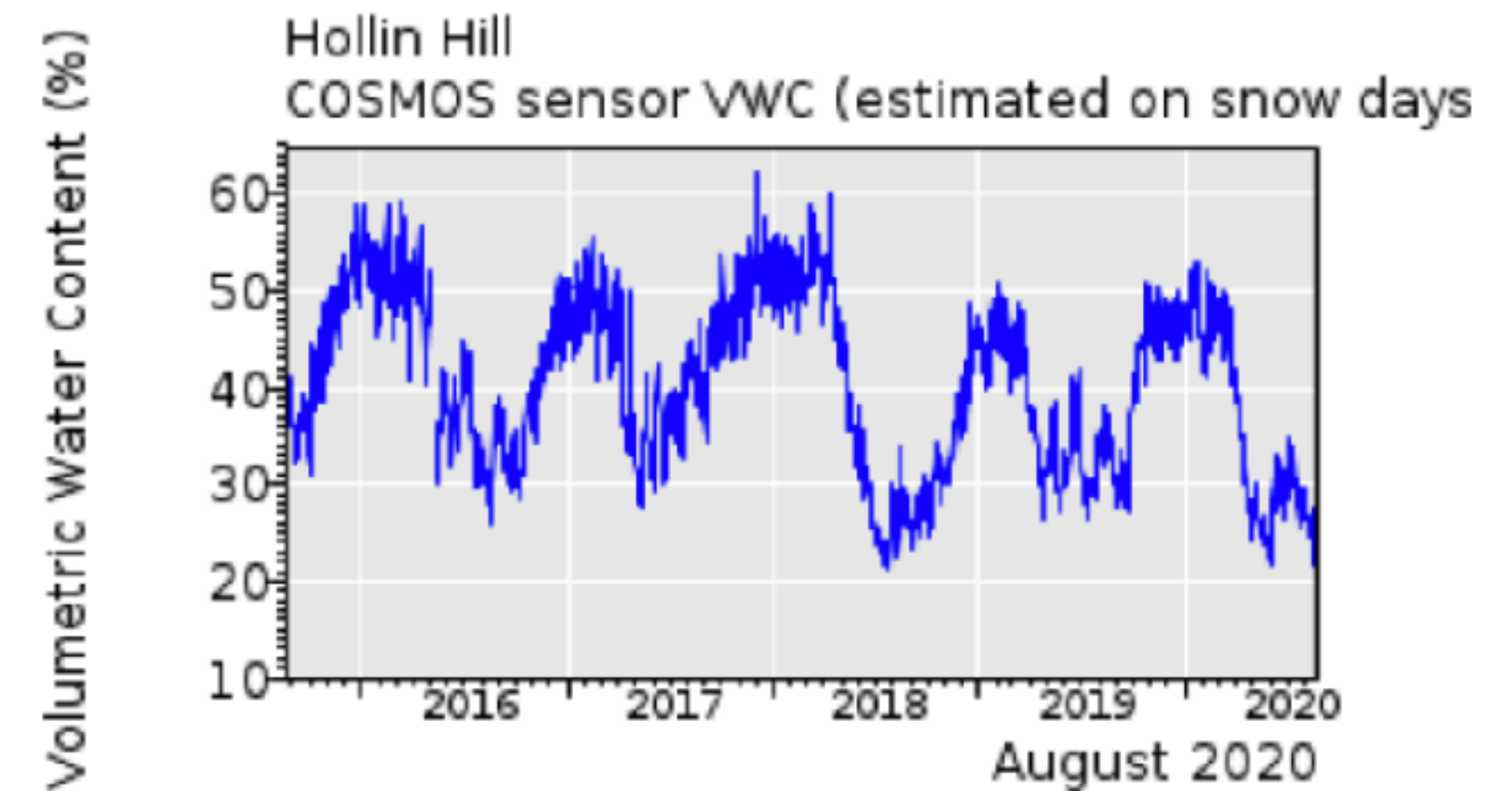
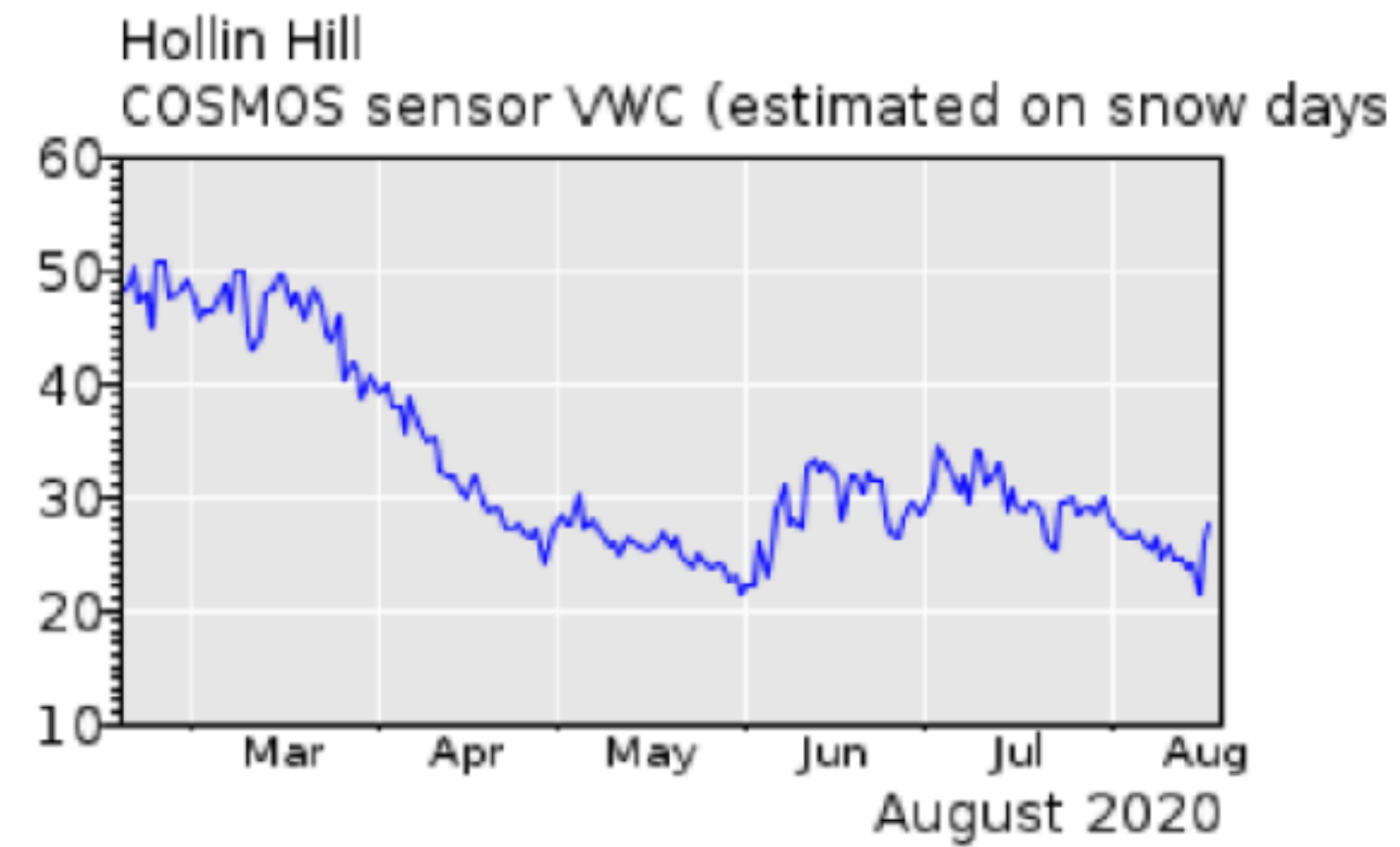
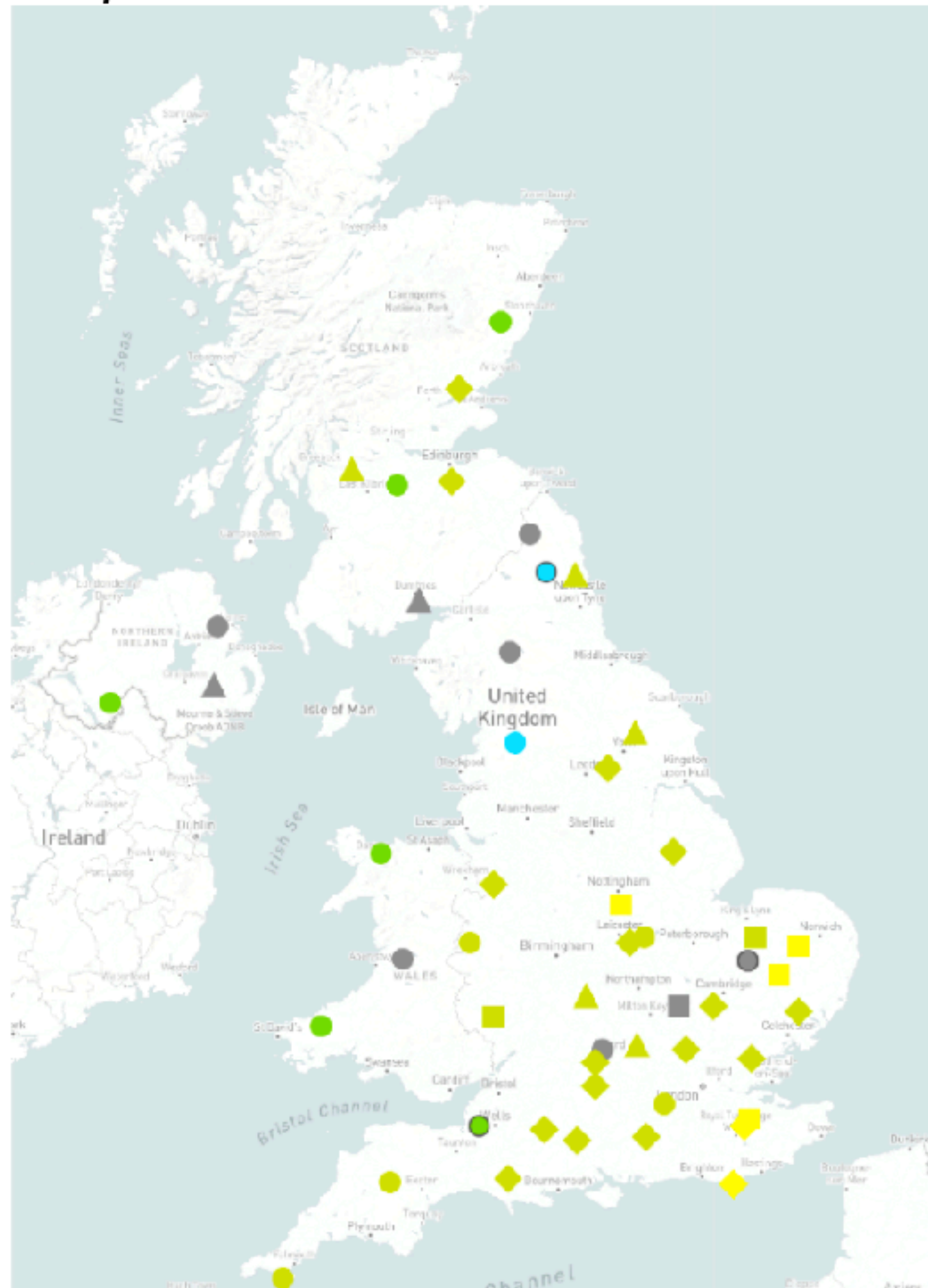
$$VWC \sim \left( \frac{0.0869}{f_p f_c \frac{N}{N_0} - 0.3720} - 0.1236 \right),$$

