

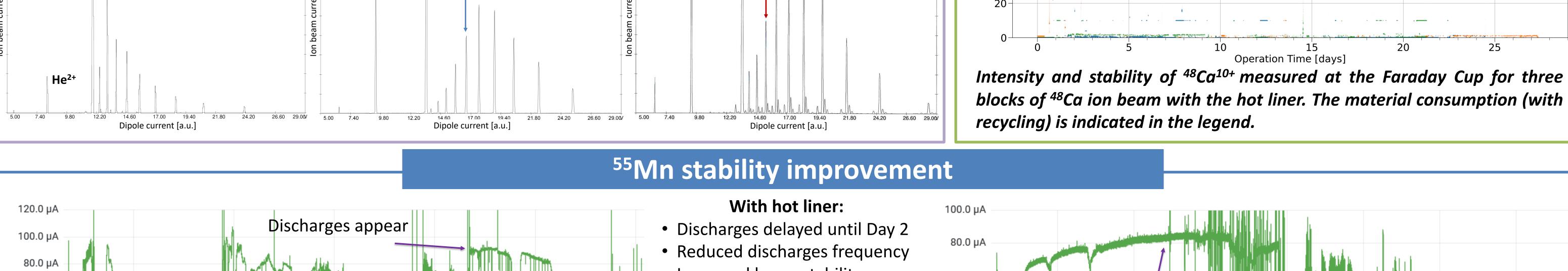
### Hot Liner for the Production of Metallic Ion Beams at GSI

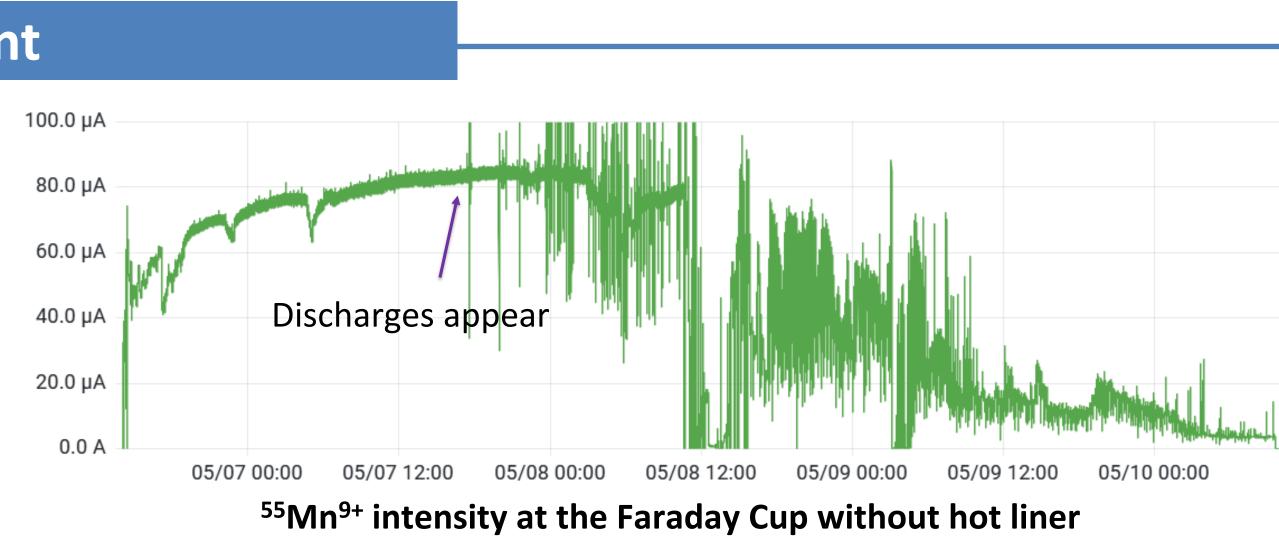


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ABSTRACT: At GSI, the CAPRICE ECR Ion Source (ECRIS), installed at the High Charge State Injector (HLI), delivers continuous-wave (CW) metallic ion beams for studies and experiments carried out by nuclear physics, materials research, and superheavy elements groups. To meet the demand for ions from metals and solid compounds, thermal evaporation via resistively heated ovens is employed. The use of a hot tantalum liner, inserted into the ionization chamber, has been validated for the efficient production of high charge state ion beams from rare isotopes—such as <sup>48</sup>Ca—with high intensity and low material consumption. Recent results from the latest beam run demonstrate increased beam intensity stability and reduced material consumption. Furthermore, the hot liner helps mitigate metallic buildup on ceramic surfaces, enabling stable operation at high intensities with minimal disruptions. Results from operations with 52Cr and 55Mn confirm the effectiveness of the hot liner in enhancing operational stability.