Epithermal neutron counts

- Neutron sensors optimised for the 0.1 eV - 10 MeV region suitable for monitoring soil moisture.
- Corrections for environment, and incoming cosmic ray intensity required.

<https://cosmos.ceh.ac.uk/data>

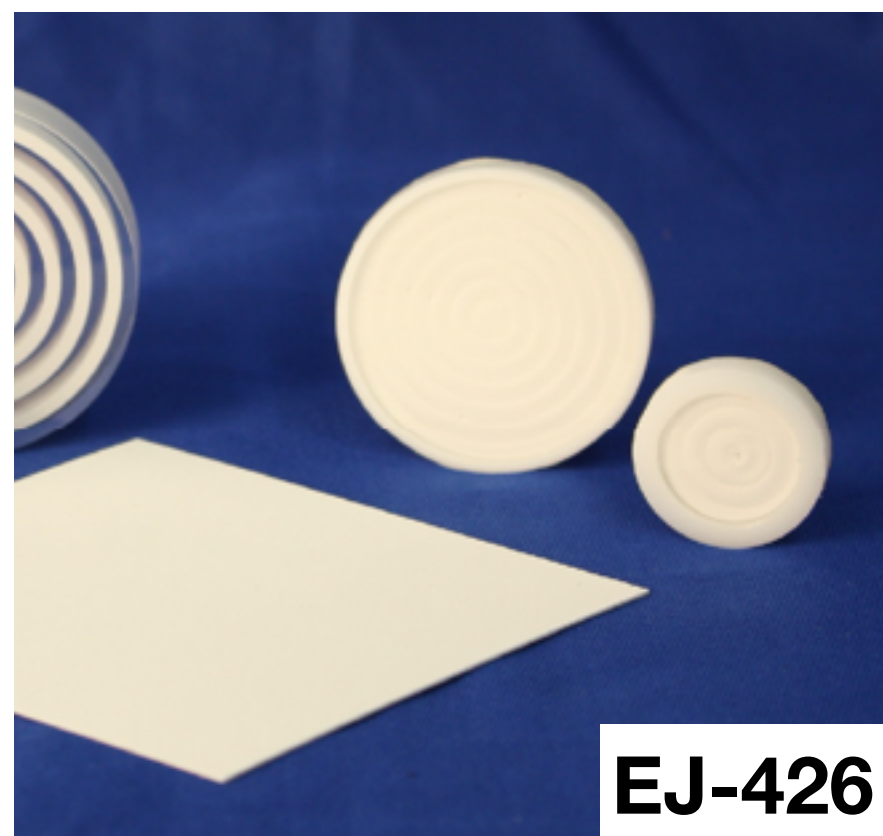
## Data obtained from the COSMOS-UK Data Portal



- Several CRNS networks already deployed to continuously monitor hydrology over many distributed sites (COSMOS, COSMOS-UK).
- Typically hourly neutron count measurements are made.

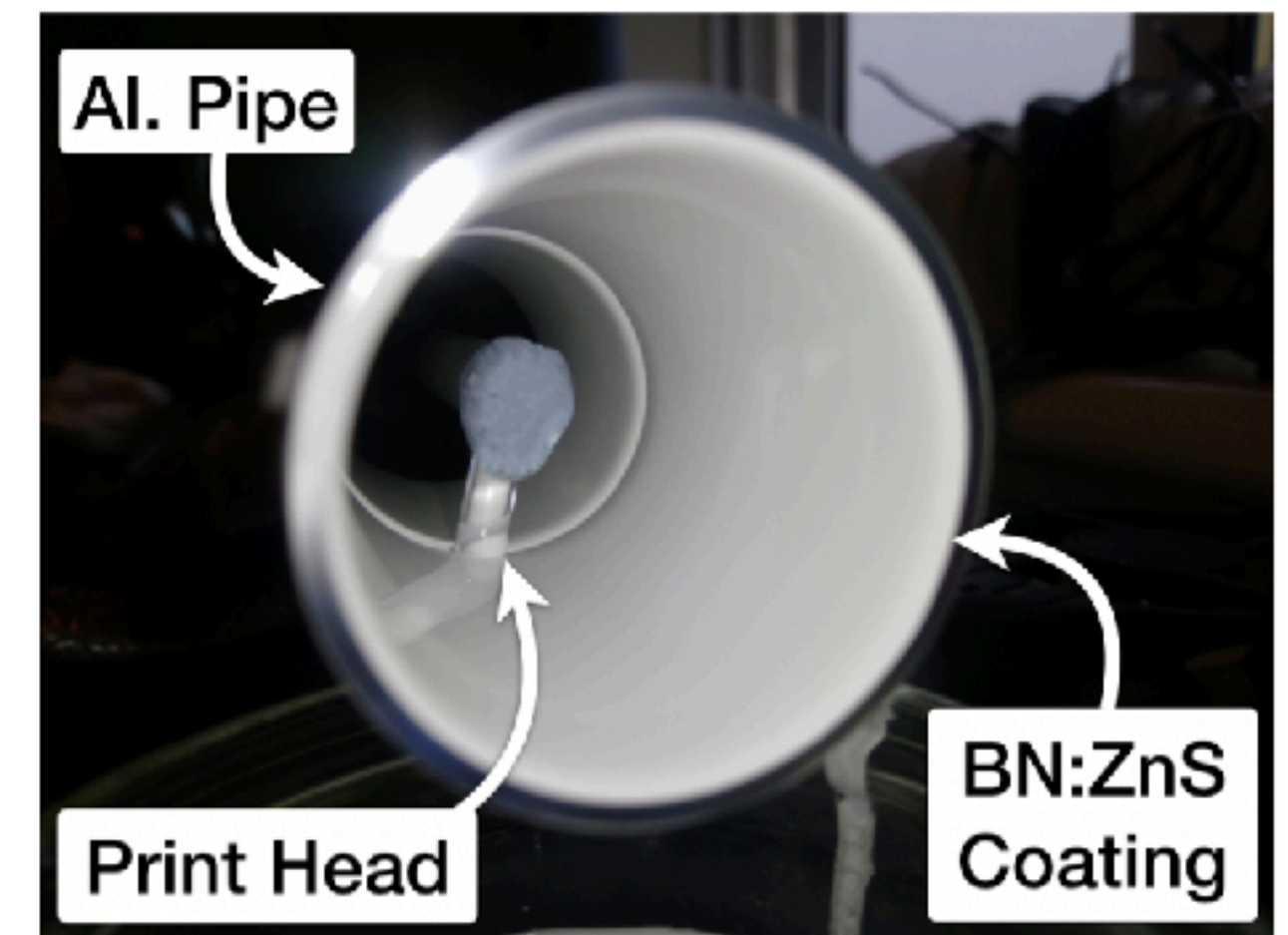
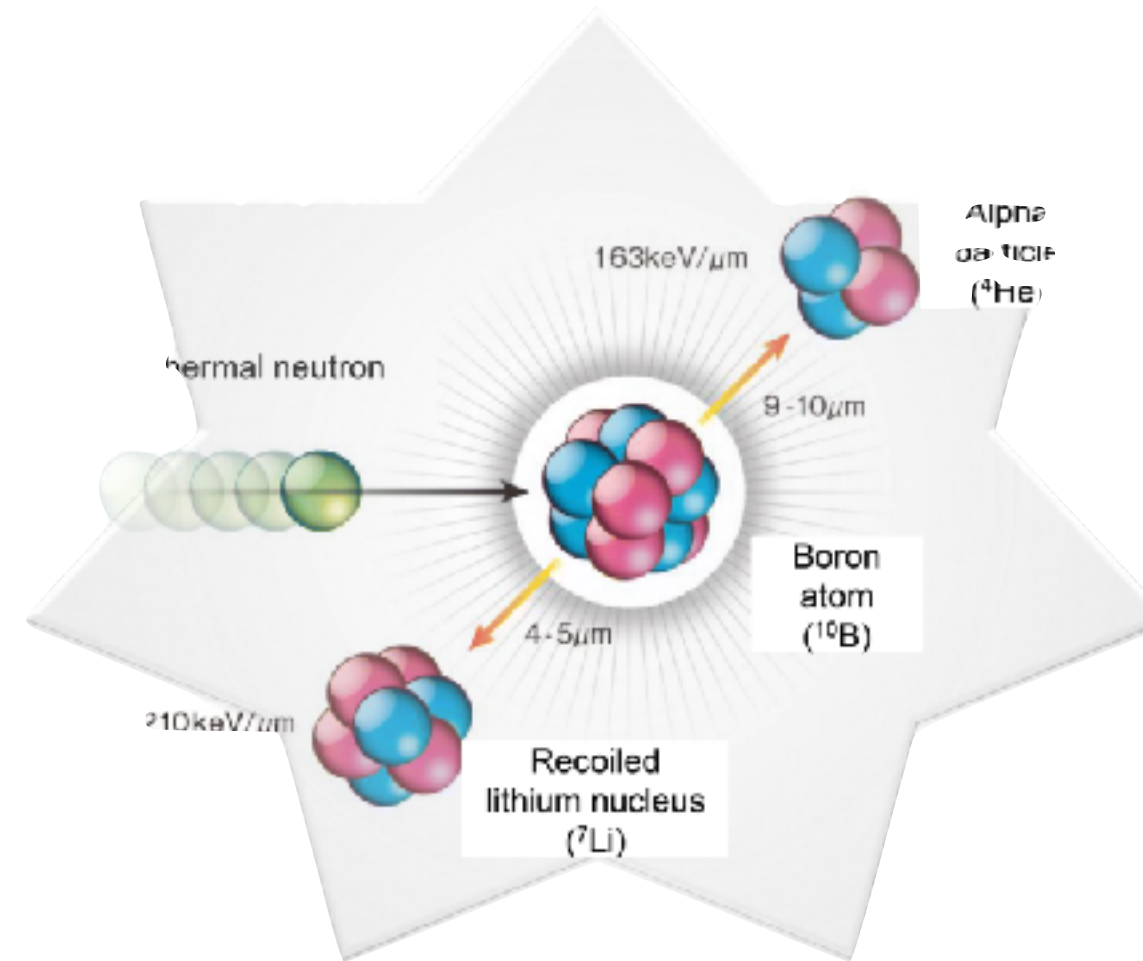
# Alternatives to Helium-3

- Most monitoring stations worldwide use Helium-3 (Expensive) or Boron-Trifluoride (Toxic) gas tubes for efficient neutron detection.
- 1851 research fellowship assessing the use of scintillating lithium or boron nitride foils for low cost neutron detection in the field.
- **Temperature stability, power consumption, and safety all need considering.**