#### **Hot Liner Evaporation technique for metallic ion beams** Ta Injection cap Ta Extraction cap **Standard Temperature Oven** (STO) Extraction aperture 1 mm pin for Chamber first Ta Liner (thickness 0.1 mm, length 165 mm, Ø 62 mm) (Ø 10 mm) gap to plasma stage aperture chamber Ta liners after operation with different metallic elements **STO OPERATING PARAMETERS** INSULATOR • Power: 2-120 W Temperature: 400 -1550 °C <sup>48</sup>Ca<sup>10+</sup> ion production - beam time 2025 <sup>52</sup>Cr (3 days) <sup>55</sup>Mn (3 days) <sup>48</sup>Ca (23 days) Run 1 <sup>48</sup>Ca (27 days) Run 2 <sup>48</sup>Ca (21 days) Run 3 Run 3 17.06-06.07 (0.34 mg/h) **ECRIS @ TESTBENCH ECRIS @ TESTBENCH ECRIS @ INJECTOR ECRIS @ INJECTOR ECRIS @ INJECTOR** 120 Charge state distributions of 48Ca, 55Mn and 52Cr measured with hot liner 200 μΑ He<sup>2+</sup> He<sup>2+</sup> Spectrum of <sup>52</sup>Cr Spectrum of <sup>48</sup>Ca Spectrum of <sup>55</sup>Mn He<sup>+</sup> 50 μA <sup>52</sup>Cr<sup>10+</sup> 120 μA <sup>48</sup>Ca<sup>10+</sup> 80 μA <sup>55</sup>Mn<sup>9+</sup>





Operation Time [days]

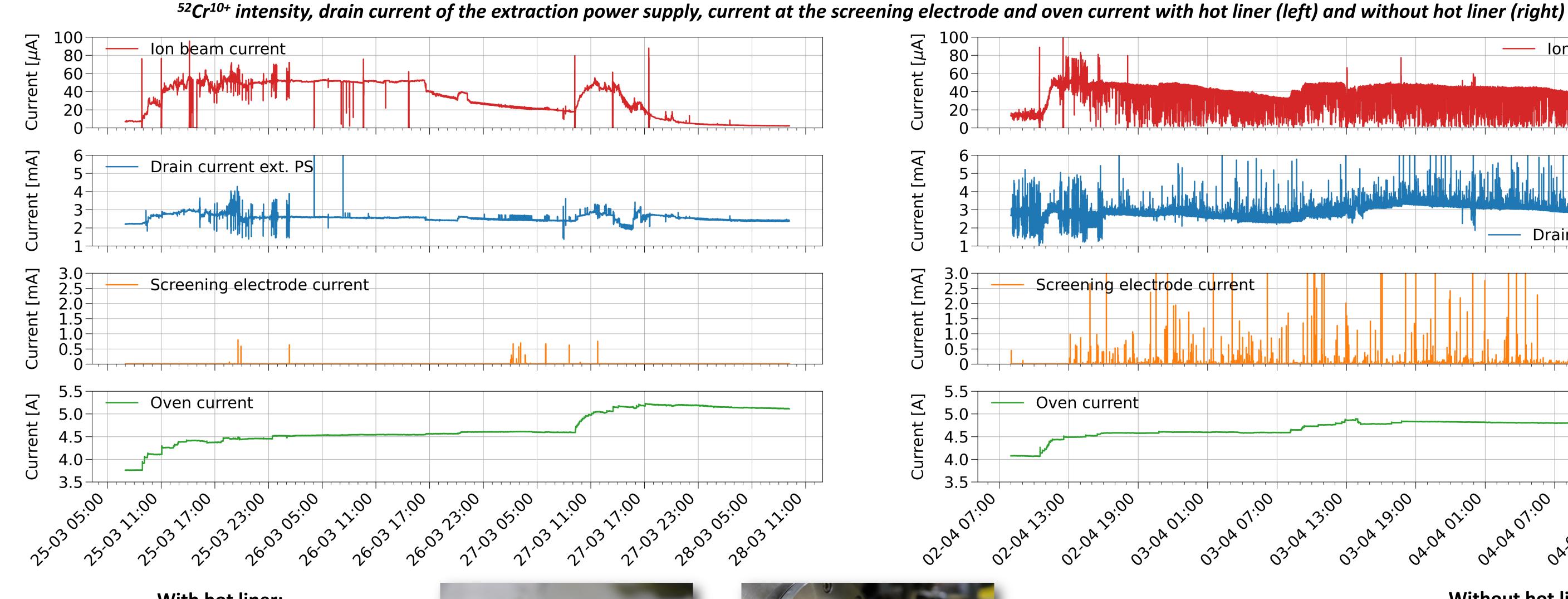
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### 60.0 µA 40.0 μΑ 20.0 μΑ 0.0 A 05/23 00:00 05/24 00:00 <sup>55</sup>Mn<sup>9+</sup> intensity at the Faraday Cup with hot liner

Without hot liner:

- Improved beam stability No visible traces on ceramic
- isolator
- Discharges started on Day 1
- Once every few minutes
- Affected beam stability

### <sup>52</sup>Cr performance improvement

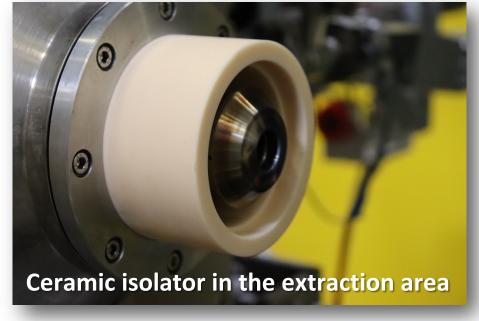


## Ion beam current Drain current ext. PS Screening electrode current Curren 1.5 1.0 0.5 Current [A] Oven current

### With hot liner:

- No discharges measured at the screening and at the extraction power supplies.
- Improved beam stability
- No visible traces on the ceramic isolator





# **Chromium traces**

52Cr - Ceramic isolator after ECXIS

operation without hot liner

#### Without hot liner: Discharges fast build-up

- Screening and extraction power supplies affected
- Ion beam unstable
- 52Cr traces and spots on ceramic isolator