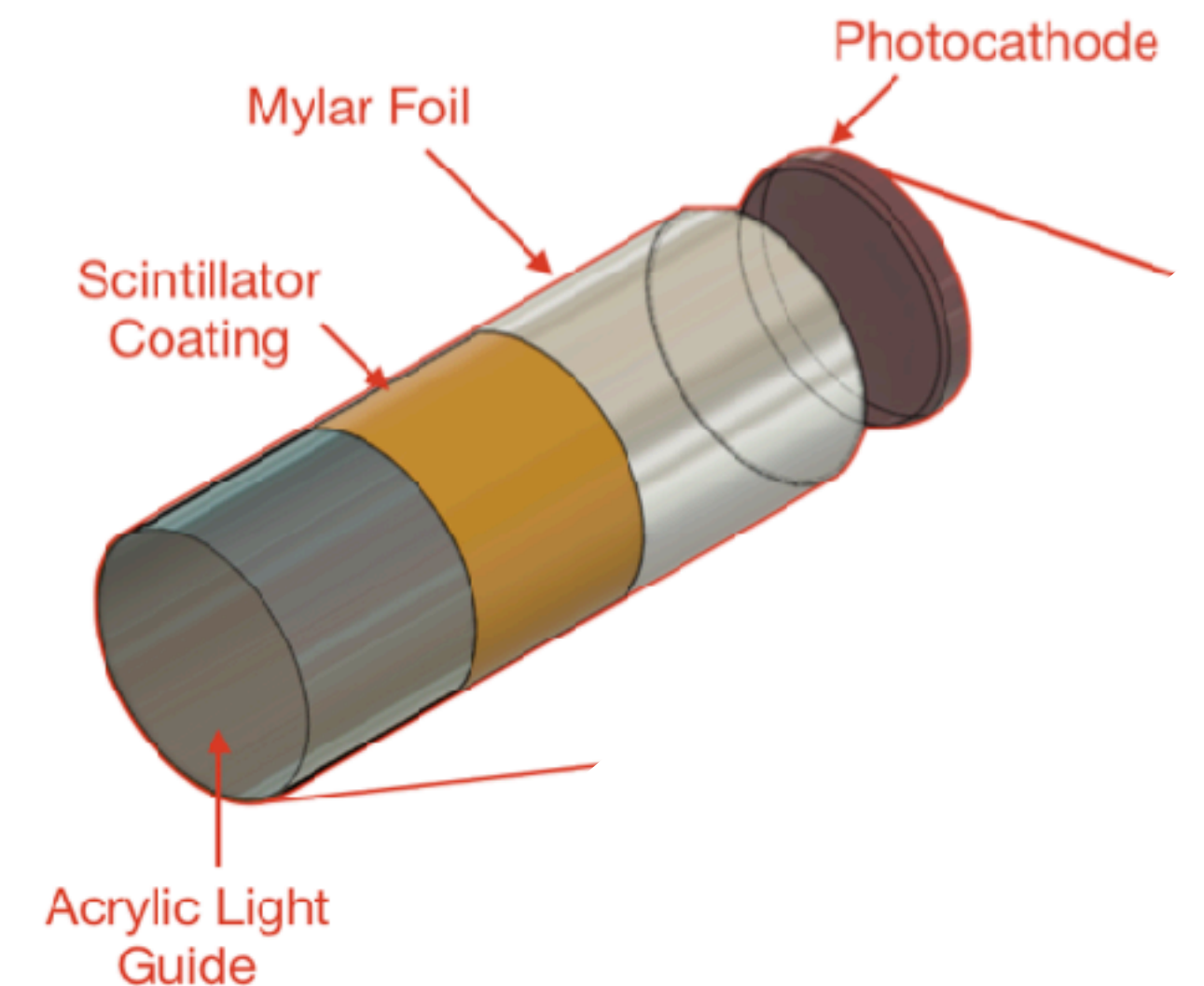
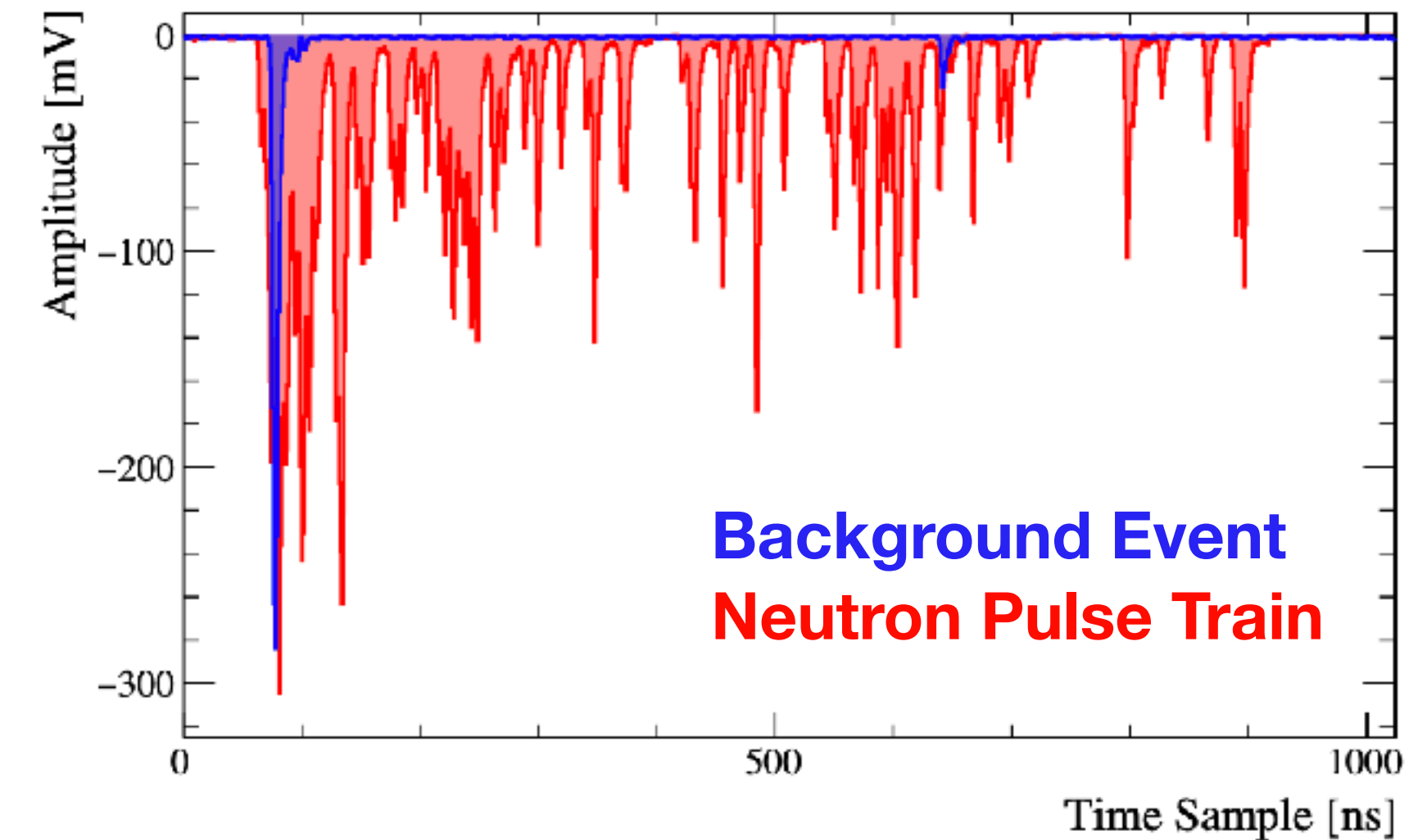
**3D Printing Neutron Detectors using Scintillating BN/ZnS Resin**

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# Thermal Neutron Foil Detectors

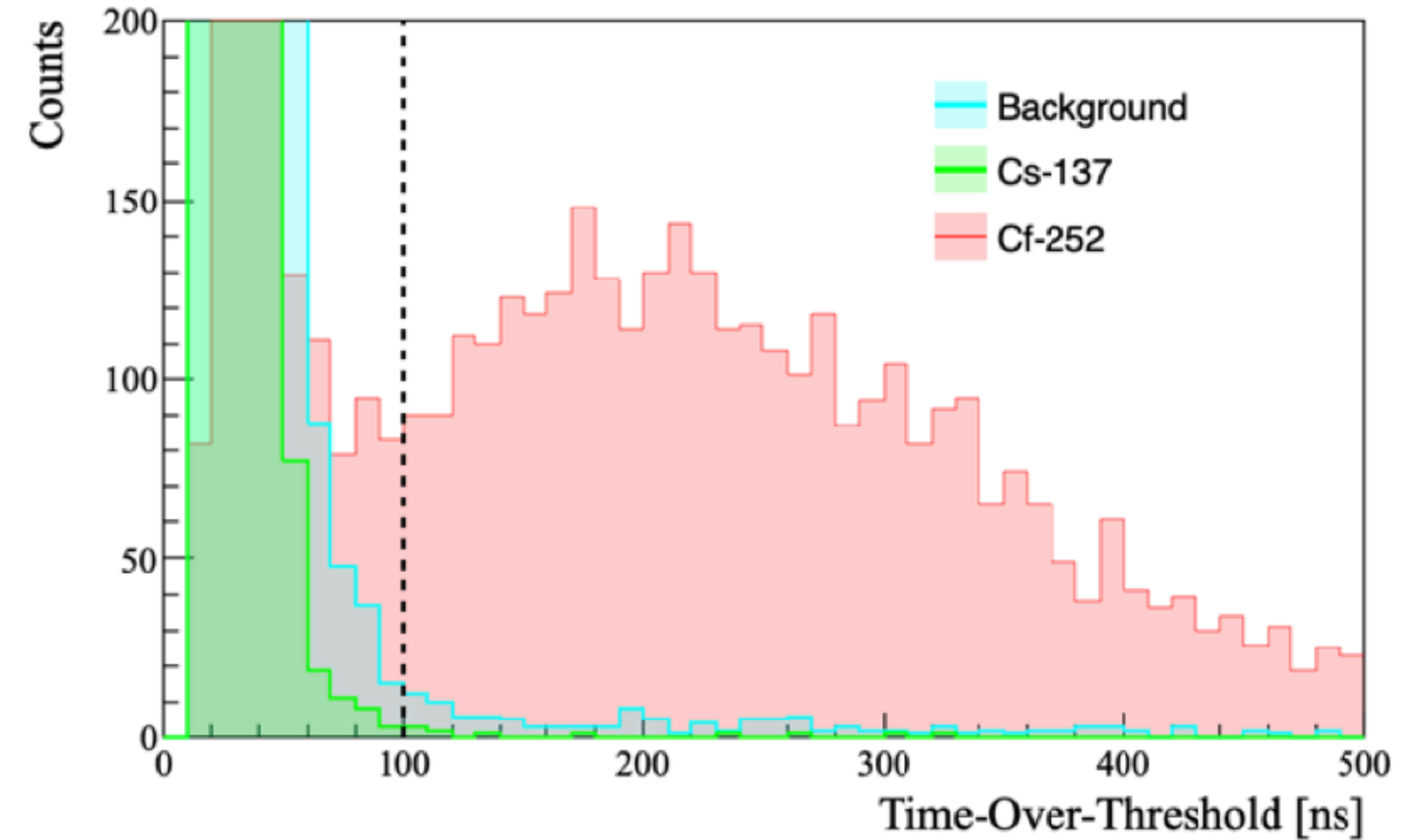
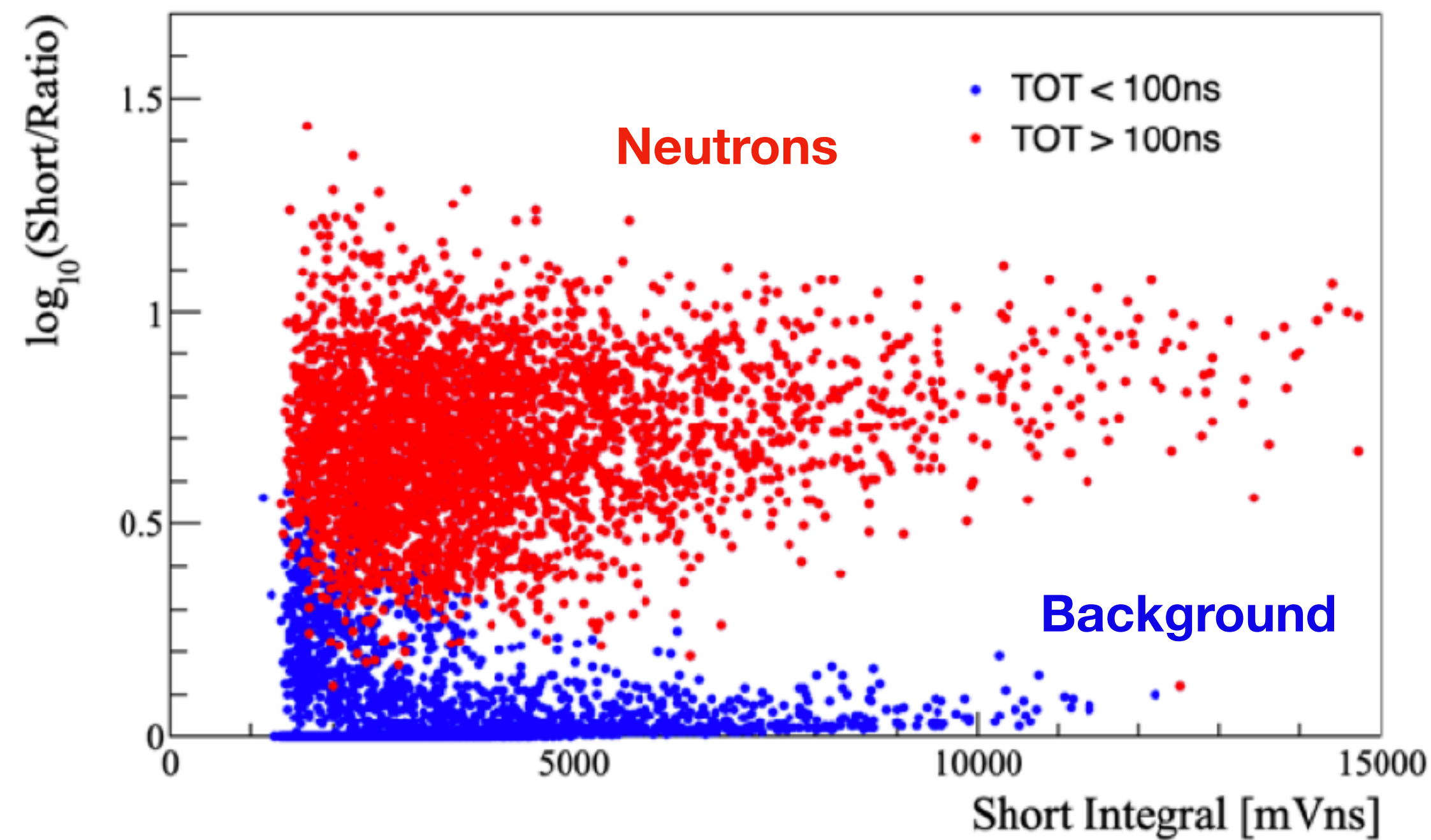
- Cylindrical design to allow for simple light tight enclosures and direct coupling to PMTs.
- First systems made of low cost acrylic light guides coupled to  $^6\text{LiF:ZnS}$  scintillator.
- Bright and long decay time of ZnS results in a ‘pulse train’ whenever a neutron interacts.
- Thin scintillator layers means gamma interactions produce much smaller energy deposition.



Scintillating thermal neutron detectors for cosmic ray soil moisture monitoring

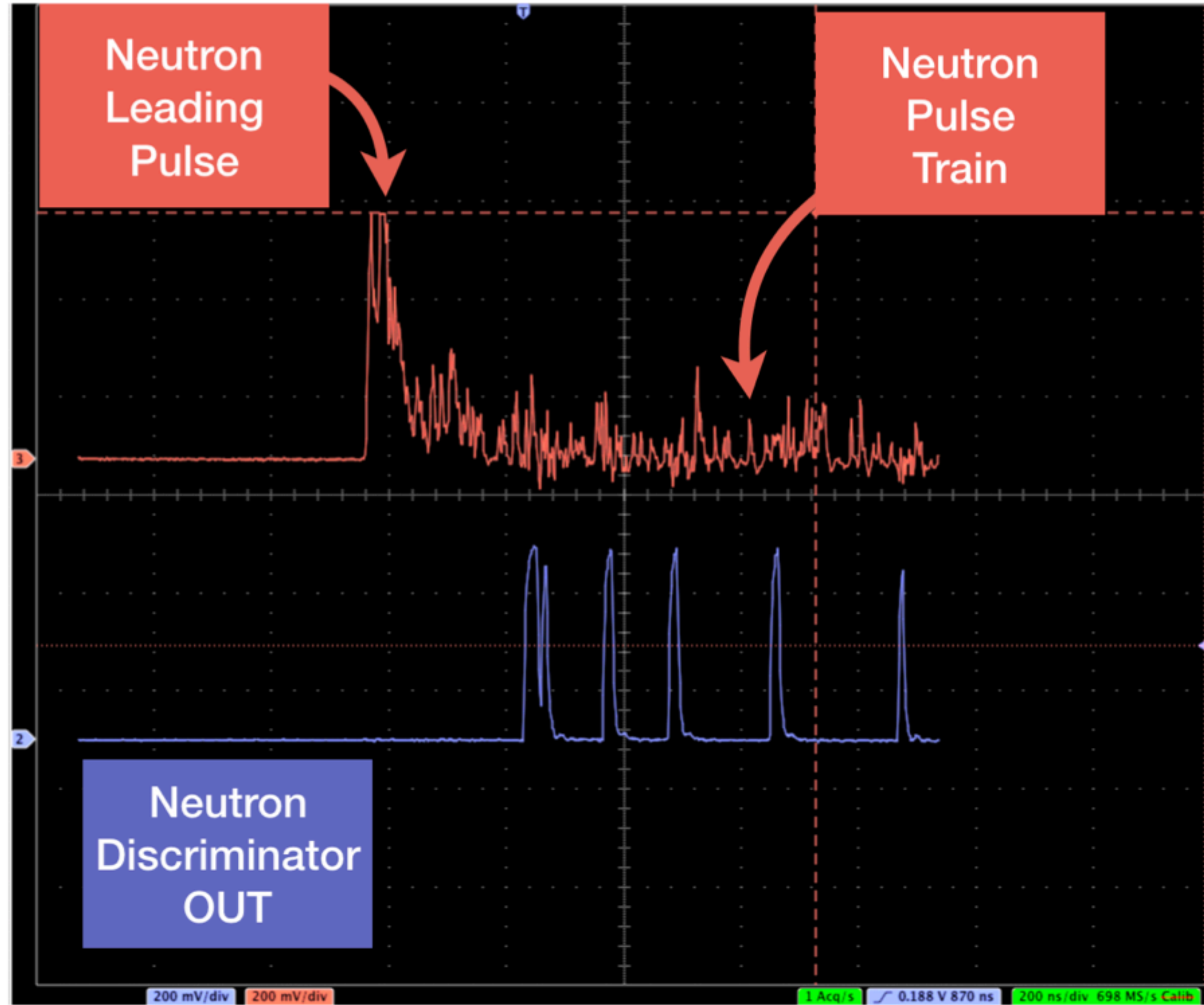
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# Pulse Shape Discrimination



- Developed discrimination algorithm using `Staged Time-over-Threshold` cuts.
- Counting ToT across the train allows triggering using single channel discriminator.

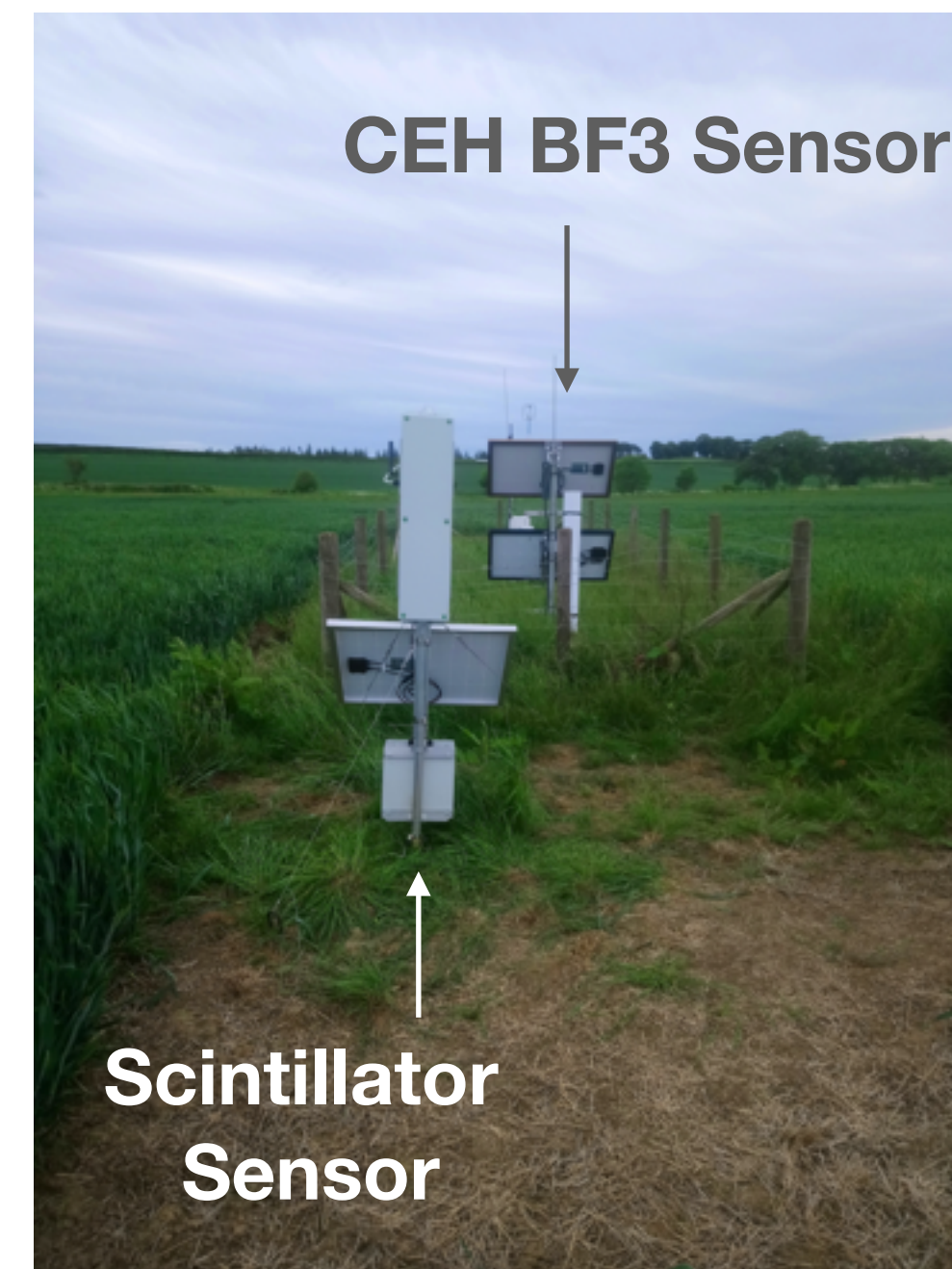
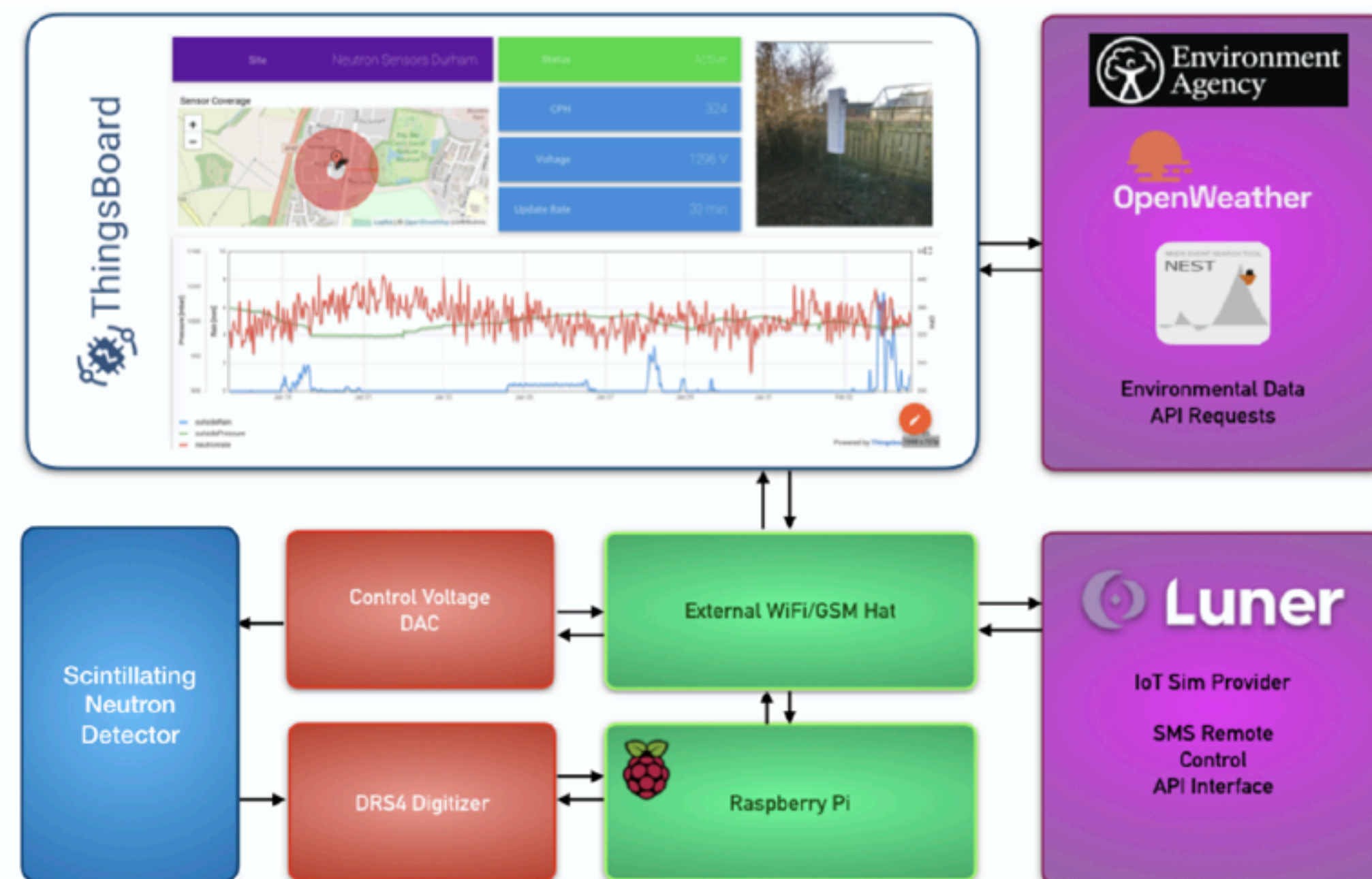
# V1 Detector



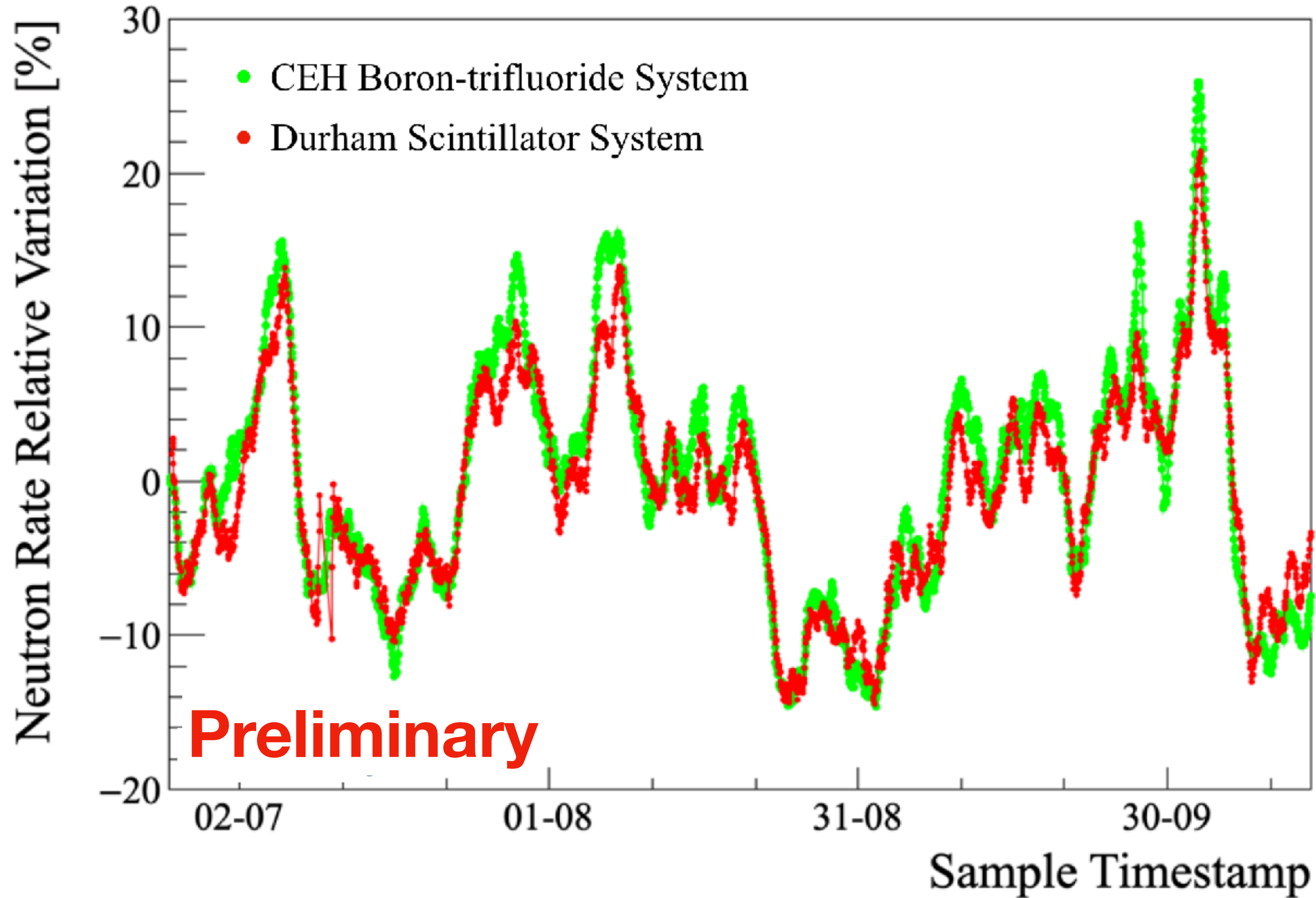


# Benchmarking Tests

- STFC Food Network+ Funding received to benchmark a LiF:ZnS neutron detector system at Newcastle Cockle Park farm.
- 3 month remote deployment next to a BF3 COSMOS-UK station.



# V1 Detector Results

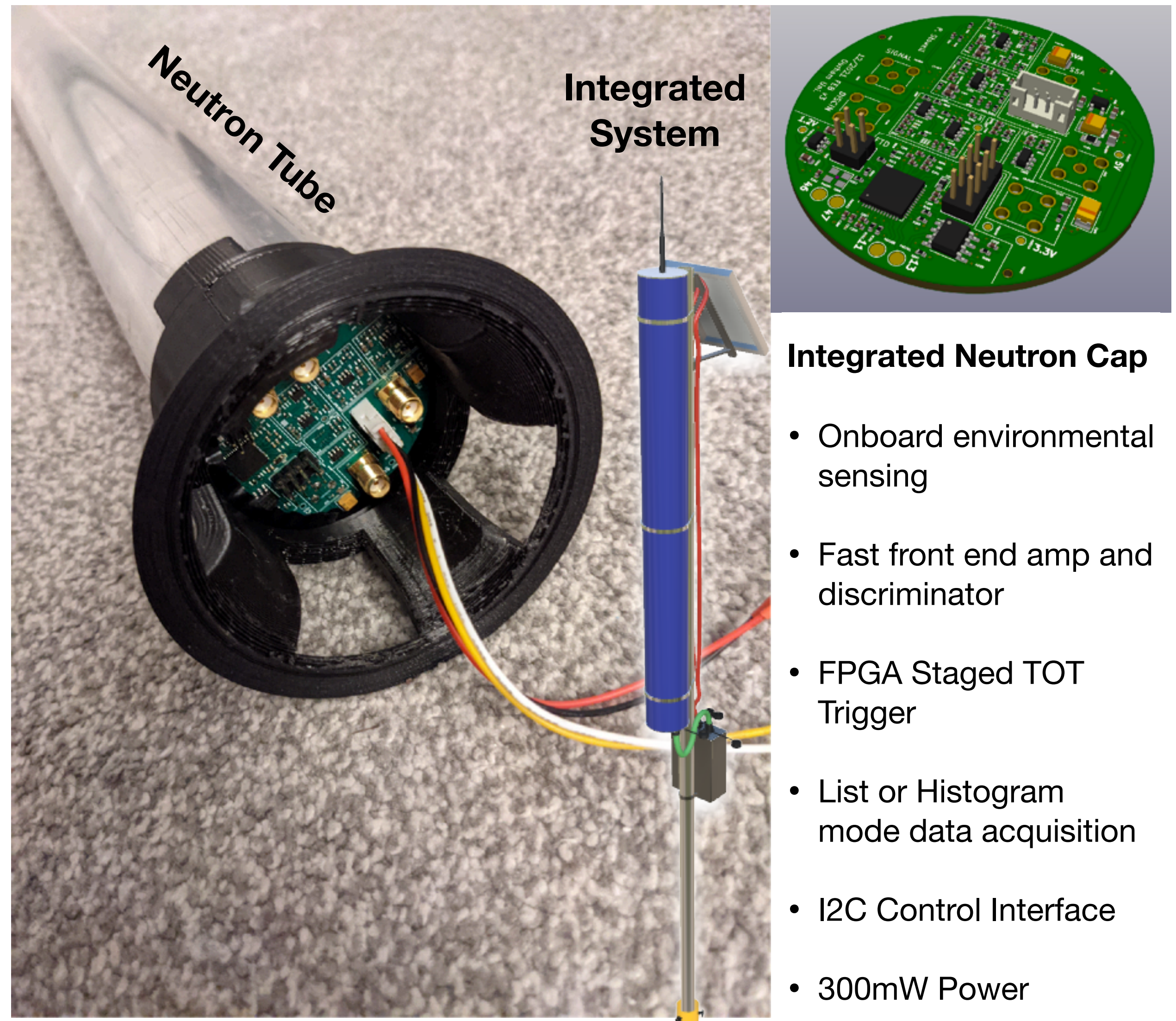


Acknowledgement: COSMOS-UK data owned by UK Centre for Ecology & Hydrology

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# Next Steps

- New robust neutron system has been developed at Durham that could be mass produced.
- Move to low cost non-toxic BN:ZnS scintillator composites for neutron detection.
- Improvements to light guide mounts and hermetic sealing of scintillator assembly.
- Development of a dedicated trigger and slow control PCB.

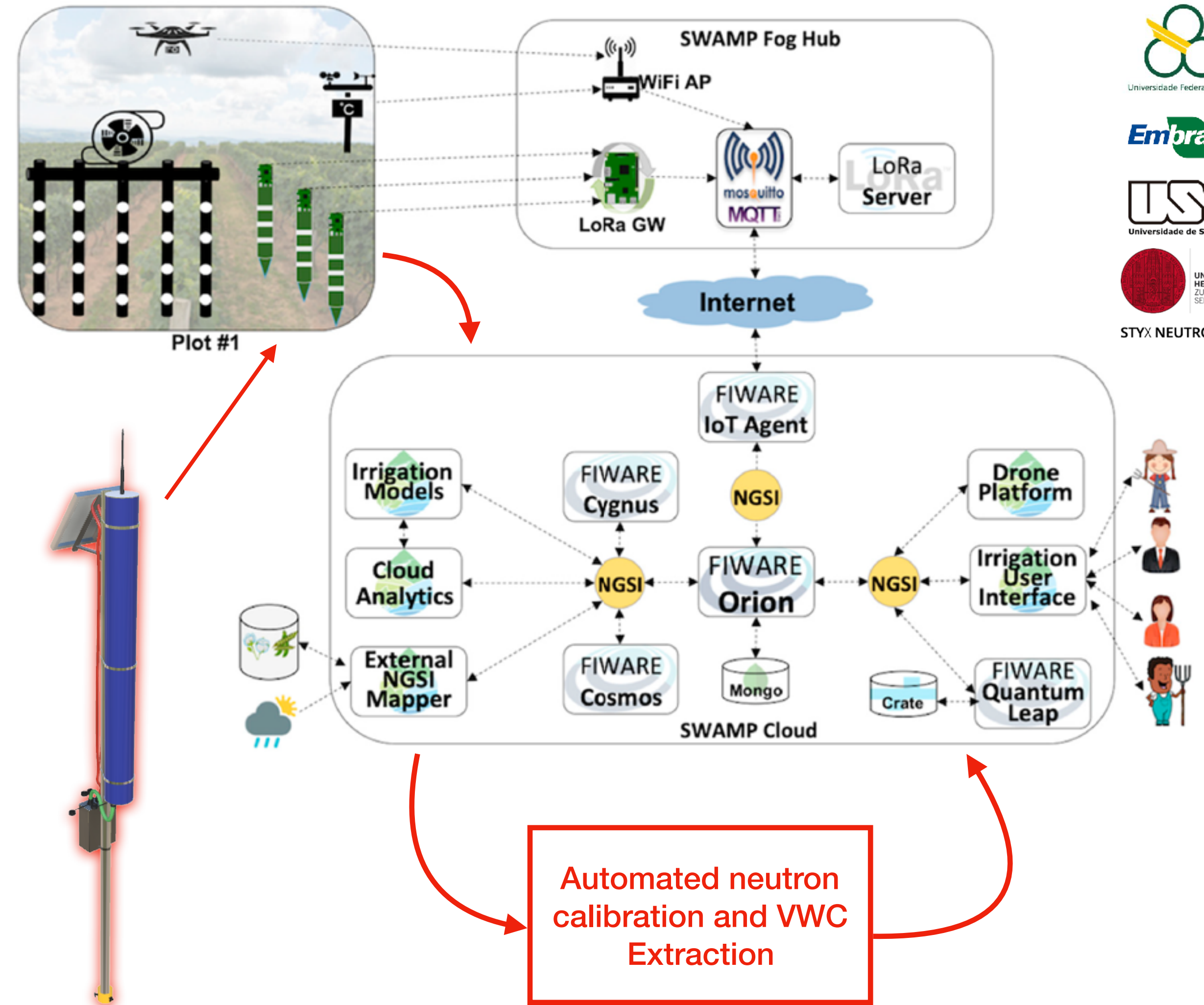


## Integrated Neutron Cap

- Onboard environmental sensing
- Fast front end amp and discriminator
- FPGA Staged TOT Trigger
- List or Histogram mode data acquisition
- I2C Control Interface
- 300mW Power

# COSMIC-SWAMP

- Low cost neutron sensors opens up complex remote sensing techniques for precision agriculture.
- “COSMIC-SWAMP” NERC network looking at integration of cosmic ray sensors with machine-learning powered irrigation systems.
- Automatic calibration of field neutron measurements, combining local weather data and measurements from the online neutron monitor database.



# Conclusions

- Inverse relationship between observed neutron rate and soil hydrogen can be used to measure local soil moisture across large areas.
- Scintillator neutron detectors a viable solution for measuring epithermal neutrons in the field.
- To support adoption of the CRNS technique by COSMIC-SWAMP network is developing hardware/software solutions to automatically process raw counting data from IoT neutron sensors in the field.



**Interested in how your research could be used in the agri-tech industry?  
Come speak to me after the talk!**

<https://www.stfcfoodnetwork.org>